NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXX. No. 22055. 報西林字 SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1½ cents; abroad 15 cents) TEN CENTS

NOTIFICATION No. 5072

ANNUAL MEETING OF RATEPAYERS

Resolutions

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following Resolutions will be brought forward at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers to be held in the Grand Theatre, on Wednesday, April 19, 1939, at 2.30 p.m.

Resolutions I, II and III.—Appointment of Chairman and Secretary and Adoption of Rules of Procedure.

Resolution IV.—Election of a Land Commissioner for the ensuing year.

Proposer: Mr. H. S. POULSEN.
Seconder: Mr. E. TROCK.

That Mr. Erik Crone be elected a Land Commissioner for the ensuing year.

Resolution V.—Election of four Governors of the General Hospital for the ensuing year.

That Messrs. A. C. Cornish and G. A. Haley and Drs. T. B. Dunn and W. S. Parsons be elected to serve on the Board of Governors of the Shanghai General Hospital for the ensuing year.

Resolution VI.—That the Report and Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1938, be passed.

Resolution VII.—That the estimated expenditure for the year 1939 contained in the Budget proposed by the retiring Council together with the recommendations attached thereto be approved and adopted and that the Council be hereby authorized to impose collect and recover the rates taxes dues and fees recommended therein and to raise should it be considered expedient to do so upon such terms and in such manner as the Council may in its discretion think fit a sum not exceeding $12,000,000 or the equivalent thereof for the purpose defined in the estimate of Extraordinary Expenditure.

Ratepayers intending to ask questions in regard to the Accounts or other matters connected with the foregoing Resolutions are requested to give notice of such intention at least 24 hours before the meeting.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, April 16, 1939.

NOTIFICATION No. 5081

ANNUAL MEETING OF RATEPAYERS

Resolutions

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on addition to the Resolutions to be brought forward, as published in Notification No. 5072, the following will be proposed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 19:—

Resolution VIII.—That the Secretary be instructed to convey to the Chairman and Members of the Special Committee of Business Men an expression of thanks and appreciation for their most valuable services to the Council in connection with their Report on Municipal Staff Exchange Adjustments and Bonuses.

Proposer: Mr. ROBERT L. STEWART.
Seconder: Mr. R. D. CHISOLM.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, April 11, 1939.
12162

NOTIFICATION No. 5077

VOTING TICKETS

Notice is hereby given that voting tickets will be forwarded by post on Monday, April 17, to ratepayers entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers to be held on April 19. Ratepayers who have not received their tickets by 2 p.m. on Tuesday, April 18, at the latest, are requested to communicate with the Deputy Treasurer-Revenue, No. 209 Kiangse Road, Tel. No. 12810-ext. 27.

By Order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, April 13, 1939.
12189

DR. D. J. COLLINS
has returned from Hongkong and resumed practice.
-4912

EXHIBITION
of paintings and wood-blockprints
of
PIETER IRWIN BROWN
Cathay Hotel, 8th Floor
April 16-21, Hours: 10-5 p.m.
-4911

Change of Address, etc.

W. J. Mockett
Belmont House
16 Kelmscott Gardens
Avenue du Roi Albert
Telephone 72178

Major and Mrs. J. S. EYNON
From Palace Hotel to
106 Amherst Avenue
Telephone 22294
-4900

GIRL GUIDES' ASSOCIATION HEADQUARTERS
removed to:
34 Museum Road
1st Floor
as from April 15, 1939.
12174

To-day's Events

APRIL

18 A.W.C. Musical Prog. Dupont, 4.45
18 Lester Chinese Hospital, Annual Meeting of Subscribers, 5.30
18 A.D.C. 'Room for Two,' Lyc., 9.15
18 Great Northern Telegraph Co. opened, Shanghai (1871)
18 Government removed from Peking to Nanking (1927)

Coming Events

APRIL

19 Koschevsky's pictures and sculptures, 55 Yuen Ming Yuen Road
19 Corps Sergeants Mess, S.V.C., Whist Drive, 8
19 British Scouts Association Members' Social, B.F.R.C., 8
19 Violin-Recital by Prof. Wittenberg, American Women's Club, 9
19 A.D.C. 'Room for Two.' Lyc., 9.15
20 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
20 B.U.S.C., 'Chemical Therapy,' by L.H. Barton, Esq., 114 Peking Rd., 6
20 B.U.S.C. 'Jane Austin,' by Mrs. J. M. Whittington, 521/14 Ave. Haig, 5.15
20 Concert, Community Church, 9
20 A.D.C. 'Room for Two,' Lyc., 9.15
21 Dramatic Entertainment by P.T.H.S. for Girls
21 University of Michigan Alumni Club annual dinner, Winter Garden, 8
21 St. George's Ball, C.S.F., 9.30
22 St. George's Children's Party, Country Club, 4
22 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
22 A.D.C. 'Room for Two,' Lyceum, 2
22 A.D.C. 'Room for Two,' Lyc., 9.15
23 Municipal Orchestra Symphony Concert, Lyceum, 5.15
23 'Svengali,' (Trilby), Lyc. Theatre, 9
24 Junior Reel Club, Open Afternoon, 6
24 Signals Coy., S.V.C., Annual Dinner and Dance, 7.30
25 Anzac. Day Memorial Ceremony at Cenotaph, 8.30 a.m.
25 A.W.C. Bridge and Mahjongg, 3
25 Australian & New Zealand Society's dinner, 8.30
26 Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd., Annual Meeting at 11.30 a.m.
26 B.W.A. Sports, Bridge/Mahjongg, 3
26 Theosophical Society, 75 Jessfield Road, Public Lecture, 6
27 Rummage Sale, American Women's Club, 9 a.m.
27 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
27 K.D.S. Bridge/Mahjongg Tea, Race Club, entrance Mohawk Road, 3
27 Old Mariburian Club Dinner, S'hai Cl.
27 G. Koudinoff's gala performance 'The Last Waltz' by Strauss, Lt. Op., Lyc., 8.45
28 B.U.S.C. Annual Meeting at Park Hotel
28 Nordisk Fest, Cercle Sportif Francais 8
28 American Junior Chamber of Commerce, Dinner Dance, 9
29 'The Last Waltz,' Lt. Op., Lyc., 8.45
29 A.T.A. presents 'Whose Money,' 'The Eve in Evelyn,' 'A Flower of Yeddo,' at Shanghai Jewish School, 9
30 St. Andrew's v. St. George's Soc., Golf Match
30 'The Last Waltz,' Lt. Op., Lyc., 8.45

MAY

4 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
4 S.W.A. general meeting, C.S.F., 4
4 B.W.A., S.S.B. Jumble Sale
4 Le Ballet Russe, gala performance of 'The Sleeping Beauty,' symphonic ballet music by Tschaikowsky, Lyc., 9
4 American Sch'l operetta, 'Boy Blue,' 4
5 Annual Dinner of the Society of Chartered Accountants in China, 8.15
5 Shanghai Camera Club Meeting and Lecture, 330 Szechuen Road, 9
6 Cathedral Boys' School Athletic Sports, Kiaochow Park, 2.30
6 American School operetta, 'Boy Blue,' 5.30
6 Ballet Russe, 'Sleeping Beauty,' Lyc.
7 Ballet Russe, 'Sleeping Beauty,' Lyc.
9 German A.D.C. 'Lauter Luegen,' Lyc., 9
11 B.W.A. Gardening Club Day, 4
16 Cath. Boys' School, M.C.L. Entertainment, 5.30
16 Gala performances, Lyceum Theatre, 'Music Hall 1900/1939'
17 Cath. Boys' School, M.C.L. Entertainment, 5.30
17 Gala performances, Lyceum Theatre, 'Music Hall 1900/1939'

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event

THE LESTER CHINESE HOSPITAL

The Annual Meeting of Subscribers to The Lester Chinese Hospital will be held at the Hospital Building, 145 Shantung Road, TO-DAY at 5.30 p.m., when the chair will be taken by

SIR ROBERT CALDER-MARSHALL, K.B.E.,

All friends of the Hospital are cordially invited to attend.
12169

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, Bremen

General Average

ss. FRANKEN
arr. 18.4.39
from Europe and way-ports.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the above vessel on her voyage from Europe and way-ports had fire on board during her stay at Haiphong on April 8/11, 1939.

Consequently a general average has been declared and the cargo owners are requested to sign a general average bond to be countersigned by the respective insurance companies, and to fill out valuation forms. No cash deposits are required.

MELCHERS & CO.
General Agents,
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.
12175

BEEF STEW TIFFIN, $1.20

Chocolate Pie	30 cents
Chocolate Cake	30 cents
Maxwell House Coffee	20 cents

JIMMY'S, 11 Rue Montauban
-4929

HARVEY'S WHISKY
At all Comprodores and
Lane, Crawford & Co. (Prov.) Ltd.
90 NANKING ROAD—Tel. 11934
866 BUBBLING WELL ROAD—Tel. 36218
11902

Change of Telephone Numbers

WHITE, WHITE & CO.
and
WHITE & CO.
New Telephone No. 13080
12147

BEAUTY
is only skin dope. But when you travel genuine protection is afforded by a reliable Baggage Policy.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best

NORGE
for refrigeration

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865
11804

"Quality Wins"
DAIRY—Grade "A" (T.T.)
COWS—New Zealand Jerseys
MILK—Richest in Cream

For orders apply to
Lucerne Dairy Farms
381 Great Western Road. Tel. 20470
11803

IN THE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE FIRST SPECIAL AREA IN SHANGHAI

NOTICE No. 3247

In re APPLICATION FOR LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE
of
The late
CHARLES HENRY ELLIG

Notice is hereby given to the public that:

WHEREAS Mrs. DOLORES LEIGH ELLIG and Miss BERTHA ELLIG have filed a petition with this Court for issuance to them of Letters of Administration for the above-mentioned Estate, stating in essence that the first petitioner is the relict and the second petitioner the sister of the late CHARLES HENRY ELLIG, an Austrian, who died on August 9, 1938, in Abbazia, Italy, at the age of 53, leaving 2,000 Shares Bute Plantations 1913 Ltd.; 3.000 Shares Padang Rubber Co.; 2,000 Shares Sua Manggis Rubber Co.; 50 Shares of the The Shanghai Dock & Engineering Co., Ltd., and a cash deposit, including interest thereon, with the Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, Ltd., Shanghai Branch, (amounting with interest up to August 9, 1938, to CNC $1,429.46), which estate is to be administered and inherited in equal shares by the petitioners in accordance with the Law.

Now Therefore publication hereof is made in the newspaper to notify the public that whosoever objects to such petition shall file such objection with this Court within the period commencing from the first day of the publication and ending on the twentieth day after the last day of the publication. If no objection has been filed within the above-specified period of time, the Court will forthwith grant Letters of Administration of the said Estate.

(Seal of the Court)

March 30, 1939.
12045

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

1st Issue 5% 1934 Dollar Debentures.
2nd Issue 5% 1935 Dollar Debentures.

The Register of Transfers will be closed for the above Issues from April 22 to April 29. 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.
Shanghai, April 11, 1939.
12089

"North-China Daily News"

Audited Circulation Statement
Average number of paid copies sold Daily in January to March, 1939:
10,345

The following is the circulation statement certified by the Company's auditors for January to March 1939.

"The daily average circulation of the 'North-China Daily News' for the months of January, February and March, 1939, was ten thousand three hundred and forty-five copies, exclusive of 'frees' and vouchers."

THOMSON & Co.
Chartered Accountants, Auditors.
April 6, 1939.

CALDBECK'S
OLD TAWNY PORT
(Extra Selected)
Renowned throughout the East
"The Connoisseur comes to Caldbeck's"
CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

mv. "Marechal Joffre"
From Europe and Ports
General Average

Consignees are hereby notified that in consequence of the collision with the ss. "Canton" outside Hongkong on March 30th, General Average has been declared on cargo shipped per the "Maréchal Joffre," provisional contribution being 1 per cent. cash payment.

Cargo ex the "Maréchal Joffre" has arrived per "Jean Laborde" at the Old Ningpo Wharf.

Survey of damaged cargo will be held on Friday, April 21, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes-Davy.

CIE. DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
12167

TUESDAY

Beef Stew Tiffin	$1.20
Plain Steak and Eggs	1.20
Beef Curry	$1
Chocolate Pie	30 cents
Chocolate Cake	30 cents

And at 11 a.m. freshly-made coffee cake at 10 cents a piece.
Home-made Chocolates $1.00 per box
JIMMY'S, 133 Nanking Road
-4926

BEEHIVE BRANDY
Low in Cost, High in Quality
Agents: GANDE, PRICE, LTD.
11866

Dr. MAX RAUSCHMANN, M.D.
General practitioner
Special line of interest:
ALL LEG-DISEASES
announces that he has opened his office at
320 Szechuen Road, 3rd floor
(Arnhold Building)
Corner Kiukiang Road.
Office Hours: 11 a.m.-1 p.m. and 4-6 p.m.
Telephone 13743
-4836

GRAYMAUVE

Spring Models
for every occasion
Accessories to match

245-247 Rue Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 72670
-4790

Animals

That Shanghai loves animals, especially dogs, is illustrated daily in this section of the small advertisements. If you want a good dog or to find a good home for a dog, to buy or sell a pony or a Persian kitten this is the agency you need.

PHOTOGRAPHS

I.R.C. 27th Annual Race Meeting
S.V.C. Inspection Parade
Cathedral School Old Boys' Dinner
Interport Hockey Dance
Russian Easter Celebrations
B.W.A. Easter Party
Cathedral School Gymkhana
Interport Hockey
Departure of Trans-Pacific Junk
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

4 x 6 enlargements	$1	each
6 x 8 enlargements	$2	each
8 x 10 enlargements	$2.50	each
10 x 12 enlargements	$3	each

Obtainable from Watson's

TO-NIGHT
COFFEE DAN NIGHT
Many surprises and novelties
WINTER GARDEN
(Opposite Jessfield Park)
-4936

To-day's News

World Radio Page 2

North-China Daily News

Radio Broadcast over Station XMHD Shanghai

12.45 p.m. 9.00 p.m.

760 kilocycles 395 metres

PIANOS
Tuned, regulated and repaired
Telephone 19225
SAM LAZARO BROS.
232 Nanking Road
11807

Model Dairy
for
Model Milk
"As standard as sterling on silver"
Licensed to sell Grade "A" Dairy Products
8 TIFENG ROAD, TELEPHONE 21997
11805

When you think of a liqueur brandy think of MARTELL'S
CORDON BLEU
(35 years in cask)
Agents: GANDE, PRICE, LTD.
11864

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Internal Diseases
Hours: 10-1 and 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
has returned and resumed practice
(Paris University)
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
Consulting hours: 11-1, 4-6
59 Peking Road, Telephone 10734

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(Berlin and New York Clinics)
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. A. A. FISHBEIN
DENTAL SURGEON
Former Assistant of Berlin Dental Institute
453 Avenue Joffre, 47 Bearn Apt.
Office hours: 10-1 and 3-6.30 p.m.
Telephone 85815

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
Also at 86 Bearn Apts, 475 Avenue Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8, Telephone 83993

1939 FORD V-8 TRUCKS
Choice of Four wheelbases...122", 134", 157" and 191".
Choice of Three engines....60 H.P., 85 H.P. and 95 H.P.
Big hydraulic brakes are new... built to Ford high standards of safety and performance.
ON DISPLAY
BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Ave. Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

NEW Scott Custom-Built Philharmonic 30-tube receiver. The Stradivarius or radio receivers. Super-toned and super-powered for stonger foreign reception. 3.75 to 2,000 meters. Reproduces entire tonal range of 30 to 16,000 cycles. Complete with three speakers, master designed cabinet with gramophone unit employing crystal pick-up. Telephone 19302 for particulars. 12173

FACTORY site of 3 mow on Yangtszepoo Road for sale at very cheap price. Owner leaving. Address Box 2884, NCDN. -4912

FRENCH lessons given by lady, graduate of Paris University. Box 2866, NCDN. 12152

LADY, laboratory assistant, German, English, open for engagement. Box 2867, NCDN. 12153

WANTED to buy or to rent, now or later, small detached house (large living-room with fire-place, small dining-room, two or three bedrooms), with garden, in quiet residential district. Eventually land without house. Detailed offers Box 2728, NCDN. 12090

EUROPEAN born and trained graduate of continental University, holder of Bachelor of Science, Ch. Eng. degree, seeks opportunity to join any firm requiring the services of an engineer who has specialized in paint, varnish and synthetic chemical manufacturing. Advertiser is not a refugee and has held responsible positions which can be substantiated by documents. Address Box 2877, NCDN. 12155

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 14

Pictures Pay!

- The average reader will readily admit that he is far more interested in pictures than in print. Let the North-China Daily News make your blocks if you desire good reproductions.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China.
Telephone 11055, Extension 5

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA
(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter, 1853)
CAPITAL £3,000,000
RESERVE £3,000,000
Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E.C. 2.
London Branches:
117-122 Leadenhall Street, E.C. 3.
14-16 Cockspur Street, S.W. 1.
Manchester Branch: 71 Mosley Street.
Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund.
Agencies and Branches.

Alor Star (Malay States)	Haiphong	Peiping (Peking)
Amritsar	Hamburg	Penang
Bangkok	Hankow	Rangoon
Batavia	Harbin	Saigon
Bombay	Hongkong	Seremban
Calcutta	Iloilo	Shanghai
" 1/1 Clive Street	Ipoh	Singapore
" 1 Fairlie Place	Karachi	Sitiawan
Calicut	Klang	Sourabaya
Canton	Kobe	Taiping
Cawnpore	Kuala Lumpur	Tientsin
Cebu	Kuching	Tongkah (Bhuket)
Colombo	Madras	Tsingtao
Delhi	Manila	Yokohama
	Medan	
	New York	

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted. Correspondents in all parts of the world.
The Bank undertakes to act as Executor and Trustee in approved cases.
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES for storing valuables, important documents, etc., for rent from $12 per annum upwards according to size.
H. C. HOPKINS, *Acting Manager.*

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.
(Affiliated to the Société Générale de Belgique)
Capital: Frs. 30,000,000
Reserves: Frs. 3,000,000
Head Office: BRUSSELS
Branches:
SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, HONGKONG
Correspondents in all parts of the world.

華僑銀行有限公司
OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road

CAPITAL:
AUTHORISED Sts. Currency $40,000,000
PAID-UP Sts. Currency $10,000,000
Successors To
The Ho Hong Bank, Ltd.
The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.
Head Office—SINGAPORE
Branches and Correspondents
At Principal Cities of the World

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted
C. L. TAN, *Manager.*

Slim! Get Healthy!
Sink all your ills and ailments in a
SIMPSON IODINE FOAM BATH
A luxurious bath is prepared in a few moments. You will feel gloriously refreshed.
Highly beneficial to all athletes
Price: 95 cts. pkt. Carton of 4 packets **$3.75**
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
Toilet Requisites Dept., Ground Floor

Now In Stock

First Shipment of SPRING SUITINGS
A distinctive selection in the latest designs and colourings.

MACBETH GRAY & CO.
Tailors, Habitmakers, Shirtmakers and Outfitters.
142 Nanking Road Telephone 14247

Quality Stationery
draws business and brings repeat orders to the business man. Good printing calls for the highest grade of colour and half-tone work. Our printing department will furnish suggestions, lay-outs, dummies, etc., without charge and will be glad to solve your printing problems.

The North-China Daily News
Printing Department
17 The Bund, Shanghai Telephone 11055, Extension 5

Vitamin "B" deficiency an outstanding fault
in the diet of many millions of people.

It has been demonstrated, that a shortage of Vitamin "B" acts as a limiting factor in the maintenance of health and nutrition and often results in gastro-intestinal disorders, loss of appetite, indigestion, constipation and, if long continued, contributes to neuritis and arthritis.

The logical way to rectify such shortage is to restore to the diet the Vitamin B-containing substance whose removal is responsible for the deficiency.

This substance is available in the form of **BEMAX.**

BEMAX is the richest natural Vitamin Tonic food.

Obtainable at all Pharmacies at $4.50 per tin.

Agents;
WATSON'S

MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
Head Office: London **Shanghai Office: 4 The Bund**
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .. £1,800,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .. 1,050,000
RESERVE FUND .. 1,075,000
Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya, Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.
Interest allowed on Local Currency Current Accounts @ 2% p.a.
Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling as well as in local currency. Banking and exchange business of every description transacted. Trusteeships and executorships undertaken.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED
(Established 1880)
CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y138,400,000
Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND
Branches:

Alexandria	Karachi	Rio de Janeiro
Bangkok	Kobe	Samarang
Batavia	London	San Francisco
Berlin	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	Manila	Shanghai
Calcutta	Moji	Singapore
Canton	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dairen	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tokyo
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo (Marunouchi)
Hongkong	Otaru	Tsingtao
Honolulu	Paris	Yingkow
Hsinking	Peking	
	Rangoon	

G. KISHINAMI, *Manager.*

THE ITALIAN BANK FOR CHINA
CAPITAL (fully paid) ..U.S. $1,000,000
RESERVE .....U.S. $ 199,791
Shanghai: 186 Kiukiang Road
Telephone 15368-7
Officially appointed to act for the special service of the Royal Italian Treasury
Affiliated to the
CREDITO ITALIANO
Milan, (Italy)
CAPITAL (fully paid) Lit. 500,000,000
RESERVE .....Lit. 111,659,733.35
Other associated and affiliated Banks
Banque Italo-Belge, Anvers, Buenos Aires, S. Paulo, etc.
Banque Italo-Francaise de Credit, Paris, Tunis, etc.
Banco Italo-Egiziano, Alexandria, Cairo, etc.
Banca Dalmata di Sconto, Zara, Split, etc.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The Problem:

A Reader's Solution

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The problem which DOPEY has put up in your issue of today is a teaser, and rather ambiguously worded, so that it is with some diffidence that I submit that if Mary was born in a leap year or the following year, she was also born on a Sunday; otherwise on a Saturday.

The key to the problem lies in the relationship

$$M = 10\ (S + m)$$

where m=John's "age in months when his age in days exceeded his age in months by an even number"
M=John's age in months, m years ago
S=the number of John's summers, m years ago

M is evidently a multiple of 10; not higher than 80, since John is at most seven years old.

Now if the word "months" refers to calendar months, it may easily be shown that a lifetime of M months from November gives John a number of summers which in no case permits m to exceed 1. But John would be one calendar month old at an age of 30 days, which does not exceed his age in months by an even number; hence the problem would appear to have no solution.

"If however "months" means lunar months of 28 days, we find that if M=60, 70 or 80, the number of John's (completed) summers is such that m=2. (In this case, John would be two lunar months old at an age of 56 days, which does exceed his age in months by an even number.)

But if John's present age is at most seven, he cannot have been 70 or 80 months old two years ago; hence M=60, and the present number of John's summers is 6.

Now John was born on a Sunday. Sixty lunar months later it is again of course Sunday, and the same date two years later is Mary's eighth birthday, which will therefore be a Wednesday or a Tuesday according to whether a leap year does or does not intervene. The date of Mary's birth, eight years previously, must accordingly have been a Sunday or a Saturday.

To take two concrete examples. If John was born on Sunday, November 20, 1938, sixty lunar months brings us to June 27 1943, and the day of Mary's birth—June 27 1937—was a Sunday.

But if John was born on Sunday November 22, 1936, sixty lunar months brings us to June 29 1941, and the day of Mary's birth—June 29 1935—was a Saturday.

Incidentally, if any of your readers wish to take their minds off world affairs by exercising them on problems, I know of none better than the old classic of the black and white labels. For those not familiar with it, I repeat the tale as it was told to me.

A judge had condemned three felons to hang, but he decided to give them all a chance to save their lives. "Here in this box," he said, "I have three black labels and two white ones, and I shall pin one label on the back of each of you, so that you can each see the colour of the label on the other two, but not the label on your own back. To the one who first tells me the colour of his own label, and a satisfactory reasoning therefore, I will give a free pardon."

So the judge picked three labels at random, and pinned one on the back of each man.

The three men studied each others' labels for some considerable time without being able to decide the colour of their own, when one of them, having noticed the other two both had black labels, suddenly realized what the colour of his own must be.

What was the colour of his label, and how did he know?

The problem is simply one of reasoning; there is no catch in it.

G. H. D.

Shanghai, Apr. 17.

Trams and Traffic:

Defence of Tram Lines

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I notice in your account of the Annual General Meeting of the Automobile Club of China that Mr. N. C. Macgregor, a member of the club, contributed a very useful and constructive speech concerning the continued need for active regulation of motor traffic, in which he urged the members of the club to take an active share in reporting cases of careless and dangerous driving.

There was one interpolation in Mr. Macgregor's valuable observations on motor traffic affairs with which I venture to take issue, if I may, namely :—

Tram lines are anachronistic, and if they were done away with, all tram halts or islands with their floating population would also disappear, thus doing away with another source of danger and congestion.

Now Mr. Macgregor is a considerate motorist, and I happen to be a considerate tram-fan, and if I suggested that motor vehicles were a peril of the streets, and if they were done away with "another source of danger and congestion" would be eliminated—I am confident I should be laughed at as an unpractical person.

But Mr. Macgregor is as much a practical person as I am, and I think reflection about the enormous public benefit of trams and tram lines—and tram halts and islands,—a utility ministering to millions upon millions of persons every year, cannot fail to induce him to recognize that no other form of locomotion in the streets is so suitable for mass transportation as the tram system.

From the purely public point of view I find the trams the safest place in which to get about, and it is most exceptional to hear of trams killing or injuring people, because even the Chinese, with their complete lack of traffic sense and their supreme indifference to everything else on the highway except their individual selves, are compelled to recognize that the tram lines are good areas to keep clear of.

In a city of this description, which is not comparable with any other city in the world—although people are constantly comparing the like with the unlike and advancing wrong conclusions—experience has definitely proved that tram-line transportation is one of the greatest of blessings in the matter of locomotion.

Thus I venture to suggest to thoughtful and considerate motorists like Mr. Macgregor is known to be, that by girding against tram-line transportation it only tends to make confusion worse confounded, and distracts public attention from the main source of traffic evils which the rest of this gentleman's speech so ably dealt with.

W. BRUCE LOCKHART.

Shanghai, Apr. 17.

Gambling:

The Search After Profit

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—A Chinese scholar once said: "If you search after truth, profit will be necessarily included in it; but if you search after profit, harm will be necessarily included in it."

My home is located in the extra-Settlement localities where the gambling dens prosper. I see daily streams of men and women going to these places to play the game of chance. They are all seekers of profit. That the chance is always against them, that many before them have already gambled and lost everything; that they are not rich enough to afford any loss; for all this they do not care. Harm will always come to such men who are blind seekers of profit.

The same fate awaits those men who are blind seekers of their supposed national profit. Look at Japan. She thought she could conquer China in three months. But now almost two years have passed and her prospect of success becomes dimmer than ever. She has incurred the wrath of the Chinese people; all her propaganda about Sino-Japanese friendship has been belied by her own actions; she may hire a few puppets and slaves; but all true Chinese people will have nothing to do with her advancements! At home, the Japanese militarists have been deceiving their own people. It is impossible for a nation like Japan to carry on the reckless war for an indefinite length of time. The time will come when the gambling can continue no longer and she will have gained nothing but lost everything!

F. D. Z.

Shanghai, Apr. 17.

The Cathedral:

Should Remain Where it is

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I find on reference to the Shorter Oxford English Dictionary that Y. is wrong in calling Bubbling Well Chapel a "columbarium," for the definition of the word (after leaving dovecotes and pigeonholes) is :—

2. *Rom. antiq.* A subterranean sepulchre with niches in its walls for cinerary urns; one of those niches.

This is hardly a description of Bubbling Well Chapel and therefore Y.'s remark "few can enjoy worshipping in a columbarium" may be true but is not relevant. If Y. means that the presence of the urns behind the violet curtains disturbs the congregation, one wonders that no complaint has yet been made about the tombs in Westminster Abbey.

Surely the "adventurous souls who made Shanghai" and also built the Cathedral might feel a little disappointed if their church were pulled down before it had been up a hundred years. It has stood in the heart of the Settlement through some very troubled times and by that it has established its tradition. Should we feel that St. Paul's would look more dignified if London were to rebuild it in a nice airy suburb?

Z.

Shanghai, Apr. 17.

The Telephone Co.:

Why No Dividends?

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The Shanghai Telephone Company, now nearly ten years since they took over from the old company, have not once declared a dividend. Whereas previously the opposite was as it were the rule. Ten years represent a long time for a company to make up its mind to consider the shareholders' side of the case, but evidently we have yet to wait *ad infinitum*.

Let the shareholders, therefore, take the initiative, and I hope they will organize a meeting among themselves and appoint a committee to investigate, at least for their own satisfaction. It is clear that this situation can only arise from a lack of initiative, and perhaps interest on the part of the shareholders themselves and it is high time they bestirred themselves.

VICTIM.

Shanghai, Apr. 17.

***A PLAIN CITIZEN OF CHINA:—Though you have given an address on your letter, you have supplied no name. Names must accompany communications intended for this column, not for publication but for purposes of authentication.—ED.

Fire Guts Paper Mill In Battersea

London, Apr. 15.

A most violent fire broke out during the night in a paper mill located in Battersea, near the Thames. In the early hours of the morning, the flames were still spreading despite all efforts to check them and were threatening a huge petrol depot in the vicinity. All fire engines available in the capital have been rushed to the scene of the disaster.—Havas.

KNOWN as "Bob" in every ship and port of the world, Mr. W. R. Spence, secretary of the National Union of Seamen, is about to take a world voyage in the interests of his organization. He is a man of quite different type and disposition from his predecessor, the late Mr. J. Havelock Wilson. It was Mr. Wilson who got the seamen to refuse to take the late Mr. Ramsay MacDonald to Stockholm during the war, and the feud between him and the Labour Party and the T.U.C. was bitter. All that is changed since Mr. Spence took hold. He works loyally with other Labour organizations, but he also manages to keep on good terms with the Shipping Federation. Much of the recent improvement in the life of the merchant seaman is due to him, and his organization has a fine system of looking after the affairs of its members while they are at sea. Soon after Mr. Spence returns to this country he will retire from active work.

BY SAPAJOU

A Reliable Guardian?

Japanese Plane Reaches Teheran

Press Sees Significance In Steady Progress of Plane

Tokyo, Apr. 16.

Japanese aviation experts today attached significance to the steady performance of the Soyokaze, Japanese goodwill aeroplane that arrived at Teheran, capital of Iran, at 11.20 o'clock yesterday morning, Teheran time.

The machine, a Japanese-designed and built twin engined 12-passenger transport, carried an Imperial wedding gift to the Crown Prince of Iran. It took off from Haneda airport here at 7.13 o'clock in the morning of April 9. It covered the distance of 12,069 kilometres between here and Teheran in easy stages in 153 hours, of which 46 hours and 52 minutes were spent in flying. The plane maintained an average speed of 256.6 kilometres per hour.—Domei.

FUNERAL

Mrs. Edith Wright Stauder

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Edith Wright Stauder, dearly-beloved wife of Mr. E. P. Stauder, were conducted on Saturday at the Chapel of the International Funeral Directors on Kiaochow Road, by the Rev. John L. Caughey of Community Church. Mrs. Stauder was born at Urbana, Illinois on August 31, 1891 and resided in Shanghai for the past eight years where she had endeared herself to a host of friends. A beautiful blanket of flowers from her husband covered the casket that was surrounded with many floral tributes from the following:—

Ernest; To Mother; Mother and Dad; George and Laura; Charlie and Isabel; Ed and Theresa; Anderson, Meyer and Company, Ltd.; Building Supplies Department, Anderson, Meyer and Company, Ltd.; The Shanghai Philatelic Society; Russian Philatelic Society; Mr. and Mrs. James Muckle; Mr. and Mrs. William M. Portrude and Paul; Mrs. Zora Karanjia; Mr. and Mrs. Mark L. Moody; K. Lee and S. Lee; S. F. Loh Mrs. Lillian Sargeant; Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Glueland; Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Gutter; Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Katkoff; J. L. Nielsen; Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Buttridge; Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Turner; Irwin and Blanche; Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Ranlals; B. Zemiinoff; Y. Z. Zung; L. D. Cheng; T. Chen; D. J. Hu; C. H. Chen; T. N. Kow; W. K. Yu; C. S. Lee; Yue Yao Ding; Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Jensen (Tientsin); Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Flannery; Mr. and Mrs. K. Hara; Mr. S. L. Woo; Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Stuart; Mrs. Z. V. Shoorigin; Mr. and Mrs. M. E. McIntosh; Mr. and Mrs. N. Rashin; Mr. and Mrs. Reiniger; J. G. Shoorigin; Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Warren Wise; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Whiteside; Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Pappadopulo; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Alfred Mitchell; Mr. and Mrs. W. Leslie Miller; Charles J. Langley; N. E. Lurton; The Theros; Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Tucker; Mr. D. D. Forbes (Hongkong); Mr. and Mrs. B. Beesley; M. S. Dobrohotoff; Cook; House Boy; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

PERMISSION has now been granted by the Ningpo Garrison authorities to the Tinghai Residents Guild in Shanghai, to send back Tinghai refugees from Shanghai to Tinghai in specially chartered steamers, says a report to the "Sin Wan Pao."

S. V. C. Orders

Officers:—The following extracts from the Municipal Gazette dated April 14, 1939, are published for information:—Promotions:—The undermentioned 2nd Lieutenants to be Lieutenants with effect from dates shown against their names:—"B" Company.—2nd. Lieut. R. Davie November 26. "B" Company.—2nd Lieut. K. W. Greiner November 27. "A" Company.—2nd Lieut. G. T. Gambling January 21. "A" Company.—2nd Lieut. S. E. G. Hliiman January 22. American M.G. Company.—2nd Lieut. J. S. Brenneman February 16. American M.G. Company.—2nd Lieut. C. Melchers Febraruy 17. Chinese Company.—2nd Lieut. D. K. Chant March 11. Shanghai Light Horse.—2nd Lieut. A. J. Hickmott March 23. Shanghai Field Company.—2nd Lieut. G. W. Marsden March 23. Officers' Commissions—Renewals:—The undermentioned Officers' Commissioners are renewed undert Art. XI of Corps Regs:—Corps Cavalry H.Q.—Capt. W. R. McBain, A.F.C., M.C. March 18. Corps Cavalry H.Q.—Capt. H. M. Spence March 10. Signals Company.—Capt. W. Miles March 24. Armoured Car Company.—Lieut. J. Huxley March 20. "C" Battalion H.Q.—Maj. S. D. Ivanoff March 1. "C" Battalion H.Q.—Capt. N. M. Stepanischeff March 1. No. 3 (Vol) Company.—Lieut. S. P. Balanovsky March 12. Chaplains.—Rev. M. Brown March 11. Medical.—Lieut. S. K. Squires March 21. Reserve of Officers "A" Lieut. W. M. Portrude March 17. Reserve of Officers "B."—Capt. P. Tilley March 6. Reserve of Officers "B."—Lieut. R. G. Vane Yarrow March 25.

Arms, Equipment and Clothing for Safe-Keeping:—The following order is repeated:—Volunteers proceeding on leave, and wishing to hand in arms, equipment and clothing to S.V.C. Headquarters for safe-keeping are reminded that, should they so desire, arrangements can be made for their kit to be collected and handed in to Quartermaster's Stores. Volunteers wishing such arrangements to be made should notify R.Q.M.S. Lee (phone 10185). Volunteers are reminded, however, that they should always obtain a receipt for articles of kit handed in for safe-keeping. It is particularly requested that volunteers proceeding on leave (including short leave) hand in their arms for safe-keeping as arms are liable to deteriorate very rapidly if neglected in this climate.

Long Service Medal—Awards:—The undermentioned has been awarded the medal for Long Service:—Company Quartermaster-sergeant W. J. Elliott. Active 1927—1939.

Officers—Return from Leave:—Medical—Major E. G. Gauntlett, C.B.E., D.S.O., return from leave April 11.

Strength:—Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—American Troop.—Tpr. H. Van Biema April 14. "A" Battalion:—Jewish Company.—Pte. A. Kotzmann April 14. "B" Battalion:—Portuguese Company.—Pte. Alberto Souza April 13. Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Troops:—Signals Company.—Sigm. G. J. Grilk Jr. April 6. "A" Battalion:—"A" Company.—Pte. R. N. Coppin April 6. "B" Battalion:—American Company.—Pte. W. J. Chao April 5.

Absence on Duty:—Captain W. M. Graham, absent on Duty at Hongkong from April 11, to April 26.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF APRIL 18, 1869

A correspondent writes from Kiukiang:—The literati are as usual distinguishing themselves by the cordial reception which, according to Mr. Burlingame, they are so ready to give, to foreigners. The Commissioner of Customs in company of a friend was walking Tuesday evening outside the city walls, when they were cordially greeted with a heavy volley of stones pelted down upon them by the crowd on the top of the wall. One stone which happily only grazed his left side, would have undoubtedly deprived Mr. Hart of one of his worthiest coadjutors, had it fallen on Mr. Drew's head. He and his companion escaped injury by seizing a bulky native, whom they forced to walk at their side; and under this rampart they ran the gauntlet of the stones in safety. This is the third or fourth case of stoning Yangkwaitzes within the last few days.

If You Keep A Cat Keep She-Ko Too!

Cats' claws are sharp, so be prepared for a scratch by keeping She-Ko at hand ready to soothe and quickly heal the injury. The antiseptic properties of this ideal skin ointment safeguard against infection.

Other injuries, cuts, abrasions, bruises, burns, scalds, are best treated with She-Ko, which is equally beneficial and curative in cases of skin complaints such as eczema, ringworm, head and foot sores, ulcers, pimples, chapped lips and hands, chilblains.

She-Ko should have a place in every home. It is a Dr. Williams Medicine Company product.

SHE-KO

Soothes and Heals Scratches.

ANOTHER HEADACHE?

Quick Relief this New Modern Way
Double Acting—Safe—Use Alka-Seltzer

Over 1,000,000 men and women use this modern, scientifically balanced remedy for relief from the discomforts of headache, upset stomach, heartburn, gas and other ailments associated with an excess acid condition, resulting from over-indulgence in food and drink.

Alka-Seltzer is efficient, safe, and the double acting benefits relieve your troubles quickly. Notice the two fundamental functions of Alka-Seltzer. First, it relieves pain by its analgesic agent (sodium acetyl salicylate). Then its important alkalising agents act to overcome the excess acid condition.

Alka-Seltzer successfully combines these two agents which doctors for years have prescribed separately. Not a laxative, but the new modern way to relief from common ailments associated with an excess acid condition. Exceedingly pleasant to take. Get Alka-Seltzer today—keep it on hand always, at home and at work. Use Alka-Seltzer the next time a headache and muscular pains occur, use them for sour and acid stomach, for colds, heartburn or whenever acid indigestion bothers you. Manufactured by

MILES LABORATORIES, INC.
Elkhart, Indiana, U.S.A.

DOUBLE ACTING RELIEF

Dropone or two tablets in a glass of water. Watch it fizz and dissolve into a sparkling effervescent solution. Note its clean, tangy taste. Drink it and get quick relief from common ailments associated with an excess acid condition. Sold by all chemists.

Be Wise—Alkalise

7 O'CLOCK

SLOTTED BLADE

7 O'Clock blades offer, at an amazingly low cost, the chief advantages possessed by slotted blades. Their edges are keen and lasting and they provide closer, cleaner shaves and more shaves per blade than the old-style three-hole blades.

Made in England of best British steel

Agents:

MULLER & PHIPPS (CHINA), LTD.
Hamilton House, Shanghai

WORLD RADIO

The following table shows the Shanghai times at which news is broadcast in the principal countries of the world, together with the wave-lengths and frequencies used. We shall be glad to receive comment or suggestions from listeners, which should be addressed or telephoned to the Radio Editor of the "North-China Daily News" (Tel. 11055). The times, given in the first column, are all between noon and midnight.

LONDON

P.M.	METRES	CYCLES
2.30, 4.45, 10.00	19.76	15.18
6.45, 9.50	16.84	17.81

Today's BBC Programme

2.30 "Under Big Ben," talk
3.25 "Arms and the Man," comedy
4.00 News
4.15 "Song Parade," World-known songs
4.45 Sports news and markets
7.45 "Shinty," sport of the Gael
8.15 Society concert from Manchester
9.15 News
9.30 "Food for Thought," talks
9.45 Sports news and markets
10.00 "City of London," talk
11.25 "Arms and the Man," (part II)
12.00 News

PARIS		
7.00	19.68	15.24
ROME		
5.30, 9.30, 12.00	25.40	11.81
7.00	31.13	9.63
BERLIN		
3.00	19.63/16.89	15.28/17.76
8.00, 10.00	31.45/19.63	9.54/15.28
SAN FRANCISCO		
8.30, 10.30	31.48	9.53
MANILA		
6.30, 11.00	31.35	9.57
MELBOURNE		
5.15, 8.30 9.20	31.32	9.58
TOKYO		
1.00, 2.00, 3.30 4.30, 10.00, 11.00	25.42	11.80
HONGKONG		
12.30, 2.15, 7.00	31.49	9.52
11.00	31.49	9.52
CHUNGKING		
5.30	31.49	9.52

COAL

Telephones 10952, 18418 or 17403
OLIVIER-CHINE (S.A.)
For coal apply
Coal Office: 95 Museum Road
Branch Office:
1127 Rue Lafayette, Tel. 73414

OVERSLEEP?

NOT WITH BIG BEN

DEPENDABLE

Big Ben gets you up when you must get up. His dependable unfailing voice is protection against oversleeping—it calls you at the appointed hour. And his open easy to read dial gives you the right time always.

Here are Big Ben's three features—dependability, precision construction and dustproof case—only Big Ben has all these and many other advantages not found in other clocks.

The light sleeper prefers the quiet tick and two voice alarm of Big Ben Chime Alarm. Deep sleepers will want Big Ben Loud Alarm. All good stores carry Big Ben and many other Westclox alarm clocks and watches.

BINGO—A dependable alarm clock—two tone dial. Nickel trim.

WRIST BEN—With leather strap or stainless metal bracelet.

WESTCLOX
La Salle, Illinois, U.S.A.
Division of
General Time Instruments Corp.
Distributors:
Dodge & Seymour (China), Ltd.
Robert Dollar Building
51 Canton Road, Shanghai

AUCTIONS

L. MOORE & CO. LTD.

Established in Shanghai 1874 — Incorporated in Hongkong

FIRE LOSS ASSESSORS AND AUCTIONEERS

STORAGE TERMS ON APPLICATION — Branch Office: TOPLIS & HARDING

88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI

In Rear Salesroom—Now On View

To-day, Tuesday, April 18, 1939, at 9.30 a.m.

Household Furniture, Clothing and Sundries

Steel and wooden trunks, pictures, books, magazines, poker chips, electric table fan, kerosene oil lamp, lacquer writing set, coir matting, stair linoleum, chandelier, Cabot's quilt, crockery, glass ware, cutlery, neckties, drawing room suite, double spring couch, arm chairs, iron single bed, child's bicycle, coffee percolators, cushions, curtains, electric heaters, gents' and ladies' clothing, squirrel fur coat, shoes and sundries etc.

In Main Salesroom—Now On View

To-morrow, Wednesday, April 19, 1939, at 10 a.m.

A very fine collection of

Valuable Ancient Chinese Curios, Old Porcelain and Bronze Ware, Superior Modern French and American Style New Duco Painted Teak and Manila Hardwood Household and Office Furniture, Heavy Persian and Peiping Carpets and Rugs, Stainless Steel Canteen Set, Jade and Ivory Inlaid High Screen and Cabinets, Piano and Sundries

Including:—

2 Suite modern style tapestry upholstered double spring couch and arm chairs
1 American and 1 French style Duco painted dining room suite with silver ware cabinet to match
2 Modern style heavy carved bedroom suites with wooden bedsteads
2 Oakstained Manila hardwood flat top writing desks with chairs and book cabinets to match
1 Stainless steel canteen set with cabinet
1 4-fold fine jade, ivory inlaid lacquered high screen and 1 pair cabinets
A long line of old porcelain and bronze curios, handsomely carved ivory, jade, crystal, jasper, agate and quartz ornaments, scrolls, wall hangings, etc. Heavy Persian and Peiping carpets and rugs in various sizes.

In Cargo Salesroom—Now On View

To-morrow, Wednesday, April 19, 1939, at 2.30 p.m.

Glascine paper (damaged), new 'cone shaped' chromium lamp shades with sockets, 'Bowl' and 'Bell' shaped glass reflector shades, chromium ceiling plates, enamelled iron bath tub, wash basin, W.C.'s, "Goodyear" and "Michelin" tyres, horns, license frames, Dupont Congo Red Drf, **Galvanized plain sheets**, Canadian brass valves, steel channels, Junction boxes, continuity bars, earth clips, copper wire, porcelain connections, machines, florida water, old books, Bakelite electric clock cases, elec. magnet coils, self starting synchronous motor, radio parts of Magno dynamic cabinet, A.C. Mains receiver, Ferranti Public address equipment including valves, horns, switch and connection boxes, radio, steel rack, dynamic diaphragm units, D.C. field supply, voice coil, Powder, soap and tooth boxes, spirit of wine, bread crackers, canned goods, pickles, onions, etc.

Noël, Murray & Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

Auctioneers, Appraisers and Adjusters

SALESROOMS, 160 CANTON ROAD

Will sell by Public Auction, under instructions from

MR. DOLGOROUCKOFF

AT THE MUSEUM "HEUDE"

(No. 221 AVENUE DUBAIL)

By kind permission of the Director

On Tuesday, April 18, 1939, commencing at 10 a.m. and continuing at 2.30 p.m.

Today Lots 351 to 694

A Large and Valuable Collection of Curios, Blackwood and Carvedwood Furniture and Sundries

Including:—

Blanc de Chine, White Porcelain, Pottery, Earthenware, Sky Blue, Pewter, Stone, Famille Rose, Blue and White, Celadon, 5 and 3-coloured Porcelain, ivory, Jade, Bronze and Brass Josses, Kwan Yins, Buddhas, Vases, Incense Burners, Wine Pots, Tea Pots, Wall Vases, Tea Caddies, Fish Kongs, Beakers, Gongs, Plates, Swords, Seeyees, Chinese Hand Painted Pictures, Wall Panels, etc., of the HAN, WEI, TANG, SUNG, MING, KANG HE, YUNG CHENG, KIEN LUNG, CHAI CHING AND TAO KUANG DYNASTIES and Peking Carpet, Carved Blackwood Opium Couch, Lounges, Side Tables, Hearth Stools, Jardiniere Stands, Carved Teakwood Writing Tables and Chairs, Book Cases, Floor Lamps, Blackwood Arm Chairs, Curio Stands, Cabinets, Square Tables, Lanterns, Teapoys, Screens, etc.

All lots to be sold without reserve

HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director*

...as PRETTY as a PICTURE

With a brush an artist can work wonders—with a toothbrush you, too, can work wonders. Try just a half-inch of Kolynos on a ***dry brush*** and see the difference it makes in your teeth.

Kolynos makes teeth so clear and brilliant because of the remarkable, scientific cleansing it gives. Kolynos not only cleans teeth better and safer but destroys dangerous germs that cause tooth decay. Try Kolynos.

BRIGHTEN *your* SMILE *with* KOLYNOS

ECONOMIZE—BUY *the* LARGE TUBE

KOLYNOS
the antiseptic
DENTAL CREAM

THE BOOK PAGE

Driving Power

A SHORT HISTORY OF THE STEAM ENGINE By H. W. Dickinson. Printed for Babcock & Wilcox Ld. at The University Press, Cambridge.

The steam engine does not capture the mind today as does the electric dynamo. But Mr. H. W. Dickinson, the author of "A Short History of the Steam Engine," has no excuse to make for his subject. He writes:

> The truth is that the steam engine was never so important in the world's economy as it is today.

Mr. Dickinson's book is restricted to the stationary engine.

> The marine engine and the locomotive have been touched upon only up to the point where they branch off from the parent stem and begin their independent careers.

This firmly bound and attractively printed book is intended for the engineer and also for the general public, and the ten full-page plates and 78 figures in the text make an inviting and satisfactory book for the mechanically and historically minded.

Man of Dartmouth

As in so many similar instances, the world has given credit to single persons where the credit should be generously shared with others. James Watt did not invent the steam engine nor George Stephenson the locomotive. Thomas Newcomen, a man of Dartmouth, about 1710 invented an engine "whence the steam engine of today can be traced in uninterrupted descent." His principle was that of forcing a piston up with steam, condensing the steam to form a vacuum and letting the pressure of the atmosphere do the work. Newcomen's machine was in increasing use for fifty years and spread to the Continent—to Königsberg in Upper Hungary—what was until recently Czechoslovakia—to France, Belgium, Sweden. Newcomen died in London in 1729.

A Sabbath-keeper

But the Newcomen engine required a jet of water to cool the cylinder and condense the steam, and this drawback was remedied by Watt's invention of a separate condenser, thus saving the alternate heating and cooling of the cylinder and incidentally saving 75 per cent. in fuel. The separate condenser was "the greatest single improvement made in the engine." So let us give Watt his due. Newcomen too had his forerunner, Denis Papin, a Frenchman who visited London, who utilized steam to raise a piston and create a vacuum for a piston to fall.

James Watt was "an obscure mathematical instrument-maker in Glasgow."

> One Sunday in May 1765, after months of racking thought, while out for a walk on Glasgow Green, the idea flashed into his mind "that as steam was an elastic body it would rush into a vacuum, and if a communication was made between the cylinder and an exhausted vessel, it (the steam) would rush into it and be there condensed, without cooling the cylinder." Thus was begotten the separate condenser, an organ that, vital as it was to the economy of the vacuum engine, is even more so today to that of the steam turbine. As this momentous day was a Sunday, Watt had to wait, such was the Sabbath convention of the time, till the following day to make experiments.

Scottish Caution

Watt received his patent in 1769, and it was in the same year that he made the acquaintance of Matthew Boulton, a successful industrial leader of Soho, whence began a partnership that lasted until 1800 and was carried on afterwards by the sons of the two men. Boulton furnished the capital and was the more enterprising of the two. Watt himself, was over-cautious and during the thirty-one years that his patent lasted no further inventive enterprise took place. When Watt's assistant, William Murdock, in 1785 made a model of a high-pressure engine, "Watt would have none of it."

The author gives Sir Walter Scott's word picture of a more mellowed Watt in 1817:

> The alert, kind, benevolent old man, his talent and fancy overflowing on every subject, with his attention alive to everyone's question, his information at everyone's command.

"Goose and Hot Drinks"

A more adventurous inventor was Richard Trevithick, whose biography, told by the same Mr. Dickinson in collaboration with Mr. Titley, was reviewed on this book page about four years ago. It was Trevithick who first built a high-pressure engine, using the principle of letting the steam escape instead of condensing it. Not only this. Trevithick also saw the further possibilities, and invented a steam carriage. On December 27, 1801, when given a trial, the invention was somewhat damaged by the roughness of the road. Trevithick and his friends placed it under a shed while they went to a hostelry near by and enjoyed "a roast goose and hot drinks."

> Forgetful of the engine, its water boiled away. The iron became red hot, and nothing that was combustible remained either of the engine or the house.

Trevithick patented this first steam locomotive in 1802; hence the allusion to George Stephenson made above.

Marking Time

Other developments in the history of the steam engine are told; there are chapters on the steam turbine; and considerable attention is given to the development of the steam boiler "which is really part and parcel of the whole." Since the present year is one of World's Fairs in the United States, it is not amiss to note that the Exhibition of All Nations held in London in 1851 was the first landmark of this kind and introduced in a striking way to the world at large the achievements to which Papin, Newcomen, Trevithick and their successors had contributed. The steam engine has its changing tempo of development. "Now, as far as we can judge," remarks Mr. Dickinson, "we are on the threshold of a period of consolidation and of marking time."—D.R.

Surely, sir, if we must be thus rigid in scrutinizing the conduct of an enemy, we ought to be equally careful in not committing ourselves, our honour, and our safety, with an ally who has manifested the same want of respect for the rights of other nations. Surely, if it is material to know the character of a power with whom you are about only to treat for peace, it is more material to know the character of allies with whom you are about to enter into the closest connection of friendship, and for whose exertions you are about to pay.—CHARLES JAMES FOX.

The Colonies

HITLER OVER AFRICA By Benjamin Bennett. Laurie, London. 5/-.

"Hitler Over Africa" is of special interest at the present time when Hitler's programme of expansion in Central and Eastern Europe is in full swing and people are wondering when the colonies' time will come. The author, an African journalist, opens his book dramatically with a description of the German ceremony of "Ordeal by Fire" in South-West Africa, when members of the Pfadfinders and the Maiden Bund leapt through flames and swore their new Trinity Oath "Be German, Live German, Die German. Heil Hitler." He goes on to describe the Nazi propaganda carried on in the "stolen" colonies under direct instructions from Berlin, and the organization of the "Deutsche Bund." It would seem as if the German had as little freedom of thought and action in South-West Africa as he has in present day Germany. "The individual is dragooned into conformity by threats of reprisal and persecution." Only such teachers as are firmly trained in the National Socialist spirit are allowed to teach German children; the papers are supplied with news and propaganda articles by an agency in Berlin. Land is steadily passing from the Afrikaner settlers to German ownership, and the "Buy German Only" campaign has already had serious effects upon British and Afrikaner trade.

"Muddling Through"?

Why does Germany want these colonies? Is it purely a matter of "face"? Before the war her African colonies supplied her with less than half per cent. of her total raw materials, and there was, and still is, very limited scope for white settlement. The establishment of naval and particularly of air bases in South-West Africa would, however, seriously threaten British communications with the Cape and the Far East and would bring Germany dangerously near the Witwatersrand. Their possession of Tanganyika would drive a wedge into the "All-Red" air route from the Cape to Cairo and would separate Kenya, Uganda and the Egyptian Sudan from the Rhodesias and the Union of South Africa.

"Hitler Over Africa" brings out very clearly what Germany is doing in her former colonies, and makes one wonder if Britain is just muddling along "hoping for the best" or if she has thought out an answer to this problem, which is the gravest in the history of her Empire.—W.M.M.

Psychical Research

THE PARA-NORMAL Personal Experiences and Deductions. By Countess Nora Wydenbruck. Rider, London. 5/-.

Psychical research considered as a definite branch of knowledge—the knowledge of personality—is the foundation for this study by Countess Nora Wydenbruck.

> Psychical research as I understand it is only concerned with the workings of this unknown human, subhuman, or cosmic force when it appears to act intelligently; actually with an intelligence superior to that of the "medium."

Other methods of approach include a study of the mental side of mediumship; the scientific angle, with mathematical calculations and experiments; the religious interpretation of spiritualism; the para-physical (or super-physical) phenomena such as apports and levitation. The question arises as to whether the laws of nature as we know them can be overthrown under certain conditions. The materialist says that only a physical force can produce physical phenomena; mental phenomena are explained by telepathy and subconscious memory. Believers in the existence of psychic phenomena attribute all manifestations to the agency of spirits, that is to the surviving personalities of deceased humans. The author has accepted points from both schools of thought.

Forms Evaluated

Para-normal, or super-normal, phenomena under many different kinds of mediumship are described by the author. In her evaluation of these different forms, of the problems connected with their technique, and of the opportunities for the charlatan, lies the greatest value of the book for the uninitiated reader.

Some of the forces of para-normal phenomena included in the discussion are: the direct voice, which the author considers the most dramatic and convincing; automatic writing, the least dramatic, but the most fruitful field for research; automatic painting or drawing, which she believes lies in the realm of the subconscious; musical and literary mediums; psychometry or heightened knowledge of the medium through sensitivity to vibrations; photographic mediumships, which offer the widest scope for clever fraud; astrology; dowsing or the use of the rod to discover latent water, ore or oil; divination through the pendulum, a further development of dowsing which the author thinks may be explained by transmission of radio-activity through a human agent.

Universal Whole

Each type of these phenomena is illustrated by the author, almost entirely from her own fifteen years' experience. The amazing and unusual experiences of which she writes show her to be a person of perception and sensitivity. Perhaps the two most interesting cases are those dealing with a medium called Nell, who claimed to be a later personality of Confucius, and that of her relationship with the German poet Rainer Maria Rilke both before and after his death.

The whole tone of the book is definitely constructive. Individuality is considered not as a separate entity, but a part of the universal whole. Individual happiness, therefore, is viewed as caused by a lack of religion, that is to say failure to connect oneself with the universal.—F.M.R.

A man should not through clemency overlook the insolence of the vulgar, otherwise both sustain a loss, for their respect for him is lessened, and their own brutality confirmed.—THE GULISTAN OF SA'DI.

A China Review

T'IEN HSIA MONTHLY Published under the auspices of the Sun Yat-sen Institute for the Advancement of Culture and Education. 400 Ferry Road, Shanghai. $1 Per Annum $9.

After Mr. Lowe Chuan-hua's article on "Economic Developments in Wartime China" the April issue of "T'ien Hsia Monthly" presents a pleasing little article, delightfully illustrated, on "The Gentle Art of Tea Drinking in China" written by Mr. John Calthorpe. For the drinking of expensive teas no ordinary pots and cups are reserved:

> ...The pot itself is far smaller than the average tea cup, and the cups literally the size of thimbles! It may seem strange to those who know little of the art of tea drinking that the finest porcelain is considered unworthy of such tea: simple brown earthenware is used instead. This is because the earthenware, being porous, absorbs some of the flavour of the tea. For this reason the pot is gently rinsed, but never thoroughly washed—thus, the older the pot, the better the flavour of the tea. Some pots, preferably those a hundred or so years old, which appear to be worth a few cents, may cost several hundred dollars. It is said that there is a certain kind of earthenware which absorbs so much of the goodness of the tea, that when it is very old it will produce excellent tea when nothing but hot water has been poured into it....

Mr. V. L. Wong deals with "Libraries and Book-Collecting in China from the Epoch of the Five Dynasties to the end of Ch'ing."

A Pessimist's Faith

In "Active Negation as a Revolutionary Solvent" Mr. Michael Fraenkel confesses himself a pessimist who takes his pessimism whole-heartedly, and yet holds that Active Negation

> ....leads us, I am not ashamed to say, to believe in anything. By our negation of everything known we are ready to affirm everything unknown. The magic of faith is restored. We have thrown wide open the gates of the soul, and God, the Unknown, for whom the way was too narrow before, may enter.

Mr. Pei Chung-ch'ing has been moved to contribute a "Geology Chronicle" by the fact that not far from Chungking the Geological Society of China held its annual meeting early in March. Mr. Harold Acton gives an explanatory foreword to his translation of "Ch'un-hsiang Nao Hsueh" a K'un-ch'ü light comedy from the Ming Dynasty play "Mu-tan T'ing" by T'ang Hsien-tsu (1550-1611).

> ....The chief merit of *Ch'un-hsiang Nao Hsüeh* is the piquant contrast between blithe youth and crabbed age and the titillating atmosphere of spring that pervades it....

Book reviews conclude a pleasant number.

New Fiction

"Mipam" by Lama Yongden (English Version by Percy Lloyd and Bernard Miall. The Bodley Head, London. 8/6) as a Tibetan novel by a Tibetan author is in itself a literary curiosity, but when this novel also proves to be a story of the first quality it may be judged on its literary merits. Mipam as a young boy is very much a Tibetan "Kim," and therefore a vigorous personality. He made his entry into life surrounded by such portents that it was evident he could not be an ordinary child. As the little boy grows the relationship between the child and his mother is shown with an affectionate delicacy. One of the artistically satisfying touches of the novel is the repetition of this theme and its appearance at the moment of Mipam's realization of his high destiny. The varied life of this boy from the home of a village headman gives opportunity for a rich and detailed description of home life in the Tibetan towns, the travel of the trader, the activities in the establishment of a petty prince, and the outdoor life which is essential to all classes of Tibetan society.

* * *

The religious life of Tibet is woven into the entire story. The author expresses the belief that there is a unique understanding of the spiritual life among Orientals which enables even those incapable of profound reflection themselves to provide a sympathetic background for others. The direction of life by divination and omens is but one facet of the religious influences which are part of every definite step in the life of a Tibetan. There is an objectivity shown by the author which is one of the essential qualities of his hero Mipam—this leads one to ask if there is not an autobiographical note in the book. Mipam the religious was able to "contemplate Mipam the trader as a stranger, quite separate from himself." This same detachment is shown in Lama Yongden's stories of the activities of the sorcerers.

* * *

The visit of the master yogin, Kushog Yeshes Kunzag, to the home of the princess brings together the important threads of the story. The events which arise from this visit culminate in the magic rites designed to destroy the master yogin and form the most dramatic part of the story. The handling of this part of the book shows the literary skill of the author. Following Mipam through all the changes of his career is a sense of oneness with all creation. A night passed in an anchorite's hut showed him his identification with all suffering nature. His aspiration to universal love was attained in his final illumination when he understood that he was the nineteenth reincarnation of the Lama of Ngarong. At a very early age Mipam falls in love with Dolma, the daughter of a wealthy trader. She too proves to be a reincarnation—that of the wife of the first Mipam. The love story is not background, but its importance is largely its influence on the development of Mipam.

* * *

It is interesting that the author has his chief character express little sympathy towards the English he meets in Kansu. "East and West considered each other without sympathy," he writes. Yet if ever a Tibetan might consider the West with understanding it should be Lama Yongden, for he is the adopted son of Madame David-Neel, the well-known French authority on Tibet and Lamaism, and he has had unusual opportunities for travel and study in western lands. A note at the beginning of the book tells of the author's dissatisfaction with the novels on Tibet which he had read.

> When the hilarity—mingled with some measure of indignation—excited by the extravagant description of certain writers had subsided, I felt that it was undesirable that readers should be led into error by such accounts.

This book succeeds in creating a living reality which will go far in giving an understanding of the Lama's country. Let not the reader fear the material in this book is too esoteric a subject for a novel. The adventure and the movement are vigorous; the passages of an occult nature are part of the flavour which makes this book a unique contribution to oriental fiction.—F.M.R.

In the Russian Colony

BY "STROY"

Serious discussion of the present speculation on rooms and growth of prices continue to be contributed to Russian newspapers by social workers. Mr. Charles Metzler, Chairman of the Russian Colony, has suggested that the Municipal authorities should tax to the highest limit private parties and real estate companies owning empty lots. He further suggests that a company be formed for the construction of houses whose apartments could be bought outright by tenants, pointing out that when put into practice in St. Petersburg this system was most successful. Help in the construction of such houses would have to be given by the Public Works Department. The price-norm could be agreed upon by the Consular Body while action against speculative measures such as the demanding of "key-money" would necessarily be taken through the laws of Governments represented in Shanghai. Barrister-at-Law I. N. Shendrikoff demands that court-action be taken against speculators in rents of rooms and apartments, further suggesting that terms of expiration given by "final notices" be extended and that contracts be renewed with an increase in rent where circumstances really warrant it. Another of Mr. Shendrikoff's suggestions is that the Chinese Court form a special department that would study cases involving tenants and landowners in minute detail.

Refugees from Germany and Austria have attracted attention by the odd assortment of goods they bring to light from their bags and bundles, yet this method of selling merchandise has been employed by Russian tradesmen for all the twenty years of their roving in foreign lands. It was this form of trade that laid the basis for the prosperity of Russians in Japan. Russians travelled far into the interior of China, and many paid for their initiative with their lives. In the Russian colony one may see one-man walking libraries, often containing new literary works, and although the colony also has no less than ten well-stocked libraries, this itinerary variety does not suffer from lack of custom.

The report emanating from France and stating that Grand Duke Vladimir, at present the senior of the Romanoff Dynasty, has left for England where he will work in a factory in order to get first-hand knowledge on the life and labour-conditions of workmen, has been most favourably received by the wider circles of Russians in Shanghai. The Grand Duke, however, is not interrupting his political activity, as reports on Russia and the life of Russian emigrés will be sent to him throughout his stay in England. Shortly prior to his departure the young Grand Duke received letters of felicitation from former Russian jurists and court officials, interesting because it is signed by people of divergent political views who themselves note that the young pretender to the Russian Throne has smoothed political differences and now addresses himself to the Russian people as a whole.

Harbin Institute

Seventeen years have passed since the founding of the Harbin Russo-Chinese Polytechnical Institute. Of the several hundred young engineers graduated from this High Technical School more than one hundred at present live and work in Shanghai. Today this institute is no longer Russian. It was taken over by the Manchoukuo authorities and for a number of years the enrollment of young Russians ceased. Of the graduates of this school, which was founded largely with the help of Mr. B. V. Ostroumoff, then manager of the Chinese Eastern Railway, those living in Shanghai are in their majority attractively employed in their chosen profession. At the seventeenth anniversary of the founding of the Institute a dinner was held in the Arcadia Restaurant, many speeches being given.

The Anti-Communist Committee of the Russian colony in Tsingtao has issued a notification to the effect that Russian emigrés coming to that city for the summer will not be called upon to make any monetary donation, with the exception of the $4 comprising registration and passport fees.

An interesting incident is reported of a Russian journalist who attended the Russian Cathedral on the Holy Easter Night service. When the procession of crosses had circled the church and Bishop John pronounced the first "Khristos Voskresie," the journalist suddenly felt some compact object under his feet. Bending down, he found this to be a white envelope crammed full with ten-dollar bills. Before he had time to decide what to do with his find, he heard a masculine wail: "In God's name, did anyone see my money?" The newsman pushed his way through the crowd to the gentleman, who was a picture of despair, and gave him the lost envelope. The owner was apparently so overcome with joy at this miraculous restitution that he quickly fled from the precincts of the Cathedral, forgetting to thank the journalist and leaving the unanswered question of why anyone should venture to take such a vast sum of money to the Easter service knowing of the great number of people that are squeezed together inside and around the church on Easter Night.

Y.M.C.A. Secretary

The departure from Shanghai of Mr. Cliff W. Petitt, General Secretary of the Foreign Y.M.C.A., for his new post in New York, has drawn sincere regrets from Russian youths grouped around this organization. During his three-and-a-half years of work in Shanghai, Mr. Petitt has evinced a large measure of interest in the Russian colony. For the first time, representatives of the colony began to take part in the administrative work of the Foreign Y.M.C.A. Taking into account economic conditions in the colony, he effected, through the Board of Trustees, specially low membership fees for Russian youths with small salaries, who were thus enabled to use the organization's sports facilities. It may be truthfully said that he had a kind word for every Russian youth who came into his office, while for many he found employment himself.

Ataman Semenoff, one of the most well-known leaders of the White Movement in the Far East during the years 1918 to 1920 and for many years a resident in Dairen, has rendered Easter Greetings to Russian emigration through the press, in which he states his conviction that the time is not far when Russians in foreign lands will be given an opportunity to serve their country together with Russians at present living in Russia.

Russians in Far Fields

Russians in Shanghai evince unabated interest in the fortunes of their compatriots in other parts of China, and the closest ties exist between Russians in Shanghai, in Tientsin, in Hankow, in Tsingtao and in Peking, to say nothing of Harbin. Russian newspapers have their own correspondents in all these cities. Latest reports from Peiping tell that 400 Russians are at present living in that city. Most of them have satisfactory positions, some having their own business enterprises and some working in foreign firms. Although the social centre of the Peiping colony is the "Russian House," the "spiritual centre" is the Russian Orthodox Mission headed by the popular Archbishop Victor. As in other cities of China, Peiping's best hotels and restaurants employ Russian musicians, and there is even a Russian symphonic orchestra under the direction of Mr. Kupchinsky. A number of Russians continue to work in the Rockfeller Institute, which is very popular among Russians of frail health.

Mrs. E. A. Slavina, who has lived in Japan for 20 years where she completely mastered the art of the ancient Japanese dance, is at present in Shanghai together with her husband, Mr. Brown, who is an artist. In addition to learning Japanese horeography, Mrs. Slavina-Brown studied the ancient Chinese dance with the best instructors, and is at present preparing to give a recital in order to acquaint the public with both these arts. It may be mentioned that for a whole month Mrs. Slavina-Brown took lessons in ancient Chinese dancing technique from the famous Mr. Mei Lan-fan.

Seventy "Terrier" Units Now Full Strength

London, Apr. 15.

Seventy units of the Territorial Army have now reached their full war establishment. They are now to recruit for their second line.—Wireless through Reuter.

Polish Industrialists Visiting Moscow

Warsaw, Apr. 15.

A delegation of Polish industrialists left for Moscow today to negotiate an agreement for the import into Poland of Soviet cotton.—Havas.

Greece Thanks Britain

Athens, Apr. 15.

M. Metaxas, the Prime Minister, has requested the British Minister, Sir Sidney Waterlow, to convey to the British Government the grateful thanks of the Greek Government for the pledge given by Britain.—Reuter.

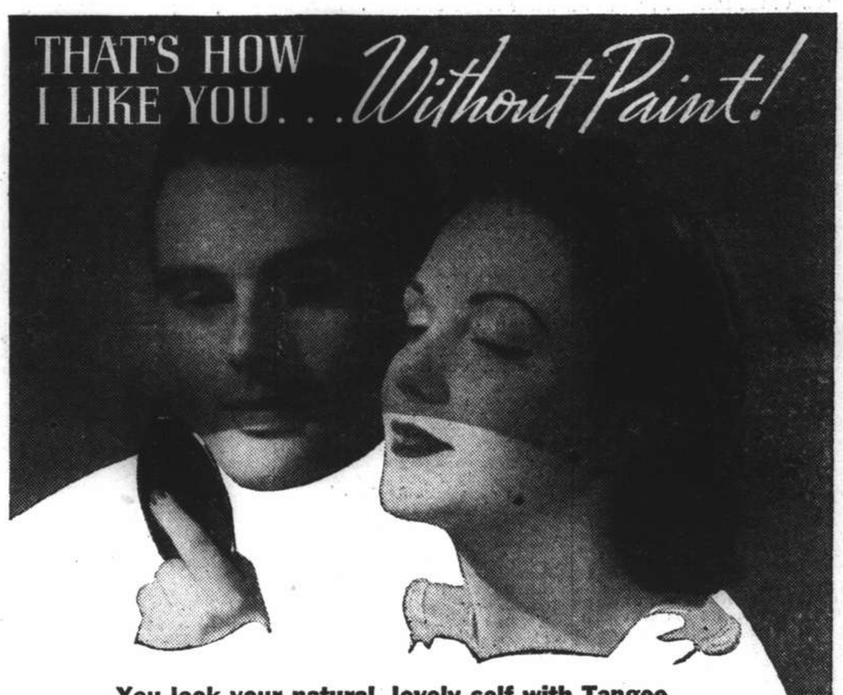
With the

JEAN LABORDE

which arrived yesterday,
we have received a fresh stock
of the latest books, magazines and reviews.

FRENCH BOOK SHOP

357 Szechuen Road Telephone 16651

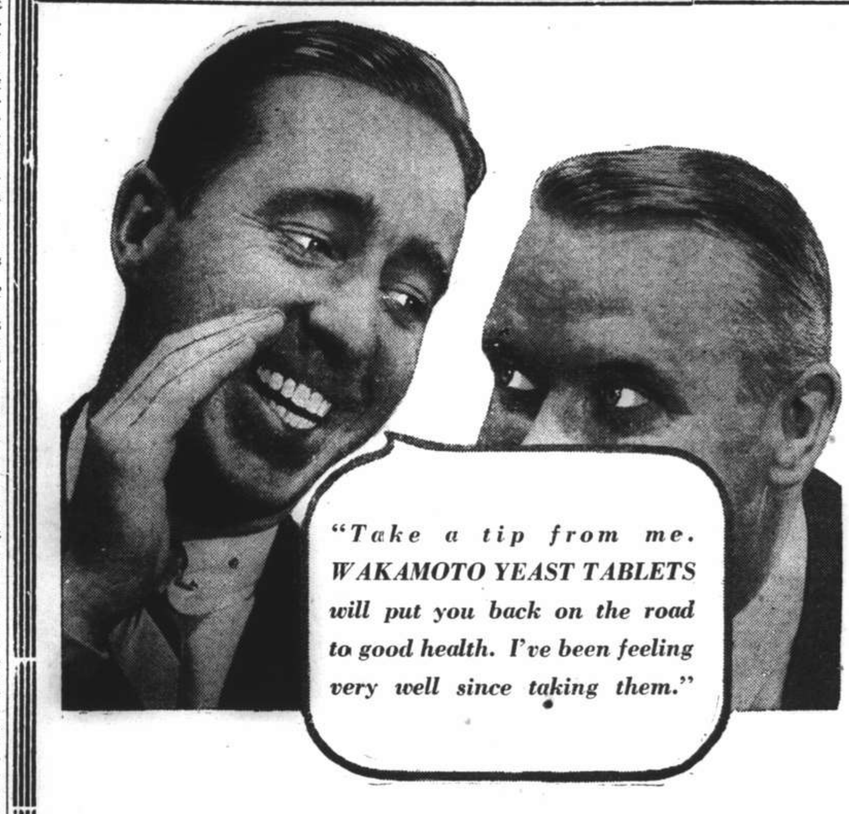


You look your natural, lovely self with Tangee

You'll find this feeling general with men. They don't like lips and cheeks smeared with red paint, or skin with a coated "powdery" look. The secret of Tangee is—it isn't paint. Therefore, can't paint.

By its magic Color Change Principle, Tangee Lipstick, Rouge and Face Powder change color as applied, blend with your natural skin tones. Give a lovely, youthful color that men admire. Use the Tangee Trio today to reveal *your* natural beauty. Insist on Tangee Lipstick, Rouge (Creme or Compact) and Face Powder.

In the stick Tangee Natural is orange. On your lips it changes to suit your natural individual coloring. On occasion, you may prefer a more vivid color, then use Tangee Theatrical Lipstick and Rouge to match.



返老還童
若素
營養胃腸劑

WAKAMOTO YEAST TABLETS

contain, in active form, valuable enzymes and nutritions which, combined with other formative elements, help your system to ward off illness and restore the normal functioning of your body.

Obtainable at

LUEBBERT'S PHARMACY
169 Nanking Road

AMERICAN DISPENSARY
226 Nanking Road

and at all leading chemists

Also obtainable in powder form.

WAKAMOTO LTD.

176 Nanzing Road Telephones 46017, 45500

BEACH HOTEL

Mogi, Japan (Near Nagasaki).
T. Sunada, Proprietor.

Comfortable family Hotel, situated on charming bay about 20 minutes by road from Nagasaki. Frequent and cheap bus service. Tennis court and private grounds, ideally suitable for children. Swimming from Hotel's pontoon. Private motor launch carries guests gratis to nearby beaches. There is new coast road to well-known bathing beach. Excellent cuisine, specialising in Lobsters, prawns, and fresh fish, daily catch of local fishing fleet. Locality affords charming walks-wooded hills, bamboo groves, etc. Hotel representative will meet all guests upon their arrival at Nagasaki. Terms very moderate.

THE SPORTS PAGE

Crews in Training for Spring Regatta Next Month

May 21 Tentatively Fixed for Races; Two Days Necessary; Germans Favoured for Eights

OARSMEN have been in training for two weeks now, in preparation for the Shanghai Rowing Club Spring Regatta which is to be held on the Whangpoo on May 21, the possibility of making the function a two-day affair being more than likely in view of the interest taken in a wider range of events. Should the two-day regatta materialize, it is planned to hold several events "unofficially" on the Saturday, and to run off the main races on the Sunday of that week-end.

A list of interesting events has been drawn up with the international races as the most important, and indications from training show that there will be an entry of four crews in the Eights, this number being regarded as a good augury for the furthered interest that is being taken in rowing.

The following is the list of events and tentative times given for the regatta programme:—

SATURDAY, MAY 20

2.00 p.m.—International Pairs.
2.30 p.m.—Griffin Tub Sculls.
3.00 p.m.—Junior Sculls.
3.30 p.m.—International Sculls.

SUNDAY, MAY 21

10.30 a.m.—Griffin Fours.
11.00 a.m.—International Eights.
11.30 a.m.—Griffin Pairs.
12.00 noon.—Old Blues Fours.
12.30 p.m.—Junior Pairs.
Tiffin interval.
1.30 p.m.—Junior International Fours.
2.00 p.m.—International Fours.
2.30 p.m.—Junior Senior Fours.
3.00 p.m.
Club v. Committee Eights.

May 21 has been selected as the most suitable date for the regatta in view of the tides, and it has been necessary to advance the afternoon's programme to enable the races to be run off before the ebb sets in, as the oarsmen will be given a great handicap in having to row against the tide. No definite arrangement as to the venue has been made yet, but these matters are being worked on by the Rowing Club committee and it is hoped to hold as successful a regatta this spring as was held last Autumn.

Keen Training

A considerable amount of keenness has been shown in the training recently and if present indications are any guide, the regatta should bring about some excellent racing and a number of entries for all events. The greatest preparation has of course been taken in the International Eights and the entry of four crews in this seems assured, with a possibility of five or six in the fours and pairs.

The Scots were the first to take the water this year, their crew going out early in February, and considerable progress has been made with the young material they have in hand this season. They have been very unfortunate in losing some of their old stalwarts, A. W. Wagstaff's departure to Singapore a year ago starting the exodus, and with such men as V. G. Stott, J. L. Youngman, A. C. Sinclair and T. Hoggarth dropping out, it remains to the younger members to uphold the Scottish colours. J. B. Brown, who so successfully coached the English trial crews of last autumn, has taken the Scottish crews in hand this spring, and with four of the "Old Guard" in G. G. Forrestier, C. Hodgman, R. Corbett and L. D. Beattie as a nucleus, he has formed an eight with S. J. Ward, T. G. C. Knight, D. I. Campbell and H. C. F. Eardley.

The latter four are barely out of their griffin class, in fact neither Campbell nor Eardley has rowed before this season, but both are coming on well and the enthusiasm shown bodes well for the crews chances of success. The coach is trying to make the older members overcome their bad habits especially that of being sluggish with recovery of the body and hands. The less experienced have come on well, Ward giving indications of becoming a good oarsman, while Knight similarly improves with leaps and bounds.

Germans Favoured

The German crew has the most experience and at the time of writing is the favourite to win the Eights race, although the average age of those rowing is about ten years more per man that any of the Scottish or English crews. Pressler at stroke is a seasoned oarsman and stroked the Shanghai interport crew which went up to Tientsin last autumn. He has W. Wagner at No. 7, another experienced oarsman, while F. Istl is at No. 6. H. Wolcken at No. 5 is the most polished oar in the crew and probably the most polished oarsman in the club. He has had a wealth of experience, having rowed in the interport crew for Shanghai against Tientsin and previously has represented Tientsin against Shanghai. H. Glaessel at No. 4 is a newcomer, who is reputed to have rowed in good company before, while K. Tauber, O. Jurany and H. Ulbricht form the bow three of the crew. In all it is a very strong combination and undoubtedly are regarded just now as the favourites for the race. They are being trained by G. M. (Gerry) Neal, whose experience will stand them in good stead.

Another strong combination has been formed for a "World" crew. Here, A. Thoresen, Lt. Funk, N. P. Ivanoff, A. Sevald, E. G. Davis, R. C. Phillips, C. P. Kahmann and N. O. Kring make up the crew with Finn Berge as cox and coach. Looking over the names it is evident that the combination is picked from the American, Norwegian and Russian members of the club, and all are experienced men. America has been unable to muster an eight this year, having lost W. H. Brockett, who is away from Shanghai, while S. F. Jensen and Lt. Swenseski are not available. L. Reierstad and P. S. Hawkins may be able to join the crew but even at that there is a shortage of two men to make up the eight and for this reason the Americans have formed up with the Norwegians to make up the "World" eight.

It is understood that there is a very good possibility of America being represented in the International Fours by C. P. Kahmann (stroke), Lt. Funk, E. G. Davis and R. C. Phillips (bow), and this combination should be strong. The Norwegians in the "World eight are in a similar position to the Americans. They have A. Thoresen, A. Sevald, and N. O. Kring—just one short of a four. There is a possibility of their being able to make up a four before the regatta, with the inclusion of Lund or Thowsen.

England has always had the greatest in numbers to choose from and has as a result been regarded yearly as the favourites for the eights. This year they again have the largest in numbers to choose from, but out of this wealth of material there are three who have just emerged out of their griffin class, and the others are only just juniors of one season's standing apart from F. R. L. Carey, A. B. Wilkinson, L. V. Fabian and H. Farmer. The crew will be handicapped by lightness in weight—they will probably be at least twenty pounds per man lighter than any of the other crews. They have lost R. A. O. Mayne and G. F. C. McLorn for the season through illness, the former being a distinct loss as he was the obvious stroke for the fours and eights, while McLorn was practically the obvious No. 7 for the eight and the No. 3 for the four. At present either H. Farmer or L. V. Fabian will stroke the eight, these two being fairly steady and backing up F. R. L. Carey and A. B. Wilkinson, who are the more experienced men in the crew. W. K. Corneck and G. Blatchford are the most promising of the younger oarsmen. At the moment coach R. G. Woodhead is concentrating on improving the bladework in the crew, and to try to get more recovery and body swing, as there is too much riding up and down the slides. The following men are in training for selection in the English eight: W. K. Corneck, G. Blatchford, G. Harrop, L. V. Fabian, E. A. J. Fabian, F. R. L. Carey, H. Farmer, H. C. F. Aris, A. B. Wilkinson, D. Ramplin, J. E. Larsen and R. A. Dodd.

Entries for the griffins have not been big and those who are interested in learning how to row and to enter for this class are asked to communicate with the Club Secretary as soon as possible and coaches will be arranged for their benefit. At present the club is without the services of a motor boat and if any generous sportsman has a motor boat capable of keeping up with a racing four or eight which he would consider lending to the club, his action would be greatly appreciated.

Badminton Play to Begin Tomorrow

Hongkong Team Will Meet Local Portuguese

The entire programme for a series of badminton matches to be played between the visiting Portuguese players from Clube de Rocreio, Hongkong, and Clube Lusitano of Shanghai was announced yesterday. Play will begin at 6 p.m. on Wednesday and will be extended over a period of three days. The schedule calls for no less than twelve matches, including five exhibition encounters between the visitors and Henry and Miss Decima Eardley, two of Shanghai's best exponents.

The exhibition games will precede the inter-club affair on each one of the evenings. They include two mixed doubles, two men's doubles, and one ladies' singles. The inter-club encounters include two mixed doubles, two ladies' doubles, one match each in the men's doubles, men's singles and ladies' singles.

With the exception of the exhibition men's and mixed doubles on Thursday, and the exhibition ladies' singles on Friday—in which Henry and Miss Decima Eardley will participate—all players taking part are drawn from either Clube de Rocreio or Clube Lusitano.

Henry Eardley, the Shanghai champion, will only figure in a mixed and men's doubles as the standard of the two Hongkong male players is not considered sufficient to arrange a men's singles exhibition.

Visitors to be Entertained

The Hongkong team's visit will extend for ten days with prospects of departure from Shanghai on or about April 25. The invaders will be entertained to a dance to be given on April 20 in their honour. It is the intention of Clube Lusitano to stage the series regularly and, it is understood, that the local club will make an effort to visit Hongkong the forthcoming season.

The complete schedule for the series follows:—

Tomorrow

EXHIBITION DOUBLES

J. J. Remedios (Recreio) and B. V. de Senna (Lusitano) v. H. Eardley (Union Church) and A. V. Guterres (Lusitano).

Miss M. Silva and M. A. Oliveira (Recreio) v. Miss D. Eardley H. Eardley (Union Church).

RECREIO v. LUSITANO

Miss M. Xavier and Miss M. Ribeiro v. Mrs. A. A. Remedios and Miss F. Pereira.

M. A. Oliveira and J. J. Remedios v. Mr. B. V. de Senna and Mr. C. A. de Silva.

Thursday

EXHIBITION MIXED DOUBLES

Mrs. A. A. Remedios (Lusitano) and J. J. Remedios (Recreio) v. Miss M. Ribeiro (Recreio) and C. A. da Silva (Lusitano).

RECREIO v. LUSITANO

Miss O. Ribeiro (Recreio) v. Mrs. H. C. Collaco (Lusitano).

Miss M. Silva (Recreio) v. Mrs. A. S. Costa (Lusitano).

M. Oliveira (Recreio) v. B. V. de Senna (Lusitano).

Miss M. Xavier (Recreio) v. Mrs. A. A. Remedios (Lusitano).

Friday

EXHIBITION SINGLES

Miss M. Xavier (Crecreio) v. Miss D. Eardley (Union Church).

RECREIO v. LUSITANO

Miss O. Ribeiro and J. J. Remedios v. Mrs. C. Bernal Silva and C. A. da Silva.

Miss M. Silva and M. Oliveira v. Mrs. A. A. Remedios and B. V. de Senna.

EXHIBITION DOUBLES

M. A. Oliveira and J. J. Remedios (Recreio) v. A. S. Costa and A. C. Sequeira (Lusitano).

Dirt Track Riders Have Wonderful Escape

Santa Rosa, Cal. Apr. 17.

A terrible accident in which twelve drivers were injured, occurred in a dirt track race here yesterday when two cars crashed into each other, skidded wildly across the track, and caused sixteen other cars to smash into them. Although most of the cars were completely destroyed, there were no drivers killed.—Havas.

Many Sports Meetings In April and May

Police Preliminaries on Saturday at S.A.S.

The annual general meeting of the Shanghai Track and Field Association (International) is to take place next Tuesday at the Foreign Y.M.C.A., according to the decision made yesterday by the Committee which met at the "Y" to discuss plans for the forthcoming season.

In the absence of Mr. H. V. Bernard, president, who is on home leave, Mr. L. F. Bright, vice-president, took the chair. Among others who were present were Mr. Robert Z. K. Sze, hon. sec., Mr. K. S. Chang, hon. treas., and Mr. Harold Brown, chairman of the management committee.

With the preliminaries of the Police Sports taking place on Saturday and the finals coming off one week later the month of May will be fully occupied with other meetings of various nature. The scene of these competitions, undoubtedly, will be the Shanghai American School.

The first two Saturdays of May will be occupied by the 13th the annual Inter-School Meeting. The Foreign Y.M.C.A. will use May 20 for a dual or triangular meeting. Consequently, the Shanghai Open Championships will not take place until the latter part of May or the first week of June. At present, May 27 and June 3 have been reserved by the S.T.F.A.

Last season the S.A.S. kindly allowed the various meeting to be run off without any charge. But as there have already been many requests this year for the field for practice or competition purposes the school authorities have decided to charge a minimum fee of $50 for one afternoon.

Entry forms will be sent out within these two or three days and those desirous of entering are asked to send two representatives to Tuesday's meeting in which all details regarding the coming season's prospects will be discussed.

France Beats Wales at 13-a-Side Rugger

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Bordeaux, Apr. 16.

France defeated Wales here today 13-a-side rugby by 16 points to 10.—Reuter.

Louis and Roper Meet Tomorrow

Challenger Thought Easy For Champion; Little Betting on Bout

Los Angeles, Apr. 16.

Joe Louis, the 25-year-old negro world heavyweight champion, and Jack Roper, his veteran challenger, tonight were pronounced at top condition for their ten-round title battle at Wrigley Field tomorrow.

Officials of the California State Athletic Commission and official physicians examined both fighters and found them in excellent shape. Joe Louis was trained to the minute and was confident that he could dispose of his foe almost in record time.

The sombre Brown Bomber was not boastful but he nodded when asked whether he believed he could knock Roper out in the first round.

Sports writers generally believe Roper is just a chopping block and that he was picked for the role of human punching bag because of the sudden impression he created by knocking out Bob Nestell, youthful heavyweight, in a single round.

Light Betting

Commissioners said that betting was light, because there were few who cared to risk picking Roper, although there was a sudden flow of cash support for the veteran boxer yesterday when sportsmen were attracted by the long odds.

Those who placed bets on Roper in the hope of winning a fortune because of the 10-to-1 odds, backed up their choice by saying Roper possesses a knockout punch if he can land early in the fight.

But there are few who believed that this 35-year-old fighter, despite his experience of fifteen years in the ring, could stand up to the deadly attacks of the Brown Bomber who has all the advantage of youth and power on his side.—United Press.

Commercial Ten Pins League Closing

Competition in the first annual Shanghai Commercial Ten Pins League will be brought to a close when the final sessions are to take place tonight in the various club alleys.

The Lawyers-Auditors and the First Battalion U.S. Marines, who are separated by a difference of one game for leadership in the Hardwood Section, will meet each other at the Marines' alleys to vie for the championship in this section of the league.

The margin between the two leading teams in the Softwood Section is also separated by a single game's difference, with the Exporters enjoying a small lead over the Second Battalion U.S. Marines. The Exporters will play the Chemicals while the "Leathernecks" will oppose the Headquarters team from their own Regiment.

Volleyball Leadership Play Tomorrow

Navy and Foreign Y.M.C.A's In Vital Contest

A crucial game in the Invitation Volleyball League at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. will be held tomorrow evening when the teams from the Navy and Foreign Y.M.C.A.'s, both still unbeaten this season, are scheduled to fight for leadership.

Supporting the above game will be a similarly important encounter in Section I of the Second Division when the Russian Club "B" meets the "Y" Giants. Both sides are also in victorious stride and a gruelling struggle is expected. The Second Battalion U.S. Marines and Hazelwood take a lead in Section II and the two teams will be opposed to each other on Saturday.

In the Women's League You Hsing and Aldesi have each established a lead in the two respective sections and are the only undefeated teams.

Latest team standings are:—

FIRST DIVISION

	Won	Lost	P'ct.
Navy Y.M.C.A.	4	0	1,000
Foreign Y.M.C.A.	3	0	1,000
Russian Regiment	2	1	667
Fong Kong "A"	2	2	500
Russian Club	1	4	200
Paramount	0	4	000

SECOND DIVISION

SECTION I

	Won	Lost	P'ct.
Russian Club	4	0	1,000
Giants	4	0	1,000
Fong Kong "B"	4	0	1,000
Blue Black	3	1	750
Woo Brothers	3	2	600
Iron	2	3	400
1st Bn. Marines	1	4	200
Riverside	1	4	200
Menora	1	4	200
S.F.X.	0	3	000
Aurora	0	5	000

SECTION II

	Won	Lost	P'ct.
2nd Bn. Marines	4	0	1,000
Hazelwood	3	0	1,000
Sokol	3	1	750
Whites	3	1	750
Twenty-seventh	2	2	500
Betar	1	3	250
Italian Navy	1	3	250
Bankers' Association	1	3	250
Lo Kwang	0	3	000
St. John's M.S.	0	3	000

LADIES SECTION

SECTION I

	Won	Lost	P'ct.
You Hsing	5	0	1,000
Erin Villa "A"	2	1	667
W.S.S. Reds	2	2	500
After Class	2	2	500
Keys	2	3	400
Y's Team	1	3	250
Betar	0	4	000

SECTION II

	Won	Lost	P'ct.
Aldesi	5	0	1,000
S.M.C. Girls	4	1	800
Green, White & Red	3	1	750
Square Hearts	3	2	600
Sokol	2	2	500
Erin Villa "B"	1	3	250
Lycene	1	5	167
W.S.S. Blues	0	5	000

Philippine Company Pistol Shoot

Lieut. Luchangco High Gun; Sgt. Joseph Second

The April Pistol Shoot of the Philippine Company, S.V.C., was held at the Short Range on Friday morning last.

As conditions called for two rapid fire and one snap shooting practice at 10 yards firing equally with both right and left hand, many a would-be respectable score was brought to grief by the "other hand." Detailed scores follow:

	Net	Allowance	Total
Lieut. G. E. Luchangco	113	0	113 (a)
Sgt. H. Joseph	100	18	118 (b)
Cpl. G. Orden	100	0	100
Lieut. A. Y. Celis	92	0	92
Pte. C. Amper	81	30	111 (c)
Pl. Sgt. S. Lakan-Ilaw	81	0	91
Pte. E. Lacson	76	30	106
Pte. J. Canlas	74	30	104
Pte. R. B. Dizon	73	30	103
Pte. T. Antonio	72	30	102
Cpl. L. Digmanese	71	30	101
Pte. M. Sarreal	70	24	94
Pte. J. Silverio	70	30	100
Cpl. J. S. Fabian	69	12	81
Pte. P. C. Mercado	68	24	92
Pte. A. Ronquillo	66	30	96
Cpl. P. Espino	58	18	76
Pte. E. S. Cruz	54	18	72
Pte. G. Pena	53	30	83
Pte. C. J. Souza	48	12	60
Pte. L. B. Jangoz	44	30	74
		H. P. S.	120

(a) High Gun (and second)—Spoon.
(b) 1st—Spoon, Future Allowance 5 per cent.
(c) 3rd—Spoon, Future Allowance 20 per cent.

HINDSBARR FOOTBALL POOLS

Results for week ending April 15.

POOL NO. 1 $1,000.00 FREE POOL
2 1 1 x 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2
Nearest forecasts—9 results.
Nos. 315, 536, 548.

POOL NO. 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
DIVIDEND $8.40 PAID
Nos. 310, 315, 410, 412, 415, 536, 539, 548, 853, 855, 859, 922, 985, (9 correct results).

HINDS & BARR
Telephone 15155 100 Central Arcade P.O. Box 1895

TELEPHONE 30189 FORD TAXIS

HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY at 7 p.m.
Events 1-8: 1. ENRIQUE 2. FERNANDO 3. AZUMENDI 4. MAGUREGUI 5. CAREAGA 6. PRUDENCIO
Events 9-16: 1. ANDRINUA 2. RAMOS 3. SOLOZABAL 4. ACHA 5. OSA 6. SALSAMENDI

PURE GRAIN "SNOW" Genuine Russian Vodka

GOLFERS INSURANCE
$10 per annum
General Accident, Fire & Life Assurance Corp., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Great Britain)
18 The Bund Tel. 17455

GRAND TELEPHONE 32223
TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
Adolph Zukor presents "KING OF ALCATRAZ"
A Paramount Picture with GAIL PATRICK LLOYD NOLAN
J. Carrol Naish • Harry Carey
DIRECTED BY ROBERT FLOREY
Added! MUSICAL in technicolor POPEYE THE SAILOR SPORTS-NEWS
GANG LAW! Versus the law of the sea!
Two men and a girl against a mobster amok on the high seas!
NOTE! There Will Be No Shows To-morrow at 2.30 and 5.30 p.m. Owing To The Rate Payers Meeting

Opens TO-MORROW NIGHT at 9!
GREAT TRADITION HAS INSPIRED A GREAT PICTURE!—GREATER IN TECHNICOLOR!
The glorious romantic tradition of beautiful women, chivalrous men . . . and love all fire and pride! The sporting Blue Grass tradition of noble thoroughbreds, inherited racing rivalry . . . and the famed Kentucky Derby!
Kentucky IN TECHNICOLOR
with LORETTA YOUNG • RICHARD GREENE and WALTER BRENNAN
DOUGLAS DUMBRILLE • KAREN MORLEY • MORONI OLSEN
Directed by David Butler
Associate Producer Gene Markey • Screen Play by Lamar Trotti and John Taintor Foote • From the story "The Look of Eagles" by John Taintor Foote
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

CATHAY TELEPHONE 73757
NOW PLAYING at 3, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
"I'M GOING WHERE THERE AIN'T NO ANGEL WITH A DIRTY FACE OR DIRTY TRICKS!"
"I'M GOING ON THIS HONEYMOON IF I HAVE TO GO ALONE AND I PROBABLY WILL!"
"I'M GOING BACK TO REFORM SCHOOL WHERE I CAN GET SOME PEACE AND QUIET!"
PAT O'BRIEN and JOAN BLONDELL
"Off the Record"
with BOBBY JORDAN
Directed by JAMES FLOOD
A WARNER BROS. Picture
Screen Play by Niven Busch, Lawrence Kimble and Earl Baldwin • From an Original Story by Saul Elkins and Sally Sandlin
Downtown Booking at SAM LAZARO BROS!!

Premiere TO-MORROW, 9 p.m.!
BERNARD SHAW'S
First Authorized Photoplay. He Wrote The Script Himself! (He Loves It! And Broadway Loves It! It's Been Running For Months!)
CHEERS!
"Not merely good, but practically perfect!" *says Time Magazine!*
"Swellest picture ever made!" *raves Damon Runyon!*
"One of the 10 best pictures of the year!" vote 8 out of 9 New York critics!
A LESLIE HOWARD in BERNARD SHAW'S "PYGMALION"
with WENDY HILLER and WILFRID LAWSON
MARIE LOHR • SCOTT SUNDERLAND
Screen Play and Dialogue by Bernard Shaw • Music by Arthur Honegger • Directed by Anthony Asquith and Leslie Howard • Produced by GABRIEL PASCAL
Reservations Will Only Be Held Till 15 Minutes Before The Show Starts.

NANKING TELEPHONE 84133
NOW PLAYING at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
Wallop-A-Minute Romance That's Tops For Exciting Entertainment!
Packed with power! Red-hot with romance! Teeming with thrills! Sweethearts of "A Yank at Oxford" in a star-studded hit!
ROBERT TAYLOR THE CROWD ROARS with EDWARD ARNOLD
FRANK MORGAN • MAUREEN O'SULLIVAN • WILLIAM GARGAN
LIONEL STANDER • JANE WYMAN
Directed by Richard Thorpe Produced by Sam Zimbalist
A Metro Goldwyn Mayer Picture
Also: TRAVELTALKS in Technicolor—NEWS OF THE DAY

METROPOL TELEPHONE 93322
TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
A MAN WITHOUT A HEART CAUGHT IN THE SILKEN SNARES OF A WOMAN WITHOUT A SOUL!
The magnificent outcast of "I Am A Fugitive from a Chain Gang" teamed with the beautiful enchantress of "Of Human Bondage" to bring you the dramatic jolt of a lifetime!
PAUL MUNI in "BORDER-TOWN" with BETTE DAVIS
Settle for yourself the battle raging among the critics! Who gives the greatest screen performance of the year—Paul Muni in "Bordertown"—or—Bette Davis in "Bordertown"?
Brand New Print

— To-morrow!—1 Day Only! —
Another Popular Revival!
THRILL TO THE DRAMA of Titans hating, loving, fighting their riotous way through the glorious golden West!
WARNER BROS. Present "GOLD IS WHERE YOU FIND IT"
with GEORGE BRENT OLIVIA DE HAVILLAND CLAUDE RAINS MARGARET LINDSAY
BARTON MacLANE • JOHN LITEL TIM HOLT • WILLIE BEST
Directed by MICHAEL CURTIZ
Music by Max Steiner
A First National Picture
A COSMOPOLITAN PRODUCTION
The West of yesteryear in the full glory of today's TECHNICOLOR!

Shanghai Darts League

Possible Chance of Four Teams to Tie for Title; Louza and Gordon Road Favourites

SELDOM has a sporting contest resolved itself into a such a close tussle as has the Shanghai Open Darts League, inasmuch as the final standings probably will result in the outcome of the games which Louza and Gordon Road Police Stations have to play with the Seaforths Sergeants Mess.

So closely are the teams running neck and neck that a single point may decide the winners. Gordon Road, according to schedule is to play the Seaforths tonight, while Louza will play them later.

Last night Louza trimmed the Area Details by the odd game in three, bringing their total score up to 28, whereas, according to the table below, Gordon Road having beaten the Garrison Sergeants' Mess, three-nil, have the same number of points. The East Surreys, now on top with 29 points, have finished their series of fixtures and seemingly should be out of the race, unless both Louza and Gordon Road lose their matches with the same score against the Seaforths. Then three teams would have 29 points. In that case Central Station, by winning their last match, 3-0 also, could make a four-way tie. What a "grand-stand" finish if this would happen.

Last Week's Games

Gordon Road Station, by securing six points—the maximum—from two matches in the week, has climbed ten places to rest in the second position with 28 points. The team still has one match to play off and in view of the fact that lads from Gordon Road have had a phenomenal run during the past three weeks—they have gained fourteen points out of fifteen — they will naturally be favoured to collect from the poorly-placed Seaforths Sergeants' Mess. On this clash, the championship will most probably be decided.

East Surreys Win

As predicted, the East Surreys VI won their final encounters with the greatest of ease, taking three points from the Area Details, to put that squad right out of the running, and following that up by beating the Jail by two games to one. This excellent finish has permitted the Londoners to go to the top of the League, one point ahead of Gordon Road and their fate now rests on the results of matches in which other sides will be competing.

Louza Station is still very much in the picture and if it can secure a goodly quota from its two remaining matches, then the Shield will find its way to this very capable team's silverware chest.

Central Station and the British Military Police both have an opportunity of equalling the present leaders' number of pooints but to achieve this feat they must win every game in which they still have to figure. Not a forlorn hope, by a long chalk, but against the odds!

S.V.C.'s Wooden Spoon

At the other end of the table, the Garrison Sergeants' Mess soundly whitewashed the Shanghai Volunteer Corps to place their opponents in the unenviable position of being definite winners of the wooden for the ensuing year.

Top scorer in the race for the prize awarded the player recording the highest individual throw is Owen of the British Military Police with an excellent score of 162 which he knocked-up when playing for the British Military Police against the Central Club recently.

Latest results and League standings:

East Surreys Sergeants Mess beat Area Details 3-0; East Surreys Sergeants' Mess beat Jail 2-1; Gordon Road Station beat R.A.S.C. 3-0; Gordon Road Station beat Garrison Sergeants' Mess 3-0; Central Club beat Shanghai Fire Brigade 2-1; Armed and Training Reserve beat Seaforths Sergeants' Mess 2-1; R.A.S.C. beat British Military Police 2-1; R.A.S.C. beat Carter Road Police Quarters 2-1; Garrison Sergeants' Mess beat Shanghai Volunteer Corps 3-0.

Sunday's Standings

Appended are the results of last week's play:—

	P.	W.	L.	Pts.
East Surreys Sgt. Mess	16	11	5	29
Gordon Road Station	15	9	6	28
Louza Station	14	9	5	26
Central Station	15	9	6	26
R.A.M.C.	16	9	7	26
Central Club	16	9	7	26
Carter Road Quarters	15	10	5	24
Armed and Training Reserve	15	10	5	24
Area Details	15	9	6	24
Pootoo Road Station	15	9	6	24
Shanghai Fire Brigade	15	7	8	24
British Military Police	14	8	6	23
R.A.S.C.	16	6	10	22
Jail	15	3	12	16
Seaforths Sgt. Mess	11	5	6	13
Garrison Sergeants Mess	15	2	13	14
Shanghai Volunteer Corps	16	2	14	12

Stanley Cup Won By Bruins

Ice Hockey Championship Rests with Boston

Boston, Apr. 16.

With nearly 17,000 spectators spurring them on, the Boston Bruins crushed the Toronto Maple Leafs, 3 goals to 1, tonight and won the prized Stanley Cup, symbolic trophy of ice hockey supremacy, for the second time in a decade.

Boston spectators went wild as they celebrated the victory which was all the more brilliant since the Bruins only required five games to beat the Canadians instead of the full seven games which constitute the final series for the cup after the preliminary play-offs. They won four games to one.

Hundreds of spectators broke through police ranks and rushed out on the slippery ice rink to congratulate the players. The others in the stands participated in a sustained demonstration as the final bell sounded announcing that the Bruins had won the Stanley Cup.

Presentation of Trophy

There was another enthusiastic demonstration when Frank Calder, president of the national ice hockey league, presented the Stanley Cup to the captain of the Bruins, Cooney Weiland.

The Bruins won the Stanley Cup in 1929 for the first time, although they have played in the Stanley Cup series on no fewer than eight occasions. On four occasions they have met the Maple Leafs but came out the losers in each case although they were heavily favoured not only to defeat the Toronto aggregation but to win the Stanley Cup as well.

A wall-like defence and a great find in Frankie Brimsek, rookie goalie, have made the Bruins the hardest team to score against.

The Leafs only won the second game against the Bruins in the final seven-game series. The Bruins started off at Boston with a 2-1 victory, but lost the next encounter, 3-2, after an overtime period.

The Bruins won both games at Toronto, however, the first by 3-1 and the next, 2-0.

The Bruins won the league championship by a record margin. They were heavily favoured to win the league and the Stanley Cup right from the very start of the season.—United Press.

Tail-Wagger Chats

Changing Canine Form

By Philokuon

Certain breeds have changed almost beyond belief since the setting in of dog shows. I often wonder if old-time bull-baiters would be able to recognize our bulldogs as the descendants of those that topk part in the brutal pastime of worrying a tethered animal. Earlier bulldogs had bodies very much like the modern bull terrier's and a similar long whip tail. Their muzzles were also much longer, though the lower jaw was inclined to turn up to a more modified extent. Then look at the King Charles Spaniels, that are now almost noseless. At the beginning of last century they were small cockers, and were sometimes actually used in field sports. One can appreciate that all dogs should have been improved by selective breeding, but that is altogether different from the violent changes in form that have occurred in a few.

On the other hand, we have some breeds that give the impression of being very much as they were centuries ago. The Spitz family has probably changed as little as any. It is said that a dog of the Pomeranian type is shown on Babylonian records. The little Maltese, with its long white coat, is believed to resemble its ancestors at the beginning of the Christian era. Within the last three or four years Mrs. Burn discovered in the wilds of Africa small hunting dogs many hundreds of miles up the Congo and one of its tributaries. You may imagine the distance when I tell you that her first consignments were a week on a river steamer before reaching Leopoldsville, whence it was a long railway journey to the coast.

The prospects of these Basenjis are distinctly encouraging, people taking to their elegant bodies, pleasing colouring, and the general air of smartness exhibited by them. Not much bigger than fox terriers, they are real little sportsmen, being used by the natives for tracking wild game. As they run mute, gourds are attached to their bodies containing pebbles that rattle and thus tell the hunters where they are working. A club devoted to their interests was formed at Cruft's show with Lady Helen Nutting as president, and Captain Richards as chairman. Captain Richards obtained one from the Niam-Niams, the tribe mentioned by Schweinfurth, and it is identical in type with the others.

Police Sports' Heats

The heats and semi-finals of the Annual Police Sports Meeting postponed, on account of rain, from last Saturday, will be run off on April 22, at the grounds of the Shanghai American School, Avenue Petain, while the Finals have been put back for a further week until April 29.

This week's grace will thus enable those competitors whose training is not quite completed, to get into tip-top condition for what promises to be the most successful field and track meet held in Shanghai for many years.

Jockey Proves Critics Were Wrong

Johnny Adams Puts Over Unorthodox Style

San Francisco, Apr. 16.

Johnny Adams, the Iola, Kas., boy, whose unorthodox riding style made the experts laugh at him when he moved up from the county fair circus, has become the second highest paid jockey in the United States. His first major appearance was at Riverside Park, Kansas City, Mo., several years ago.

A new contract signed with W. E. Boeing, the aeroplane manufacturer, gives him $12,000 a year plus 10 per cent. of the stake winnings—and provides he still can ride Kayak II, for Charley Howard.

Stipulated in the contract was a clause that "Kayak II came first" in all the starts Howard's Santa Anita Handicap winner may make. It means Adams will be astride Kayak in the March-bank Handicap at Tanforan on April 22.

Basil James, who formerly rode Porter's Mite, was shelved after the Mite was beaten in the Santa Anita Derby. Trainer Ted Horning was reported highly displeased with James but others said Clencia, the little Texas filly, couldn't have been beaten that day.

Although Adams passed up a chance to ride Our Mat in the blue ribbon classic by signing with Boeing, he still has a strong contender for the Derby in Porter's Mite. His new contract is topped only by that of Johnny Longden.—United Press.

Japanese Baseball

Tokyo, Apr. 13.

Baseball came into its rights in Japan today as the spring tournament of the Six University League got under way under dull spring skies.

The Maiji Shrine stadium was packed to capacity, with the increase in women fans a marked feature of this season. Two hundred "heroes in white"—convalescing wounded soldiers in the regulation white cotton kimono also attracted attention.

With a silent prayer for the war dead added to the habitual ritual preceding the formal opening of the tournament, the first game got under way at 12.30 o'clock between Meiji and Imperial University nines. The first ball was thrown by Mr. Makie Koyanagi, parliamentary vice-minister of Education.—Domei.

The result of the "B" Class April Monthly Cup Golf Competition played at Seekingjao over last week-end is as follows:—

P. A. Corbett	94—16=78
F. C. B. Black	107—15=92

EVERY DOG HAS HIS DAY

If you believe that a dog—and all other animals—should be fairly used then

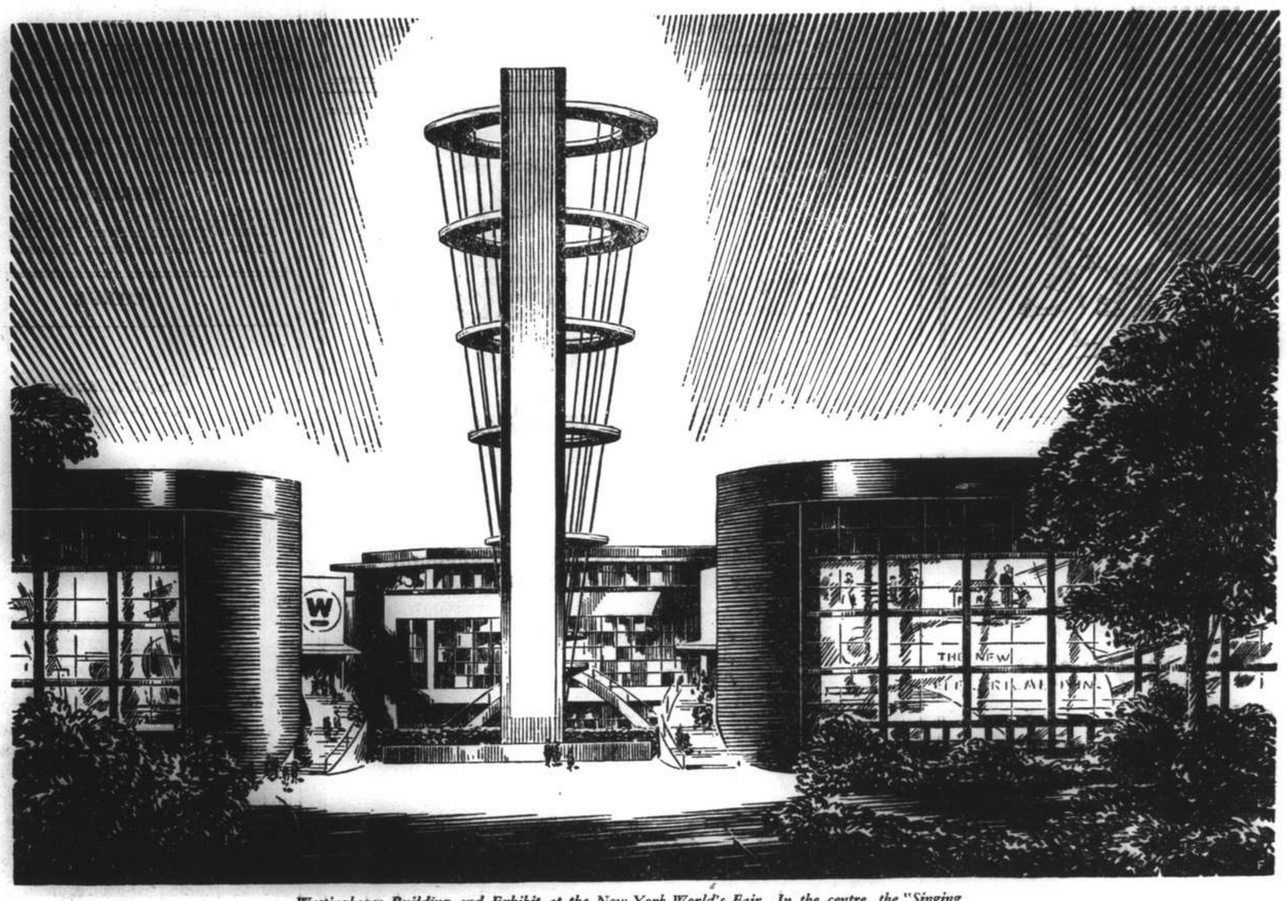
Join the S.S.P.C.A.

by sending $5.00 with your name and address to:—

Secretary

184 Mohawk Road

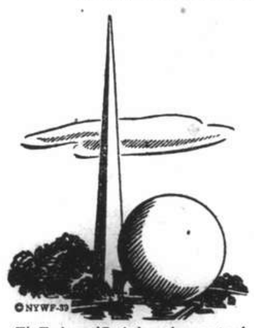
Tel. 36536 or Inspector Woollam, 30376



Westinghouse Building and Exhibit at the New York World's Fair. In the centre, the "Singing Tower of Light." At the left, the Hall of Power. At the right, the "Hall of Electrical Living."

Westinghouse Presents the "ELECTRICAL AGE OF TOMORROW" at the New York World's Fair

MORE than a show, a spectacle or a pageant, the New York World's Fair is an immense looking-glass in which visitors from every land see the world of tomorrow. It is by day a giant collection of electrical marvels and by night a glowing picture of coloured electrical lights, a world which could never be but for that stupendous force you command at the touch of a button—ELECTRICITY.



The Trylon and Perisphere, theme centre of the New York World's Fair

So it is only to be expected that the Building and Exhibit which bear one of the greatest names in electricity—WESTINGHOUSE—should be among the most brilliant of them all. Resolve now to see the marvelous Westinghouse *Hall of Power*—the thrilling *Hall of Electrical Living*—the remarkable *Junior Science Laboratories*—the intriguing *Playground of Science*—the incredible *Elektro*, the Westinghouse "moto-man"—all created for your pleasure and instruction by Westinghouse.

Here before your eyes lies the broad panorama of Westinghouse contributions to the better living of today, and a startling glimpse into the electrical world of the future.

We hope that for many years to come you will look back with deep pleasure at your visit with WESTINGHOUSE—at the World of Tomorrow.

LISTEN TO *Westinghouse International Short Wave Radio Station W8XK*

Westinghouse

MAKER OF FINE ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS

REFRIGERATORS • RADIOS • RANGES • WASHERS • WATER HEATERS • VACUUM-CLEANERS • FANS • IRONS
IRONERS • AIR CONDITIONING • LAMPS AND LIGHTING EQUIPMENT • SWITCHES AND SOCKETS • "MICARTA"
X-RAY • ELEVATORS • METERS • RELAYS • INSULATORS • WELDERS • MOTORS • TRANSFORMERS • GENERATORS
STEAM TURBINES • CIRCUIT-BREAKERS • LIGHTNING ARRESTERS • TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT • RECTIFIERS

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC

BEFORE YOU BUY, CONSULT THE WESTINGHOUSE DISTRIBUTOR

DISTRIBUTORS:

MELCHERS & CO

620 SZECHUEN ROAD SHOW ROOM TELEPHONE 10368

INSURANCE

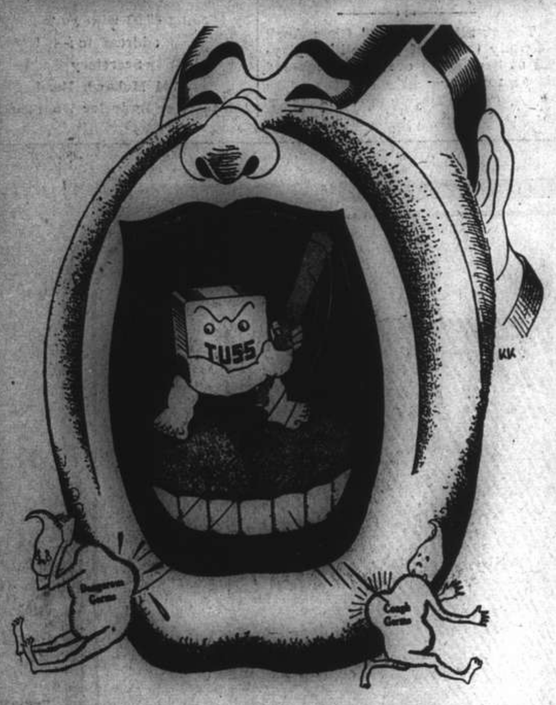
AMERICAN FOREIGN INSURANCE ASSOCIATION

Joint Branch of Sixteen Leading Companies

51 CANTON ROAD
Main Office for China

JAMES NICHOLS
Manager for China

TUSS COUGH DROPS



Electrical Installations and Repairs

We specialise in Emergency Work where time is an important factor

R. E. LINNESTAD

Electrical Engineer

149 Yuen Ming Yuen Road Telephones 18442, 18443

12161

"HAZELINE"

(Trade Mark)

SNOW"

A fragrant aid to Beauty

The toilet preparation which gives that elusive quality *"charm."*

An aid to a clear complexion, giving the skin a soft matt surface suitable for face powder.

You will be delighted with the slight fragrance that lingers after use.

Glass jars from all Chemists and Stores

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.
(PROPRIETORS: THE WELLCOME FOUNDATION LTD., LONDON, ENG.)
LONDON AND SHANGHAI COPYRIGHT

T. MACDONALD & CO.

FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS—1076 SINZA RD.

All Kinds of Monuments in Stock Telephone 30466

Balkan Sobranie

The World's Finest

CIGARETTES & PIPE TOBACCOS

Always FRESH STOCK at

C. INGENOHL'S CIGAR STORES

"La Perla del Oriente"

Sole Agents for the Far East

123, 137 and 171 Nanking Road.

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

BUILDING MATERIALS

FIRE BRICKS

FIRECLAY

"HYTEMPITE"
Special Fire Cement

FACE BRICKS

PAVING BLOCKS
for Roads, Courtyards, Stables, Godowns, etc.

DRAIN PIPES
Glazed inside and out

WINDOW GLASS

(Factory at Chinwangtao) *16 oz. to 70 oz., Best Quality*

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT

3rd Floor, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, 12 The Bund, Entrance Foochow Road, Tel. 11070

TO EUROPE
BY
TRANS-SIBERIAN
ROUTE

A SPECIMEN ITINERARY

1st day. Depart Shanghai.
3rd day. Arrive and depart Dairen.
4th day. Arrive and depart Harbin.
5th day. Arrive and depart Manchouli.

SIBERIAN EXPRESS Leaves Manchouli Every MONDAY and THURSDAY

11th day. Arrive Moscow.
12th day. Arrive Warsaw.
13th day. Arrive Berlin.
14th day. Arrive London or Paris.

COMPLETE RESERVATIONS AND TICKETS TO ANY DESTINATION, SIBERIAN EXPRESS MEAL COUPONS, ADVICE AS TO, AND ASSISTANCE WITH VISAS, AT:

THE OFFICIAL BOOKING-AGENTS

Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd.

119, Nanking Road Tel. 15335 (Extension No. 7)

Telephone 34220 Artistic Memorials

International Funeral Directors

207 KIACCHOW ROAD

Personal care of

Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Scott *Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Horton*

PALACE HOTEL

SNACK RESTAURANT

A la Carte Service or Table d'Hote

TO-DAY'S BUSINESS LUNCHEON $1.50

CONSOMME ANDALOUSE
or
MINESTRA MILANAISE

GRILLED ROCK COD STEAK, MAITRE D'HOTEL

BLANQUETTE of VEAL WITH RICE
or
ROAST LEG OF LAMB, MINT SAUCE
LYONNAISE POTATOES — CREAMED SPINACH

CHOCOLATE ROLLS CHANTILLY
or
ICE CREAM

DEMI-TASSE

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

COMPLETE INSURANCE SERVICE

FIRE	London & Lancashire Insce. Co., Ltd.
MARINE	Royal Exchange Assurance
	Guardian Assurance Co., Ltd.
ACCIDENT	British Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd.
& SICKNESS	Orient Insurance Co., Ltd.
	Sea Insurance Co., Ltd.
MOTOR CAR	Law Union & Rock Insce. Co., Ltd.
THIRD PARTY	British & Foreign Marine Insce. Co., Ltd.
	Standard Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.
AVIATION	British Aviation Insurance Co., Ltd.
LIFE	Confederation Life Association

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

21-23 French Bund Telephone 82020

The News of the Week

Complete and authentic in its statement of facts, not rumours; trenchant and witty in its cartoons and other features, and well illustrated by photographs — the "North-China Herald" is the newspaper to send to the family and friends abroad.

THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD

17 THE BUND, Shanghai TELEPHONE 11055

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies: Weekdays 10c., Sundays 20c.

Shanghai delivery	per annum	$28
China, Korea and Japan	"	36
Hongkong and Macao	"	54
Postal Union Countries	"	90

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"
Single copies 50 cents

Shanghai, China, Korea and Japan	per annum	$24
Hongkong and Macao	"	28
Postal Union Countries	"	34

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LIMITED
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, Shanghai
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11056

Messrs. Crane-Debenham Ltd., 69 Fleet Street, London, are advertising representatives for the "North-China Daily News" and "North-China Herald," and have these newspapers on file.

Announcements in this column $5 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."

MARRIAGE

TRIBE—GRAMBS.—On April 8, 1939, at Chefoo, KEITH WILBERFORCE TRIBE, H.M. Consul at Weihaiwei, to MATTIE BOSTIC GRAMBS. 12170

CARDS

Mr. W. A. KEARTON
ss. Empress of Canada

P.P.C. 12171

RICHARD COUSTURIER
Chinese Customs Service
Empress of Canada

P.P.C. 12185

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

A MOMENTOUS WEEK

This week brings the world to the eve of important decisions, and it is quite possible that before it is ended mankind will know whether it is to be plunged into a criminally insane struggle, or whether, even at this late hour, another attempt will be made to tread the path of peace. President Roosevelt's personal appeal to the dictators has brought matters to a head, posing a very definite question which requires just as definite a reply. It was at first thought that both Germany, and Italy would completely ignore the appeal. Indeed it was reported that this intention had already been decided upon, but in the absence of any real information on the subject it may possibly be that this early report was incorrect. Now it has been suggested that Signor Mussolini is of the opinion that a reply should be given, and that conversations on the subject have been taking place between Berlin, and Rome. To ignore the appeal would have merely been to reject it by a somewhat slow process. The only question with which the world is concerned now is whether in their reply the dictators will slam the door against peace, and continue with their aggressive expansion which with such dramatic suddenness has arrayed so much of the world against them, and may yet array more. There can be no mistake about it; President Roosevelt has left the issue of peace or war squarely in the hands of Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini, and upon them rests the responsibility of whatever is now to come. All misunderstandings which were alleged to exist in 1914 prior to the outbreak of war in that year have by the statements of British and French statesmen been completely removed. The attempts to weld an anti-aggression pact, fortunately attended with no inconsiderable success, is just such another emphatic representation that aggression will be resisted unto the bitter end. The unilateral guarantees which Great Britain has given, and is still prepared to give mean nothing less than an expression of readiness on her part to fight if war is forced upon her either directly, or indirectly.

Just as Mr. Chamberlain, by refusing to denounce the Anglo-Italian Agreement of last year, still leaves Italy a means of withdrawal from a position which, persisted in, must have certain inevitable results, so has President Roosevelt offered Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini an avenue down which they may recede from their present apparently intransigeant policy. They can do so without losing any of the dignity of their nation, for it amounts to no admission of weakness, even at this eleventh hour, to decide to negotiate the problems of the world in a spirit of sweet reasonableness rather than resort to force which will settle no more than did the Great War. This general desire for peace is, on the other hand, to be taken as no sign of weakness on the part of Great Britain, and France. Reluctant as they are to fight, they will do so if the necessity is forced upon them. The unfortunate experiences following the last great struggle clearly demonstrate that, if the world is again to be plunged into warfare, it will be decided in a manner which will help to preserve humanity from another such encounter for a very long time to come. The suggestion that the two dictators in their reply to President Roosevelt will again enunciate their demands upon the democracies, even though at present there is no confirmation of it, is nevertheless important. That, in the circumstances would be tantamount to a rejection of the appeal, for the world knows just as clearly as must the dictators that those very questions are still more suitable subjects for peaceful negotiation than for the gamble which war must at all times prove to be. If, as it was reported last year was the case, in recent conversations between Herr Hitler and von Ribbentrop the latter has been still advising the former that the democracies will not fight, his advice on this occasion will undoubtedly prove wrong.

How far the present development is a bluff on the part of the dictatorships is something which cannot now be decided. The parallel between what is happening now, and what took place in 1914 is one of the striking developments of the situation. No one for a moment is deceived by the German naval manœuvres off the coast of Spain. The vessels despatched there, would in the event of war, either seek to join the Italian fleet, which might prove a very perilous undertaking, or, what is more probable, disperse into the seven seas for the purpose of commerce raiding as did the Tsingtao squadron until they were eventually brought to book. The rape of Albania has brought matters just as much to a head as did the assassination in Sarajevo, and, though the alignment of the Powers is somewhat different now than then, there are still other parallels which can be noticed. Only those saturated with the desire for war for war's sake can view the present situation with anything but the gravest alarm. The thought of peaceful peoples, even including the masses in Germany and Italy, being plunged into a war which none of them wants is one of the appalling developments of the last twenty years. The danger of President Roosevelt being repulsed in his latest attempt to preserve the peace cannot be disregarded. It is a very real one, and up to the present nothing has occurred to suggest confidence that these present alarums, and excursions will not produce something even more serious. It is with this thought that the anxieties of the next few days must be faced. They must also continue to be fronted with that quiet calm which both Great Britain and France have shown all along. If it is made necessary the nettle of peril must be firmly grasped. There will be none of the hysteria which has been evidenced in other lands. Indeed there is none now, and if war is forced upon them the democracies will fight more in sorrow than in anger, secure in the knowledge that they have behind them the mass of world opinion, that powerful imponderable which even the most materialistic of statesmen cannot afford to ignore.

The Volunteers

The parade of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps on Sunday afternoon brought the season's training to a close, and was remarkable for the very impressive turn-out of the corps. One of the most gratifying features of the event was the large number of spectators who turned out despite the fact that the weather had not been of the best, for a big attendance is one of the best ways in which residents of Shanghai can pay tribute to the fine body of men who spend much of their time in the defence of the city. A great deal of the work they do does not always come to the attention of the public, and it is fitting that on occasion it should be given the opportunity of realising the very real public service which these men perform in continually keeping themselves in training for the defence of their fellow residents. Under Col. J. W. Hornby, M.C. the Corps has maintained and increased its traditional efficiency, and though during the past year it had not so many calls made upon it, the manner in which those were answered reflected the greatest credit not only upon the Colonel and his officers, but on the men themselves. On December 31, 1938, the total strength of the Corps was 200 officers and 1,807 other ranks, as compared with 204 officers and 1,759 other ranks on December 31, 1937 which with the Russian regiment brings the total strength up to 2,320. While the figures are satisfactory they do not present a true idea of the actual facts, and the following extract from the annual report of the commandant serve better to describe the real situation:—

> During the year the strength of the Corps has increased slightly. But this does not present the true picture. In 1935 my predecessor analysed the problem and showed that during 1939 there is bound to be a large wastage on account of age. This has got to be faced. At the same time there has been a decline in the number of young foreigners coming out to work in Shanghai. It follows that we must try to get every able-bodied foreigner to join the Corps and do his little bit of training. Employers are asked to do everything in their power to get their men trained. In a real emergency every able-bodied man may be required to do his bit. To have untrained men is a bad insurance policy. The question of "key-men" can be left safely in the hands of the S.V.C. staff, which includes many Volunteers with an understanding of Shanghai business.

Obnoxious Advertising

Reference has been made editorially and in the correspondence columns of this journal regarding obnoxious advertising in shopwindows in various establishments in the Settlement. Formerly, some of the advertising hoardings contained some particularly disgusting examples of illustration and suggestiveness as part of campaigns to bring certain alleged specifics to the notice of the public, but firmness and a degree of censorship on the part of the authorities has resulted in a process of cleansing which has removed much of the offensive nature of these appeals. In the Chinese pharmacies the problem is much more extensive and difficult for there are so many of them, but particularly disgusting examples of window advertising have been brought to general notice by correspondents. Everybody is familar with the graphic method of appeal adopted by Chinese pharmacies and merchants generally in advertising their wares, but in the cases quoted by correspondents the examples are revolting to the extreme. By drawing attention to these abuses correspondents are doing valuable public service but a far more direct appeal could be achieved by communicating with the Municipal Police. At all times, the Municipal Police are willing to receive such complaints of offence to public morals and are anxious to co-operate with the general public in putting an end to such practices. Naturally, the Police cannot be expected to act as censors for every shop-window in addition to their many duties—multiplied indefinitely by new political conditions—but they will act promptly on any complaint forwarded to them by the public.

April Offensive

The Chinese army's April offensive is something of a mystery, or else it is a new departure in military tactics. Not only has the offensive been denied in Chungking, the reports having been described as "premature," but also the principal news about it comes from Japanese despatches which describe how Chinese attacks on many fronts have been repeatedly repulsed This is a departure from the usual technique of military propaganda. In the past it has too often been the case that Chungking has claimed the capture of cities before even an attack has been made upon them; but almost invariably these claims have been followed up by some form of drive in the cities direction. Any success has been publicized to the full, frequently before it has been achieved, and it has been left to the Japanese communiqués to prove that the successes either had never occurred or had been greatly exaggerated. Now, however, Chinese despatches claim little more than successful counter-attacks in different regions where they might be expected; whereas the Japanese accounts tell of numerous large-scale engagements in which the Japanese have driven off hordes of Chinese. Too much significance should not be attached to the reports from either side. Observers believe it possible that the Japanese have gone as far into the interior of China as they intend, though they may still find it necessary to capture Changsha. In this case they would naturally be on the defensive, to hold what they had got, while the Chinese could legitimately claim to have won a victory whenever they took back some small part of the lost territory. It is more likely, however, that the Chinese April offensive is something quite different from what has been outlined in the news telegrams from the fronts. It is probably a large-scale permeation of the areas within the Japanese lines with trained troops, as distinct from guerillas, whose objective will be to harass Japanese communications and prevent the economic exploitation of the conquered districts. Such a move would be more likely to worry the Japanese General Staff than a series of frontal attacks, which could not make much headway against superior armaments and scientifically-constructed defences.

IN PARENTHESIS

Consolation

A SURVEY carried out by a Canadian insurance company claims to prove that 1,000 words to-day carry about double the idea-content of the same wordage 50 years ago.

* * *

Up-to-Date

"MY good man," asked the lady of the house, "how did you come to fall so low as to go round the country begging?"

"It's a long story, marm," came the vagrant's reply, "and it's in the hands of my publishers. I'm just walking to London to correct the proofs."

* * *

Not so Fast

MASTER Luckstein was doing his home-work and struggling to subtract a large sum of money from an even larger amount.

"Fifteen shillings from twelve," he murmured. "I can't, so I borrow a pound."

His father, half asleep in his clair by the fire, woke up suddenly.

"Vat per cent, Ikey?" he demanded. "Vat per cent?"

* * *

One Way Out

THE pretty typist knocked on the door of her boss's office and blushed as she went in.

"I wonder," she asked diffidently, "If I might have my next week's salary today; I'm broke."

The boss shook his head.

"Sorry," he remarked, "but it can't be done. I promised my wife I wouldn't make advances to you."

* * *

Modern Child

LITTLE Tommy had spent his first day at school. Mother was anxious to know how he had got on.

"What did you learn, dear?" she asked.

"Didn't learn nothin'," came the discouraging reply.

"Well, then, what did you do?" mother persisted.

"Didn't do nothin.' A woman wanted to know how to spell 'dog' an' I told her. That's all."

* * *

How's That?

THE squire's son had played regularly for the village football team, always insisting that he should play in goal. He was not a good goalkeeper, however, and by the end of the season his record of kicks let through sounded more like one of Don Bradman's cricket scores.

Then came the annual football dance, and during the course of it the squire's son fainted.

The music immediately stopped, and as all the dancers left their partners and gathered round the prostrate figure, the captain of the football team was heard to remark: "By Jove, he's stopped a ball at last!"

* * *

True Modesty

IT was the habit of several local householders to get together over a pint of beer in the local and discuss their gardens. On this particular evening each was trying to outdo the others with stories of the marvellous things he had managed to grow.

But one little man, sitting by himself in the corner, took no part in the conversation until one of his neighbours turned to him and asked: "By the way, what happened to that rhubarb you were growing, Jim?"

"Oh, that!" came Jim's quiet reply. "I sold the sticks to a builder for scaffold poles."

* * *

Moving Scene

A MOVING scene took place in the House of Lords during the debate on the Rats Annihilation Bill, writes a British columnist.

The House had barely recovered from its shock at being told that rats had gnawed half-way through the foundations of the Nelson Column when Lord Plimsoll rose to his feet.

"I know it is all very serious," he said gently. "I know we all ought to do something about it, but I would beg the House to adjourn. It would make me so unhappy to do anything unkind to any living creature today. I have a special reason, my lords. It is my wife's birthday."

At this point the honest fellow broke into unashamed tears. "There, there!" said the Lord Chancellor, patting his heaving shoulders, and in an unsteady voice commanded Black Rod to fetch Lord Plimsoll a glass of warm milk.

The incident has had a profound effect abroad where it is regarded as yet another sign of Britain's strength in times of crisis.

* * *

About Opera

THEODORE Gosport, the veteran music critic who claims to have slept through more operas than anyone else in the world, tells a reminiscence culled from his vast experience.

Mendelssohn, wearing his famous elastic-sided boots, was sitting next to Berlioz at the first performance of the Frenchman's opera, "Midnight Kisses." Suddenly he trod heavily on Berlioz's toe.

"I only wanted to stamp the scene on your memory," he observed wittily, as Berlioz winced with the pain. The mercurial Frenchman saw the joke immediately, and joined in the general gaiety.

After a while the curtain, which had been lowered during the disturbance was raised again, and the opera proceeded.

Just before the end of the last act Berlioz removed his tiepin and stuck it sharply into Mendelssohn. "Only to remind you," he explained suavely as Mendelssohn yelped, "that the horns in this orchestra play sharp."

Mendelssohn, unfortunately, had no sense of humour. He got up immediately and stalked from the theatre.

As a result he missed the sensation in the third act when the hero was interrupted by the heroine.

After the hero, a Zouave insurance collector, had shouted: "I love you. I love you. I love you!" thirteen times, the heroine, the daughter of a bed-ridden camel-driver, stamped her foot impatiently and exclaimed: *"Mon Dieu,* does the man think I am deaf?"

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min. 50.5	Max. 61.5
Same date, 1938	Min. 52.0	Max. 82.0

Rainfall .07

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min. 51.8	Max. 64.2
Same date, 1938	Min. 46.4	Max. 79.5

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 16th:—High and unsteady pressure over Japan and Korea: normal to low over China. Depression crossing the Loochoos east by north. North-easterly to easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine weather in north-east China: overcast with mist or rain in our regions.

State on the morning of the 17th:—Overcast and misty weather. North-easterly wind. Normal and steady pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy and fine weather with south-easterly to south-westerly winds around Shantung. Overcast to cloudy and foggy with north-easterly to easterly winds over our regions: with rain or fog and fresh north-easterly to easterly winds along the Coast to the south of the Saddles.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

TO THE I. C. MILK FUND

Blane and Patrick Coulcher	$10.00

TO THE MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE

Anonymous	$25.00

TO THE ALEXANDRA HOSTEL

Mrs. Haynes Wilson	$50.00
Mrs. H. Bridges	50.00

Reichstag Called for Reply to U.S. Plea

Herr Hitler to Answer President Roosevelt's Peace Proposals on April 28; Berlin, Rome Press Bitter; London Welcomes Initiative

Berlin, Apr. 17.

HERR Adolf Hitler will reply to President Roosevelt's message before the Reichstag on April 28, it was officially announced here today. An official communique released this morning states that the Reichstag has been convoked on that date for an extraordinary session. "The Fuehrer attributes so much importance to the occasion that he has decided to reply to the President of the United States on behalf of the German people before the Reichstag," the communique read. "Accordingly the Fuehrer has summoned the Reichstag to meet on April 28 to hear his declaration."

Diplomatic quarters here predicted that Herr Hitler's reply will not close the door to further parleys on the question of colonies, raw material supplies, and an increase in German exports. The Fuehrer is expected to recall his previous suggestions in favour of a limitation of armaments, although he will most likely deprecate the "policy of encirclement" of the Western powers, and deny President Roosevelt's right to interfere in European affairs.

Well-informed quarters here declare that the Fuehrer decided to convoke the Reichstag in full agreement with the Italian Government, and that the attitude of Rome and Berlin will be identical. Herr Hitler will probably react to President Roosevelt's message in a manner less negative than would appear from the violent comments in the German press.

He will most probably deny the aggressive intentions referred to by President Roosevelt but will refrain from closing the door to further discussions.

The announcement that the Reichstag would be summoned came as a complete surprise here since both the Wilhelmstrasse and the Propaganda Ministry had given to understand at noon today that possibly no reply would be sent to President Roosevelt.

Herr Hitler's speech in the Reichstag will last for at least three hours and will be broadcast through all German radio stations.—Havas.

Italian Rejection Expected

Rome, Apr. 17.

Observers here expect that Italy's reply to President Roosevelt's message will be completely negative.

The press, which until now has remoined somewhat reserved, is now in full cry against President Roosevelt's message, led by Signor Virginio Gayda, considered the unofficial mouthpiece of Il Duce.

Writing in his "Giornale d'Italia," Signor Gayda denied President Roosevelt's right to interfere in European affairs, and declared that the message aimed at diverting attention from the difficulties in the United States itself.

He stressed that the present problem is that of co-existence of the "haves and have nots," a problem of international justice. "To isolate the asking party and to consider it as alone responsible for war or peace is to give support to the other party and to defend the present European regime with all its causes of friction." Signor Gayda continued. "Signor Mussolini spoke of peace with justice. President Roosevelt opposes injustice with force."—Havas.

Salamanca Attack

Gibraltar, Apr 17.

President Roosevelt was severely criticized in a series of Spanish broadcasts from Salamanca today. The Salamanca station throughout the day attacked the President of the United States, accusing him of being mercenary in making a plea for peace because "he does no want his New York World's Fair ruined."—United Press.

Eminently Worth While

London, Apr. 17.

Even if President Roosevelt's challenging gesture fails to evoke a favourable response from Berlin and Rome, it will still have been eminently worth while, is the concensus of opinion of commentators in the British Press. Reports of perturbation at Munich are cited as an indication that flat rejection of the President's peace move are by no means certain.

Negotiations for fresh adherents to the defence system of Europe, the diplomatic correspondents declare, are making speedy headway. They will, it is stated, thrive in the new atmosphere created by President Roosevelt.

Comment by "The Times"

The supreme question for the German and Italian people, writes "The Times," is whether they have the power to impress their rulers with some sense of what they themselves desire as passionately as do their fellow-men in other countries. Step by step, the journal declares, the difficult process of wise British policy, which has never excluded chances for peaceful discussion, but is determined to be strong enough to secure it, has gone steadily forward.

It has reached a point today, it continues, at which Britain may claim, with President Roosevelt, that when she speaks for peace, it is not through fear or weakness. The momentous commitments undertaken in Europe in the last few weeks, it says, have been accepted with full sense of all they involve, but without a murmur of dissent.

It is not unreasonable to think, it goes on, that they have already provided a momentary relaxation of tension, which gave President Roosevelt his opportunity.

British Strength and Courage

It is certain, "The Times" declares, that the qualities in Britain to which American opinion will always respond are strength and courage; and that respect due to these qualities is reciprocal.

Everyone here, the journal adds, will endorse the welcome which the British Government has extended so promptly to President Roosevelt's statesmanlike initiative.

Nothing would defeat the President's purpose, writes the "Daily Mail," more than to act as if the replies are bound to be favourable. The appeal, it says, may give the dictators a pause, but is unlikely to make them abandon their power politics; nothing but the armed might of the Democracies will do that.

The "Daily Telegraph" states that, whether the appeal meets with a favourable response or not, it cannot fail to exercise a palpable influence on the course of events.

If President Roosevelt were unable to do more than to save the world

(Continued on page 10)

Axis "Demands" on World Hinted

Observers in London Forecast Main Lines Of Italo-German Aims

London, Apr. 16.

The United States has no right to interfere in European affairs. Such will be the main contention of the Italian and German replies to President Roosevelt's peace proposals, well informed observers predicted today.

The replies will also contain elucidation of the political aims of the Rome-Berlin axis, the attainment of which will be described as the "primary condition for the maintenance of peace," the same circles added.

It is asserted here that Italo-German minimum claims will provide for:—

1. Transfer of Danzig to the Reich.
2. Recognition of the preponderance of German interests and influence in the Balkans up to the Black Sea.
3. Italian participation in the administration of the Suez Canal.
4. Transfer to Italy of the French Djibuti-Addis Ababa Railway.
5. Large-scale revision of the status granted Italian residents of Tunisia; and possibly demands for the demilitarization of Corsica.

Rome and Berlin will probably emphasize their determination to carry out their intentions "amicably or by force, if need be," it was declared.

Significant Military Moves

British politicians said the maintenance of Italian and German forces in Spain, together with other recent events, confirms beliefs that the next important Italian move will be directed against Tangier, Gibraltar and the Suez Canal. Spanish troops have been concentrated in Spanish Morocco, that there have been Italian concentrations in the Dodecanese Islands and in Libya along the Egyptian border, and that one-third of the Reich's Fleet will shortly arrive in Spanish waters.

While Italy's aims will lie south, Germany's next objectives will most probably be the Polish Corridor and the oilfields of Rumania, these political quarters concluded.—Havas.

Pope Congratulates Spanish Nationalists

Mercy for Vanquished People Recommended

Vatican City, Apr. 17.

In his first direct message ever broadcast to the Spanish people, Pope Pius XII last night offered "paternal congratulations" to General Francisco Franco for his victory in the Spanish civil war.

The Pope said the Nationalist victory was "much desired by my predecessor" and he plainly told the world that he fully approved of Gen. Franco. The Pope implied that the Roman Catholic Church would throw its full weight behind the new regime in Spain.

Labeling the 1936 Nationalist revolt in Spain as a "generous uprising by the healthy part of the Spanish people in defence of their ideals and their faith in Christian civilization," the Pope expressed confidence that Gen. Franco's pacification programme would be tempered with "justice toward crime but benevolent kindness toward those who were led astray."—United Press.

Communist Party Denies Leaflet Connection

Seen as Design to Injure Kuomintang Relations

Chungking, Apr. 17.

Interviewed by Reuter, the Chungking spokesman of the Chinese Communist Party denied that the Party had anything to do with the leaflet purporting to have been issued on its behalf, in which Britain and France were declared to be "enemies of the Chinese people."

The leaflet, a copy of which was received by mail today by Reuter's office in Shanghai, contained a bitter diatribe against Britain and France, urged Chinese merchants to boycott British and French firms, and threatened that the Chinese Communists would break off relations with the Kuomintang unless it formed an anti-British and anti-French front.

"It is only too evident," the spokesman of the Communist Party told Reuter, "that the leaflet was distributed by certain elements with the intention of harming the existing relations between the Kuomintang and our Party."—Reuter.

Mr. Chamberlain Back In London

London, Apr. 17.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, returned to No. 10 Downing Street at 11.30 a.m. today. He will resume consultations with members of the Cabinet either late this afternoon or tomorrow, but no Cabinet meeting is to meet before Wednesday.—Havas.

Japan Warned By U.S. Naval Pacific Move

Tokyo Surprised at Transfer of Fleet; Balance Maintained

Washington, Apr. 17.

The sudden transfer of the U.S. Fleet to the Pacific is an effort to checkmate possible Japanese encroachment in the Philippines or the Netherlands East Indies during current European tension, Senator William King, Democrat of Utah, said today. "It notifies Japan that we are still a power in the Pacific and that any further moves by Japan will affect us," he said.

Well-informed circles stressed today that the United States Government is not definitely aware of any new dangerous element in the Far Eastern situation beyond the continuance of the Sino-Japanese war. However, this war, has consistently been regarded as a "political volcano." Some authoritative circles believe Hongkong might well be Japan's next objective.

By transferring the Fleet to the Pacific, it is believed, the United States may be trying to neutralize such a projected move by Japan or exercise a restraining influence.

Disposition of Fleet Units

Meanwhile the battle fleet was being prepared at Hampton Roads naval yards and was expected to sail on Wednesday for a swift passage through the Caribbean Sea and the Panama Canal to regular positions along the west coast.

A Navy Department spokesman said the Fleet did not have orders to proceed to Honolulu yet. He did not indicate whether such orders were under consideration.

In New Orleans, the U.S.S. New Orleans and the U.S.S. Chicago were refuelling preparatory to sailing for Guantanamo where they will join the full fleet. Fifteen destroyers and one ship tender attending the annual Azalea festival at Charleston, N.C., also were expected to sail early this week for the Panama Canal where they will meet the Fleet.

The supply ship Kanawaha and the oiler Neches left Brooklyn Navy Yards last night to join the fleet and the U.S.S. Tennessee sails Tuesday.

An estimated 120 warships are involved in the transfer of the main fleet to the Pacific. Approximately 56 warships, including one aircraft carrier, are remaining on the east coast as the Atlantic Squadron. The main fleet is expected to reach the Pacific coast within twelve days.—United Press.

Surprise in Tokyo

Tokyo, Apr. 17.

Attention is focussed here on the arrival of the U.S.S. Astoria at 8.30 a.m. today, bearing the remains of Mr. Hiroshi Saito, the former Japanese Ambassador to the United States; Mr. Saito's funeral; and President Roosevelt's spectacular message to the dictators.

The orders given by Mr. Claude Swanson, the American Secretary for the Navy, for 64 warships to return to the Pacific forthwith has caused considerable surprise in Navy circles here occasioned by the fact that, in the opinion of Japanese naval circles, Japanese-American relations have recently taken a turn for the better.

It is also considered that the full strength of the United States fleet is required in the Altantic, in view of the tense European situation. The Japanese Press has hitherto offered no comment on America's latest move. The Ministry of the Navy declines to comment for the present.—Reuter.

Strategic Considerations

London, Apr. 17.

Dealing with the transference of part of the American Fleet to the Pacific, the Washington Correspondent of "The Times" states that the effects of such a move on the larger strategic distribution of the world's fleets, and on the movement to the United States of such war materials as tin and rubber, are understood to have been considered in the calculations of the U.S. naval authorities.

The decision, states the correspondent, has played havoc with the plan whereby almost the entire fleet would have made its appearance off New York for the opening of the World's Fair.

Out of the 357 fighting ships of the American Fleet, the correspondent adds, about 270 will be in the Pacific when the units to be transferred have passed through the Panama Canal.—Reuter.

Murderers of H.M. Consul At Mosul Sentenced

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Baghdad, Apr. 17.

Two youths were sentenced to death today for the murder of Mr. Monck-Mason, the British Consul at Mosul, who was murdered during a memorial ceremony for the late King Ghazi I of Iraq. As both were under 18, the sentence was commuted to thirteen years hard labour.—Reuter.

An Anglo-French Interlude in a Royal Setting

As the guardsman presents arms the King and Queen with President Lebrun, of France, and Mme. Lebrun walk along the terrace at Windsor Castle where they had lunch before they received an address of welcome from the Royal Borough of Windsor (Berkshire.) President and Mme. Lebrun were afterwards shown over the Castle which dates back to the days of William the Conqueror.

Emperor of Japan Sends Thanks To President Roosevelt

Deep Appreciation Shown for Honours to Late Envoy; U.S.S. Astoria Welcomed

Tokyo, Apr. 17.

THE Emperor of Japan today cabled to President Roosevelt, expressing deep appreciation for the sympathies shown to Mr. Hiroshi Saito, former Japanese Ambassador to the United States, by the American Government and people. The Emperor also thanked President Roosevelt for his kindness in arranging for the transport of the remains of the late Ambassador to Japan on an American warship.

Bearing the remains of Mr. Saito, the U.S.S. Astoria, arrived in Yokohama at 8.10 a.m. today. The United States Warship, with the Stars and Stripes flying at half-mast, entered the port escorted by a flotilla of Japanese destroyers, which flew the Rising Sun flag at half-mast. At 8.15 a.m., a salute of 21 guns was exchanged between the Astoria and the Japanese cruiser Kiso. The Astoria moored at No. 10 buoy at 8.30 a.m., when all the vessels in harbour, both Japanese and foreign, numbering over twenty, lowered their flags to half-mast.

Immediately after the Astoria had moored, Lieut. Nobuyasu Momotake went aboard the Astoria, carrying a bunch of cherry blossoms, which he presented to Captain R. K. Turner, the Commander of the Astoria.

Courtesy visits were then exchanged between Captain Turner of the Astoria and Captain. Hidetsuna Yagi of the Kiso.

At 10.30 a.m., Captain Turner and his staff landed at the pier, which was packed with over 15,000 people, including some 200 foreign consular officials and residents, 1,500 secondary school boys, 4,000 girl students and 4,000 other school children.

Driving along a route thickly lined with people, Captain Tuner and his staff paid courtesy visits to the Governor of Kanagawa Prefecture, the Mayor of Yokohama and the Commissioner of Customs.

Mr. Renzo Sawada, the Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs, and chairman of the Funeral Commission, next went aboard the Astoria.

Ashes Brought Ashore

The ashes of Mr. Saito were transferred by launch from the Astoria at 1.15 p.m. together with floral tributes sent by President Roosevelt.

While minute guns were fired from the Astoria and the Kiso, the launch left the Astoria, and conveyed the remains to the pier, where they were formally handed over by Captain Turner to Mr. Sawada before an improvised altar, in the presence of Mrs. Tsuruko Saito, mother of the late Ambassador; Mrs. Miyoko Saito, the widow, and the Misses Akiko and Masako Saito, his daughters. Other relatives, and high Government officials, were also present.

Delivering the remains to Mr. Sawada, Captain Turner said; "I now deliver to the representative of the Imperial Japanese Government the remains of the late Ambassador, Mr. Hiroshi Saito, which by order of the President of the United States, I have had the honour of transporting here from the place of his death in the capital of my country."

In reply, Mr. Sawada stated:—

"I have the honour to announce, on behalf of the Imperial Japanese Government, that the remains of the late Ambassador, Mr. Hiroshi Saito, have been duly received; which, by direction of the President of the United States, you have transported to Japan. I thank you, and the officers and crew, who have concluded the duty of transportation."

Escorted by Japanese and American bluejackets, the remains of Mr. Saito will be carried to Tokyo by a special train leaving Yokohama Station at 2.50 p.m.

On arrival at Tokyo, at 3.33 p.m., the remains will be transported to the residence of the late ambassador. They will then be carried to the official residence of the Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, where vigils will be kept tonight.

Press Hails Friendly Gesture

The Japanese press shows far more interest in the return of remains of Mr. Saito, than in President Roosevelt's appeal, or in the transfer of 64 U.S. warships to the Pacific.

The "Nichi Nichi Shimbun" chain of newspapers gives credit to the late Ambassador for his "posthumous diplomatic achievement" of promoting friendly relations between Japan and the United States. Emphasizing the exceptional honours granted to the late Ambassador by President Roosevelt, the newspapers express the hope that the officers and crew of the Astoria will return home with memories full of the measure of esteem of the Japanese people for the United States.

The "Nichi Nichi" papers express the fervent desire that the Pacific, true to its name, will remain peaceful for ever, with Japan the United States mutually prospering, each playing her role in the maintenance of the peace of the world.—Reuter.

Britain's Income To Be Increased

Mr. Keynes Expects Unemployment to Be Absorbed by 1939-40

London, Apr. 17.

Emerging from a silence imposed by prolonged illness, Mr. John Maynard Keynes, leading British economist, writing in "The Times" today, urges complete readjustment of the British mental outlook concerning the economic implications of the Government's crisis in finance.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, he says, should assume a cessation of abnormal unemployment during 1939-40 and a gradual increase in the national income by eight per cent. This year's loan expenditure, he continues, will be at least £220,000,000 above that of last year.

Private investment for the purpose of carrying out Government orders, he says, may be an important offset of the increased adverse balance in trade. The increase in primary demand may be £200,000,000 meaning an increase in the total demand of twice of this amount.

British Government loan expenditure will be eight per cent. of the national income, he adds, or proportionately twice that of the public works expenditure in America.

Such an expenditure, Mr. Keynes says, will require the services of about a million of unemployed, which means that prospects for home industries will be better than they have been for years.

Apart from the labour problem, he goes on, balance of foreign trade must be the chief occupation.

Mr. Keynes, in praising the efforts of Mr. R. S. Hudson, Secretary of the Board of Trade, to adapt British export methods to the times, expresses the opinion that the handling of foreign trade cannot be left to individual enterprise unaided.

Moreover, Mr. Keynes advocates tightening up of the embargo on the export of capital by British nationals, without interfering, however, with *bona fide* trade transactions or transactions on behalf of foreign holders.

The whole country's liquid resources, he says, must be concentrated to meet the adverse balance in trade, and for political loans.—Reuter.

Liberian Republic Requests Protection Of Britain and France from Reich

Last Independent Negro State in Africa Seeks Military Alliance; U.S. Informed

London, Apr. 17.

It is authoritatively understood that Liberia, the only remaining independent negro state in Africa, has asked for British and French military and naval protection in the event of an act of aggression by Germany. The country is thereby placed virtually under a British and French protectorate.

The Liberian Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr. C. L. Simpson, last week called upon the British and French Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Arthur G. Ponsomby and M. Eugene Emanuelli. He suggested a military alliance with Britain and France, requested that Liberia be placed under the protection of the British and French navies and air forces, and asked that Britain and France guarantee Liberia against any aggression by totalitarian Powers, chiefly the Reich.

British quarters state that such protection would be tantamount to a joint Anglo-French protectorate.

The Liberian request has been transmitted to the Government of the United States owing to Washington's traditional protection over the Liberians, who are descendants of negroes residing formerly in the state of Maryland.

It is understood that the British and French reply to the demand was discussed at the Foreign Office late this morning between M. Charles Corbin, the French Ambassador to Great Britain, and Sir Alexander Cadogan the Permanent Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs.—Havas.

Stricter Anti-Terrorist Measures Requested

Representations in regard to the assassination of Dr. Hsi Shih-tai, Secretary of the Police Bureau of the Greater Shanghai Special Municipality, requesting the enforcement of stricter measures to prevent terrorist crimes in the Settlement were presented to the Shanghai Municipal Council by the Japanese consular authorities yesterday, according to a communiqué issued by the Japanese Consulate-General at 5.30 p.m. The communiqué reads as follows:

"Mr. Yoshiaki Miura, Consul-General, accompanied by Mr. Hidenari Terasaki, at 3.45 p.m. called on Mr. C. S. Franklin, Chairman of the S.M.C., in regard to the assassination of Dr. Hsi Shih-tai on April 11, and filed representations with him concerning the incident in question.

"Furthermore Mr. Miura requested a strict enforcement in the future of understandings reached between the Japanese authorities and the S.M.C. on the prevention of terrorist actions in the Settlement."

Two Chinese Dead, Gunmen Escape

Employee of "Ta Mei Wan Pao" Murdered; Stray Bullets Strike Others

Two Chinese are dead and one seriously injured as the result of a shooting which occurred outside, Lane 468, Taku Road about 7.30 p.m. yesterday. Tsao Kuo-tung, distributing manager for the Chinese daily newspaper "Ta Mei Wan Pao," was shot and instantly killed by a bullet which passed through his head as he was entering the lane in his private rickshaw. Another bullet struck him in the chest. A rickshaw coolie who was waiting at the entrance of the lane was struck twice in the chest by stray bullets and died immediately. A pedestrian was also shot through the head and is in the Paulun hospital, his condition believed to be serious. An amah, who was at the scene of the crime during the shooting was slightly injured.

Motive Not Political

The motive for the crime is not believed by the police to have been political as Tsao was not known to have been political connections. The criminals had evidently planned the murder well. Ten shots in all were fired and the gunmen, after finishing their work left in a waiting motor car before they could be apprehended.

The victim, who had been formerly employed by the "North-China Daily News" for a period of seventeen years, was said by Chinese acquaintances to have possessed a motor car and employed two body guards. He was also in the habit of carrying a gun. Police state that his reason when making an application for permission to carry firearms was the fact that it was often necessary for him to keep large sums of money on his person.

No arrests have been made as yet, although police are following up several possibilities. As Tsao was engaged in a number of activities and has had dealings with many Chinese it is thought that the killing may have been the result of some business transaction. Dscribed by associates as "one of the most popular vendors in town" the victim had no known enemies.

Eire Protests Against Judge's Remarks

Old Bailey Terrorists' Trial Recalled

London, Apr. 17.

The Eire Government has protested against certain remarks made in court by Sir Travers Humphreys during the condemnation in the Old Bailey on April 3 of the group of Irish terrorists.

Justice Humphreys, speaking to the accused before passing judgment, said: "You are rebels to all constituted authority. You belong to the gang who murdered British officers and others in the riots in 1922."

Mr. J. W. Dulaney, High Commissioner for Eire in London, has lodged a protest with Sir Thomas Inskip, Secretary for the Dominions.—Havas.

Anglo-Soviet Military Alliance Now Expected to Be Announced

Turkish Adherence to Democratic Bloc Also Anticipated; Mutual Guarantees

Paris, Apr. 16.

SOVIET and Turkish adherence to the Anglo-French security system in Europe is to be expected very shortly, informed quarters revealed today. While interest here was concentrated on President Roosevelt's messages to Rome and Berlin, negotiations were actively continued today to secure Russian and Turkish collaboration.

M. Georges Bonnet, the French Foreign Minister, this afternoon received the Turkish Ambassador, Suad Davaz, and it was reported that fine progress was recorded as a result of the parleys.

In Moscow, the Soviet Foreign Commissar, M. Maxim Litvinov, received the British Ambassador, Sir William Seeds, and the French Charge d'Affaires, M. Paillard. It was confirmed that negotiations with the Soviets have reached a decisive stage. M. Bonnet will hold an important interview tomorrow with the Soviet Ambassador, M. Jacob Suritz. Neither British nor Russian authoritative quarters in Moscow would comment on the conversations held.—Havas.

Anglo-Soviet Alliance

London, Apr. 17.

Conclusion of a full Anglo-Soviet military alliance is expected shortly, political quarters declared this morning.

M. Ivan Maisky, the Soviet Ambassador, called this morning on Sir Alexander Cadogan, the Permanent Under-Secretary at the Foreign Office, and it is understood that he will leave for Moscow either tonight or tomorrow to inform the Soviet leaders of Britain's intentions and confirm the views expressed to the Soviet Foreign Commuissar, M. Maxim Litvinoff, by Sir William Seeds, the British Ambassador to Soviet Russia.

It is understood that the present negotiations cover three major points and are far more comprehensive than originally contemplated when only the question of an air pact was to have been discussed. The three points are:

1. Soviet guarantee to Rumania, to which Moscow is stated to have already given a verbal acceptance. British political quarters stress that such a Soviet commitment would be compensated by the British guarantees to Poland and to Rumania, and shortly to Turkey. This is tantamount to guarantee of Soviet Russia's western borders.

2. General agreement between Great Britain and Soviet Russia which, it is understood, will provide for full reciprocal assistance, thus being tantamount to a military alliance. The conclusion of this agreement is expected during the current week.

3. Series of technical conversations between France and Soviet Russia with a view to strengthening the existing pact between the two Governments.—Havas.

Relative Air Strength

Paris, Apr. 17.

Air agreements, being worked out among Britain, France and Soviet Russia as well as other nations, should enable the anti-Dictator Powers to put 12,000 first line warplanes in the air immediately upon the outbreak of a general European war, French military experts said today. The first line air strength of the Rome-Berlin Axis coalition amounts to less than 10,000 planes, the experts estimated.

Defence agreements now being drawn up will give the non-aggressor group of nations definite superiority, they said. In the vital problem of replacements the Italo-German mass production and aircraft factories still give Italy and Germany an edge, they admitted, but hoped that United States factories would be able to supply their replacement deficiencies until such time as Anglo-French production can be increased.

A Foreign office informant said today that the Anglo-French-Russian air pact was practically concluded and that a complete agreement could be expected very shortly.

Progress in defence arrangements has been so rapid, the informant said, that if Rumania, Poland or Greece is a victim of aggression, Russia almost certainly will throw her weight behind the Anglo-French operations in conformity with the agreement.

The proposed air pact, the French said, chiefly concerns France, Britain and Russia, but will take in other Powers. The French plan for Russian participation in the alliance would call for common defence action, and Russian factories would be asked to furnish munitions.—United Press.

No Structural Damage to H.M.S. Ark Royal

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Apr. 17.

An Admiralty official told the "Daily Mail" yesterday that the cause of the fire aboard the British aircraft carrier Ark Royal, into which an official enquiry was held yesterday, was technical.

There was no structural damage to the ship, he declared, and neither were there any casualties. The fire occurred when the Ark Royal was returning from Gibraltar about three weeks ago. The fire destroyed several 'planes.—Reuter.

Banking Expert Going To Chungking

Chungking, Apr. 17.

Mr. C. Rogers, of the Anglo-Chinese Stabilization Fund Committee, is reported here to be leaving Hongkong for Chungking shortly.—Reuter.

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling 8¼d. U.S.$ 16 1/16c.

LONDON METALS AND N.Y. CROSS RATE

London, Apr. 17.

Silver prices remained unchanged in London today, with quotations being fixed as follows:—

	Apr. 15	Apr. 17
London spot	20d.	20d.
" forward	19¾d.	19¾d.
" gold	148/6d.	148/6½d.

London/New York:

One pound	U.S.$4.6807	$4.6804
One U.S. dollar	51.274d.	51.279d.

—Reuter.

German Arms for Spain Noted

Italian and Spanish Troop Concentrations; British Precautions

London, Apr. 17.

Transfer of troops from Palestine to Egypt, and the dispatch of the Welsh Guards to Gibraltar, indicate the close watch which Britain, together with France, is keeping on the Mediterranean and Spain, states the Diplomatic Correspondent of "The Times." Evidence, he states, is growing regarding the large amount of German equipment that has arrived at naval ports on the north-west coast of Spain, and at aerodromes.

All reports of Italian movements in Spain the correspondent goes on, are being closely examined. Particularly, he declares, is it being asked when exactly the triumphal march of the Italians through Madrid is to take place. The first date suggested, the correspondent points out, was April 20; then May 2; and now May 15. Clearly, he adds, the British Government is bound to consider these changes "completely unsatisfactory."—Reuter.

French Warships at Gibraltar

Gibraltar, Apr. 16.

The French destroyers Le Terrible and Le Fantasque arrived here this morning. They are lying off the south mole, owing to the boom defences placed at the entrances to Admiralty Harbour. The destroyers, it is understood, are leaving tonight for an unknown destination.

Le Terrible is reputed to be the fastest destroyer in the world. It reached a speed of 45.25 knots during her trials. Two French battleships, the Bretagne and the Lorraine, arrived here at 4 p.m. today.—Reuter.

More French Warships

Gibraltar, Apr. 17.

Three more French destroyers, the Volta, Mogador, and Audacieux, arrived here today.

During the afternoon, three French cruisers, La Marseillaise, La Galissoniere, and Jean Devienne, put into port under the command of Vice-Admiral Marquis, who is on board the Marseillaise. Rear-Admiral Lacroix is on board the destroyer Volta. Later, another three French destroyers, Tempete, Fortune, and Simoun, arrived in Gibraltar.

This brings the total number of French units in this port to thirteen, and the harbour presents a picturesque sight, filled with British and French men-of-war.

Meanwhile it is announced that the Spanish destroyer Calvo Sotelo arrived today in Algeciras.—Havas.

Paris Notes Concentrations

Paris, Apr. 17.

Twenty-five thousand Italian troops have been concentrated at Cadiz, Almeria and Alicante, according to reports reaching here last night from Tangier. The Italian troops were reported to have been concentrated in these coastal areas in connection with the forthcoming cruise of forty German warships to Tangier.

Twelve thousand Spanish soldiers have been transferred from the mainland to Spanish Morocco within the past 48 hours. All the Spanish reinforcements were concentrated near Tangier. The Spanish press reports there are now 90,000 Spanish soldiers stationed in Spanish Morocco as compared with 38,000 stationed there before the Nationalist rebellion.—United Press.

Malta Defences Manned

Malta, Apr. 17.

British coastal and harbour defences were manned by British troops again today as Britain continued to take extraordinary precautions here in view of the tense international situation.—United Press.

Gen. Franco in Seville

Seville, Apr. 17.

Travelling unheralded from Burgos along a carefully guarded route, General Franco, accompanied by members of his General Staff, arrived here yesterday for the first great Victory Review since the conclusion of the Spanish Civil War, to be held today. Fifty thousand troops will participate in the review. Yesterday's celebrations included a special religious procession and a gala bull-fight.—Reuter.

Herr Hitler Arrives In St. Poelten

Austrian Military Exercises And Defences Inspected

Vienna, Apr. 17.

Herr Hitler arrived at St. Poelten, in Lower Austria, from Munich this morning.

He was greeted by General von Brauschitsch, Commander in Chief of the German land forces.

The Fuehrer inspected the garrison and attended military exercises.

Authoritative circles declare that this visit has been arranged for some time since the Fuehrer wished to see how far advanced was the preparation of Austria's troops, parti-

Lecture on Ship's Propellers

Mr. J. A. Bonnyman Explains History and Functions to Meeting of Engineers

Under the auspices of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers China Branch, Mr. J. A. Bonnyman read a paper on "Some Notes on Ships' Propellers with special reference to the Manufacture of Screw Propellers," at a meeting yesterday evening at the Park Hotel. The chair was taken by Mr. Geo. Pickering. The paper opened with a brief history of ships' propulsion from early days, and a number of illustrations were given of the various forms of propeller used, such as that adopted by Thomas Savery for the propulsion of a vessel on the River Fulda in 1707, etc.

Coming on to more modern times the general principles of propeller design, to obtain maximum efficiency, were examined and discussed. The various phenomena which arise in propeller practice such as "Cavitation," "Erosion and Corrosion," "Singing Propellers" and "Racing" were all dealt with and the means by which such drawbacks could be eliminated were considered. In connection with 'Singing Propellers" cases of some very modern vessels suffering from this complaint were cited and the remedies adopted examined. Many examples of local interest were dealt with, in which better speed and handling of ships had been obtained by simple adjustments.

Experimental Tank Work

In the section on "Powering of Vessels," reference was made to the value of experimental tank work with ship models. These experiments were helpful in forming conclusions before any of the work on the actual ship or propellers was started, and it was shown that mostly all the theories leading to practical usefulness were the outcome of tank experiments. Practical methods of design used in marine engineering drawing offices were referred to, these being the outcome of research work by such famous pioneers as the Froudes, Schaffran, Durand, Barnaby, Admiral Taylor and others. The value of trial trip data was also stressed.

The question of the choice of materials, best suited for the manufacture of propellers for ordinary cargo vessels, also for high class naval and passenger vessels, was discussed, and a series of comparisons made.

The whole process of the manufacture of high class propellers was explained and illustrations showing the actual propellers of the Queen Mary and Normandie from moulding right down to the finished article were put on the screen. The photographs illustrating the processes of manufacture of propellers were taken at the Charlton Works of Messrs. J. Stone & Co. of London in the winter of 1936. Reference was made to the Metallurgical Laboratory at these works, which included an up-to-date photo-micrographic installation for the critical investigation of bronzes, also various microscopical instruments for the systematic examination and control of metals. The melting of the metals was carried out in reverberatory furnaces, the temperatures being under pyrometric control and the work being under the care of the laboratory staff.

Other Types Discussed

The subject of hydraulic propellers and paddle wheels was touched upon, and reference made to the Flettner Rotor ship which, while not being very successful, was of considerable interest. In conclusion, the Voith-Schneider system of propulsion which was first brought to public notice in 1931 was closely investigated. This propeller consisted of a number of airfoil sections attached vertically to a revolving plate, the blades always rotating in the same direction, but with different angles of incidence in accordance with the helmsman's requirements. The angle of incidence of the blades was changed by mechanical means and thus increased or decreased the propellor thrust and consequently the speed of the vessel. The direction of thrust might be altered and the vessel turned round in her own length. Vessels adopting this system of propulsion required no rudders and all the controls might be manipulated from the bridge of the ship. The only vessel in Great Britain fitted with this system was the Southern Railway Company's, Isle of Wight Ferry Lymington, which had proved a success. Illustrations were shown of repairs to propellers carried out at the Shanghai Dockyards also at the Charlton Works in London.

The mathematical calculations in connection with the collapse of water cavities, associated with the propeller Sub-Committee of the Board of Investigation and Research of H.M. Government into causes of corrosion and erosion in propellers were given as an appendix to the paper and the mode of approaching the problems by Mr. Cook and Lord Rayleigh should be of interest to those with a bend for mathematics.

Tungchow Robbers in District Court

Six robber suspects, two of them women were brought before the First Special District Court yesterday on a writ of detention in connection with an armed robbery committeed on January 29 in the Ta Sen Cotton Mill in Nantungchow.

The robbers were alleged to have escaped with more than $80,000. The Settlement police have so far recovered $1,700. The suspects were arrested as a result of a series of raids conducted in the Settlement and Concession and it was stated in Court that one of them had confessed to the crime.

Ten Robbers in Court

Ten other suspects arrested by the French police during the past few days in connection with a number of armed robberies and the murder of Zeng Ting-sen in Avenue Haig last month were brought before the Second Special District Court yesterday on a writ of detention.

A TOTAL of 8,400 schools will be established in various parts of Fukien province beginning from May 5, for the purpose of giving war-time training to the populace, says a Foochow Chinese message to the "Wen Wei Pao." The training work will be conducted by 8,000 instructors, the report states.

The Yankee Clipper Returns to America

The control room of America's bid for trans-Atlantic passenger service is pictured above, the huge Yankee Clipper (Boeing 74-passenger flying boat) having returned to Baltimore on Sunday at 5.41 p.m., Greenwich time. The room is spacious, as is to be seen from the reproduction—there is room for two pilots, navigation officer and wireless operator.

Chinese Elections To S. M. Council

Former Councillors Again Chosen to Serve; Objection To Increased Rates

All the five Chinese members of the Shanghai Municipal Council were re-elected yesterday to represent local Chinese living in the Settlement in the administration for the current year. The elections were held at the general meeting of the Chinese Ratepayers Association presided over by Mr. Hsu Chi-chuen, vice-chairman of the association. It was also decided that a letter should be forwarded to the Council requesting that the proposal for an increase of the municipal rate (to be effected in October) be reconsidered, as Chinese ratepayers will find it hard to pay the increased rate. Thirty five executives of the association were also elected.

The Chinese councillors re-elected are Messrs. Yu Ya-ching, Hsilin Chi, L. T. Yuan, Y. P. Eugene Kiang and W. Gockson. All the 7 Chinese committee men serving on various committees of the Council were also re-elected, excepting Mr. Chou Ponchuen. Mr. K. C. Hsu was elected to take Mr. Chou's place. Apart from the resolution opposing the increase of municipal rates two other resolutions were passed including the one thanking Brigadier General E. B Macnaghten who will soon leave Shanghai for his untiring efforts to maintain peace and order and to relieve refugees.

The third resolution calls for the sending of an official letter to the Council thanking it for the protection of interests and rights of the people living in the Settlement and also for its efforts to provide adequate educational facilities for the Chinese despite the difficult situation in which students have found it hard to attend schools in some places. The last part of the third resolution, which is considered important, is to urge the Council to continue its original policy of "maintaining the legal spirit" in order adequately to protect "legal" interests and rights.

Excellent Work Praised

The chairman made a long speech reporting on the activities of the Council during the past year and praising his colleagues on the Council for the excellent work they have done despite the difficulties arising from the changed situation. He mentioned particularly the way in which the Council authorities had handled the refugee situation. It was stated that at the end of last year the Council still took care of more than 50,000 refugees housed in 70 camps. During the past year $275,000 was raised by the Council in the form of amusement tax for the refugees. The Council's permission allowing the sale of the refugee lottery tickets in the Settlement was also mentioned.

He mentioned the good work done by the health authorities in carrying out preventive measures by giving free injections to do away with summer diseases and by cremating 60,000 bodies after effecting strict control of coffin repositories. Preventive measures carried out in the hut colonies were also mentioned. After overcoming many difficulties the Council was said to be able to maintain a normal schedule in educating Chinese youths at the end of last year in 12 places, which effort Mr. Hsu said, Chinese youths should appreciate.

Lord Baldwin Lauds President's Move

"Every Section of British Empire Will Do Duty"

St. John, New Brunswick, Apr. 16.

That the message sent to Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini by President Roosevelt was the courageous act of a great statesman, was stressed here today by Lord Baldwin of Bewdley, former Prime Minister of Great Britain, who arrived with Lady Baldwin in the liner Duchess of York.

"The risk of failure demanded much courage," Lord Baldwin stated. "Such an initiative could have been undertaken only by a great Power capable of viewing European policy in an impartial and objective manner owing to its situation and its history."

Questioned upon Canada's participation in the event of a conflict in Europe, Lord Baldwin expressed his conviction that "every section of the British Empire will do its duty."

Lord Baldwin is to deliver a series of lectures at the Toronto University. He will return to England by way of New York.—Havas.

Yankee Clipper Ends Return Flight

Baltimore, Apr. 16.

The Yankee Clipper landed here at 5.41 p.m. Greenwich Time today, completing its two trans-Atlantic flights in a total of 84 hours, covering 17,800 kilometres at an average speed of 212 k.p.h.

While in flight over the Atlantic, the giant craft was the scene of a jolly party in the large saloon as the passengers and crew joined in celebrations of Captain Harold Gray's 33rd birthday.

The Yankee Clipper's flight across the Atlantic on the return was slowed down by a strong wind, encountered shortly after its take-off from Horta, in the Azores. The plane's speed was then cut down for a while to 192 kilometres per hour.—Havas.

Local Criminals Increase Activity

Settlement Police Deal With 2,024 Criminals During March

The total of 2,024 cases of crime dealt with by the Settlement Police during the month of March shows an increase of 296 over the preceding month and an increase of 479 as compared with the figures for the corresponding month of last year, according to figures issued by Settlement authorities.

Included in the arrests effected in March for crimes committed within the jurisdiction of the Shanghai Municipal Police are 180 persons who were detained in connection with armed crimes. A large quantity of ammunition and 26 firearms were also seized by the police during the course of various raids made during the month.

Ten cases of murder and six cases of attempted murder were recorded. Four bombing outrages and twelve cases of simple abduction, nine more than in February, were dealt with, and one case of manslaughter and one case of armed kidnapping completed the list of major offenses.

Robbers also spent an active month. Property valued at $219,364 was alleged to have been stolen as against property valued at $179,406 in February. Property worth about $42,000 was recovered.

Six male and nine female Chinese, one Japanese male, one foreign male and one foreign female committed suicide during the month. The report also revealed that a total of 9,192 minor offences were dealt with by the police. This number including detention of hawkers, beggars, and loiterers and the removal of various obstructions.

Refugee Situation

Statistics issued regarding the number of refugees at present in the Settlement show that in addition to 41,597 persons who are housed in a total of 50 camps and 860 undergoing medical treatment in various hospitals, there are about 5,920 living in alleyways and vacant houses.

The number of accidents involving injury to persons or damage to property also showed a considerable increase over the number of accidents occurring during February. Nine persons were killed and 79 injured in a total number of 931 accidents involving both injury and damage.

Hard working police carried out 3,345 search parties during the month, station search parties heading the list with 2,441 cases. Hotels and lodging houses to the number of 357 were investigated not including 120 raids made as the result of anonymous tips. The reserve unit turned out to two calls, one to the scene of a bombing and the other to the scene of an armed robbery.

Many Attend Funeral of Army Photographer

Attended by more than 200 persons, funeral services for the late Mr. Shunjiro Shiroki, official Japanese army photographer who was killed on March 31 while filming scenes of Japanese mopping-up operations near Kongmoon, on the left bank of the West River, were held at the Nishi Hoganji Buddhist Temple at 3 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday.

The services were attended by Lieut.-Col. Itsuo Mabuchi, chief of the Japanese Army Press Bureau here, staff members of the Press Section, and representatives of Japanese newspapers, the daily stated.

Alleged Injury to British Subject

Japanese Wife of Briton Relates Bridge Incident; Report to H. M. Consulate

Because she stated that she was a British subject, the Japanese wife of an Englishman residing in Shanghai was alleged to have been assaulted yesterday morning by a member of the Japanese Consular Police on Garden Bridge. This was the story told to a "North China Daily News" reporter yesterday by Mrs. Davis, wife of Mr. Albert C. Davis, local journalist, of Apartment 45, Denis Apartments, Carter Road.

According to Mrs. Davis, she was proceeding over the bridge at about 10.30 a.m. yesterday to buy provisions in Hongkew when she was stopped by the Japanese Consular policeman, whose name she later ascertained was Takahashi. The policeman, she stated, informed her that she had not bowed to the sentry on duty at the bridge who asked who she was.

In reply Mrs. Davis informed the man that she was a British subject, who had been married to an Englishman for 30 years. Following this, she added, she was forcibly dragged into the hut, which stands behind the sentry box on the bridge, and the door was closed.

Mrs. Davis then stated that she was further questioned by the policeman, who asked why she had become British as she was of the Japanese race. Replying, Mrs. Davis told the reporter that she asked the man if there was any reason why she should not become British as she was married to an Englishman.

Gave Heavy Slap

Following this the Consular policeman gave her a heavy slap on the cheek and stated, "You think that now you are more superior than the Japanese. Being married to an Englishman does not make you almighty," she alleged he had said.

Mrs. Davis then asked for the policeman's name in order to report the matter and was given a card which was shown to the reporter. This, she stated, was handed to her by the man, the name printed on the card being Takahashi of the Japanese Consular Police.

After being allowed to leave the hut, Mrs. Davis went to the south side of the bridge and reported the matter to a Japanese constable of the S.M.P. on duty there, being told by him to leave the matter alone, she stated.

Dr. C. T. Lye, who examined Mrs. Davis after the alleged assault, told the reporter that she was suffering from shock and had hardly recovered from her ordeal. Asked by the reporter if the matter would be reported at H.M. Consulate-General Mr. Davis stated that as soon as his wife's condition was ascertained this step would be taken through his lawyers, Messrs. Hansons.

Hongkong's 3,500,000 Air Mail Letters

The anniversary of the inauguration of the Imperial Airways service to Hongkong fell on March 14, and the date almost coincides with the end of the first six months of the operations of this service under the Empire Air Mail Scheme, by which all first-class mail between Hongkong and England and other parts of the Empire is sent by air without surcharge.

During the six months which ended March 4, 23 tons of mail or, at 25 letters per pound, over one and a quarter million letters were desperatched from England by this service.

Mails from other participant countries in the Empire air mail scheme amounted to 2,000,000 letters into Hongkong with nearly as many outward from the Crown Colony. In all, the Hongkong airport handled 65 tons of mail, of which 43 tons were to or from Great Britain.

ALTHOUGH not coming to London in his official capacity, Dr. J. A. N. Patijn, the Dutch Foreign Minister, no doubt had important matters to discuss at the Foreign Office when he arrived recently. Although he has a high reputation among diplomats, he did not enter the diplomatic field until late in life. He was formerly a busy lawyer at The Hague. Then he became its Lord Mayor for 12 years, and proved such a sound administrator that he was persuaded to become Ambassador in Rome. A short spell in Brussels followed, and he then became Foreign Minister. In appearance he is tall and spare, with a white moustache and prominent chin. He is a good pianist, and a recent convert to the Oxford Group movement.

Irish Unity Again Demanded

M. de Valera Declares Eire Seeks Neutrality Status If War Occurs

Dublin, Apr. 16.

"It seems as if only Providence can save Europe from a new war," the Prime Minister of Eire, Mr. Eamon de Valera, declared this evening in a speech at Ellis, County Clare.

The Irish Government is devoting its chief efforts to remaining neutral and will try to keep the country out of war, he continued. He expressed the hope that Irish claims to independence and unity would be granted amicably and he stated, "From a united, free Ireland, Britain would have nothing to fear. A united, free Ireland would have every interest to be on friendly terms with her nearest neighbour, whereas an Ireland kept unfreed and divided, could not have such interests."

He spoke on the present international situation, when feverish war preparations are hurried in every country and when all ideas of international law or a system of justice are set aside.

"The days for international agreements like the Kellogg Pact are over but is it too late for hundreds of millions of innocent people who have no desire for mutual destruction and insist that it shall not be, to demand that a conference of the Powers, which would inevitably follow a war, should instead take place before a war breaks out?

U.S. President's Move Hailed

"Is it possible that those requests of President Roosevelt, which we have just heard, that nations should guarantee non-aggression, can be refused?"

He stressed that even the small neutral nations suffer from war, as did Holland and Switzerland during the World War.

"We have no designs other than those solemnly set forth in our Constitution, which nobody can deny to be just and which we hope will at last be recognized peacefully," he continued. "But, no more than the small nations such as those that I have mentioned, can we hope that our good intentions will save us from aggression on one side or the other.

"The aim of the Government's policy is to maintain neutrality. The best way and the only way to secure our aim is to place ourselves in the best possible position to defend ourselves, so that no one can move to attack us or violate our territory with impunity."

He announced that the Government is therefore obliged to make immediate preparations for defence and that the present crisis necessitates the recruiting of several thousands of volunteers. New regulations will be published this week, he declared. —Havas.

Police Presentation To British Soldier

Private Who Arrested Thieves is Honoured

Private S. A. Anderson, of the East Surrey Regiment, was yesterday presented with a silver cigarette case, suitably inscribed, for having been responsible for the arrest of two shop-lifters on the premises of the Sun Co., at the corner of Nanking and Yu Ya Ching Roads on April 2.

The presentation was made at the Police Club by Major K. M. Bourne who told the recipient, in a few well-chosen words, how much his co-operation had been appreciated.

The two shop-lifters arrested by Anderson, had as will be recalled, taken a roll of cloth valued at $89 and were about to escape down the stair-case when the alarm was raised. Anderson on seeing the fleeing men, gave chase and was finally able to apprehend them, handing them over to a policeman on duty outside the building.

The handsome cigarette case, on which the crest of the S. M. P. is mounted, bears the following inscription: "Presented to Private Anderson, The East Surrey Regt., for services rendered to the Shanghai Municipal Police, April 2, 1939."

Another Old China Hand Departs

Mr. C. E. Harber Retires After 30 Years with B.C.C.

Shanghai lost another of its most popular old hands yesterday in the person of Mr. C. E. Harber director of the Yee Tsoong Tobacco Co., Ltd., who left for home yesterday accompanied by his wife in the ss. Empress of Canada.

Retiring after thirty years service with the company, he has had to eat his way out of Shanghai, for there have been few more popular residents of China than "Charlie."

Arriving in China first in 1908 for Messrs Kelly & Walsh, he joined the British Cigarette Co. Ltd., in 1909, being stationed for a number of years in Hankow, Manchuria, Tientsin and for the last eight or nine years in Shanghai.

A keen sportsman, he was in his younger days a good cricketer and has always been an ardent golfer and was Vice-president of the Shanghai Golf Club, and a member of the Shanghai and Cercle Sportif clubs. He is retiring to Scotland, where he built a house near Edinburgh some years ago. His only son is with the British-American Tobacco Co. Ltd., at Lagos.

Gaimusho Reshuffle Anticipated

New Envoy-at-Large to Be Stationed in Shanghai

Tokyo, Apr. 17.

A reshuffle of Foreign Office personnel both at home and abroad was instituted this morning with Mr. Morito Morishima, Japanese Counsellor in Shanghai slated to be transferred to Moscow in the same capacity, replacing Mr. Haruhiko Nishi, who will be recalled to Tokyo to be appointed director of the Bureau of European and Asiatic Affairs.

Mr. Morishima assumed his Shanghai post on April 25 of last year. The reshuffle follows appointments soon to be made of new ministers to Panama, Iraq, Bulgaria, Venezuela and Portugal.

A minister at-large, stationed in Shanghai, to fill the vacancy left by Mr. Masayuki Tani, former minister, will also be appointed soon, it was learned.

Mr. Kikuji Yonezawa, Director of the Investigation Bureau, and Mr. Kojiro Inouye, Director of the European and Asiatic Affairs Bureau, are being mentioned among others as possible candidates for the ministerial posts.—Domei.

Polish Air Defence Loan Successful

Warsaw, Apr. 17.

Commenting upon the present results of the Polish air defence loan, the government paper "Express Poranny" says that the 250,000,000 zlotys subscribed up to the present were just sufficient to purchase 250 bombing planes. In order to make the loan a complete success, the paper adds, the Polish nation must raise a total of 600,000,000 zlotys.—Trans-Ocean.

FOOD PROBLEM WITH GASTRITIS

For years, doctors wanted to find a food that would not irritate the inflamed stomach walls of patients suffering from gastritis and that at the same time would rebuild the patient's strength. In severe cases of gastritis solid foods are out of the question, even liquid foods are often vomited. Yet the patient needs quick new strength to rebuild his exhausted body. In Horlicks, doctors and nurses have found an ideal food.

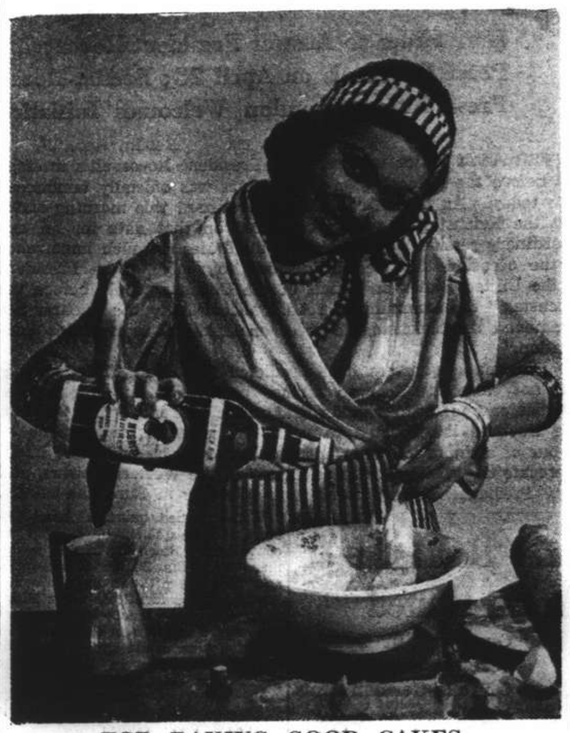
Where other foods are rejected, Horlicks is retained by the patient. And almost at once strength starts to come back with the result that convalescence is shortened too. Get Horlicks to-day from your store. It is delicious to taste.

(3)

INSURANCE: Pays your losses!
BRUCE S JENKINS
FEDERAL INC., U.S.A.
Telephone 17272 113 Kiukiang Road

PARAMOUNT
BALLROOM
International
SINGING CONTEST
To be held every Tuesday and Friday
Valuable prizes to be awarded
A Silver Cup
will be given to the
winner of the finals
ENROL NOW!
218 Yu Yuen Road Telephone 30050

RHUM NEGRITA



FOR BAKING GOOD CAKES
use RHUM NEGRITA, it will help to make your cake a success and give it that extra bit of good taste. Your family and friends will envy you.
Agents: L. Rondon & Co., Ltd.

GUARANTEED
3-year-old seasoned wood Carved • Teakwood Chests.
Office and Household Furniture, in suites or single pieces.
Large stock on hand to choose from.
Each purchase carries a GUARANTEE with it.
BROADWAY REED SHOP
395 Bubbling Well Road, (West of Race Course) Telephone 34202

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China Telephone 11055, Extension 5
Check Up on Your Printing
Stationery supplies and other printed matter are often the responsibility of a junior in an office. However excellent he may be it is unreasonable to expect him to realize the importance of this duty.
It is impossible to over-estimate the psychological value of printing with quality in its production, and an unwise assumption that all that interests any printer is the price. If possessed of sound commercial foresight he is also concerned in the return his craft makes to the purchaser, and the reputation of the office responsible for its production.

METROPOL Opens THURSDAY!
at Popular Prices!

FROM DAY TO DAY

MR. H. E. Morriss returned to Shanghai on Sunday after a fortnight's stay in Tientsin.

MRS. N. Denison returned to Shanghai yesterday in the ss. Carthage after a two-year stay in England.

H.M.S. Cardiff is leaving Shanghai today, her place at the British buoys being occupied by H.M.S. Dorsetshire.

MR. W. A. Kearton, General Manager of Patons and Baldwin, left Shanghai yesterday in the Empress of Canada.

MR. A. J. Percival, of Messrs. Inniss & Riddle (China) Ltd., and Mrs. Percival left yesterday on home leave by the ss. Empress of Canada.

AMONG passengers leaving by the Empress of Canada for Victoria and Vancouver yesterday were Mr. L. J. Davies, of Gibb Livingston and Co.

THE Shanghai Dairy Farms and Hongkew Dairy were on April 14 each fined $40.00 for obtaining milk from unlicensed premises.

AMONG those leaving by the Empress of Canada yesterday were Mr. A. Kendal Ward, Secretary and Treasurer of the Shanghai Power Company, Mrs. Kendal Ward and their two children.

MR. and Mrs. Cyril Porter departed for England yesterday in the ss. Empress of Canada. Mr. Porter left the Hospital a week ago after a serious illness, but is now well on the way to complete recovery.

MOVED by recent reports of successes in the Chinese counter-offensives on the various fronts, a joint telegram was sent to General Chiang Kai-shek by local Chinese public bodies yesterday, reaffirming the unconditional support of the Chinese population in Shanghai for prolonged national resistance, says the "Wen Wei Pao."

MR. H. M. Swann, of the Yee Tsoong Tobacco Company, accompanied by Mrs. Swann, Mr. J. H. Sterlker, of the Yee Tsoong Tobacco Company, accompanied by Mrs. Sterlker, and Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Boothroyd, also of the Yee Tsoong Tobacco Company, were among the passengers leaving by the Empress of Canada yesterday.

DR. Hjalmar Schacht, former president of the Reichsbank, who is on a visit to India, left Bombay on Sunday for Delhi after a stay of five days. While in Bombay, Dr. Schacht dined with the Governor, Sir Roger Lumley, visited the governor of the Indian Reserve Bank, and was also the guest of leading representatives of industry and commerce. In Delhi, he will be received by the Viceroy, Lord Linlithgow.

THE Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight, April 16, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement were—Foreigners, 22 and Chinese 701. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, Tuberculosis, Beri-beri and Typhus Fever 1 each. Chinese, Tuberculosis 38; Measles 14; Typhoid Fever 6; Beri-beri 3; Smallpox 2; Dysentery 2 and Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, Cerebrospinal Fever 1 each.

THE health report of the French Municipality for the week ending April 15, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession were—Foreigners, 6 and Chinese 208. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, Cerebrospinal Meningitis 1 and Chinese, Tuberculosis 25; Pneumonia 10; Measles 5; Beri-beri 3; Diphtheria 2; Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers 2 and Cerebrospinal Meningitis, Scarlatina, Smallpox 1 each.

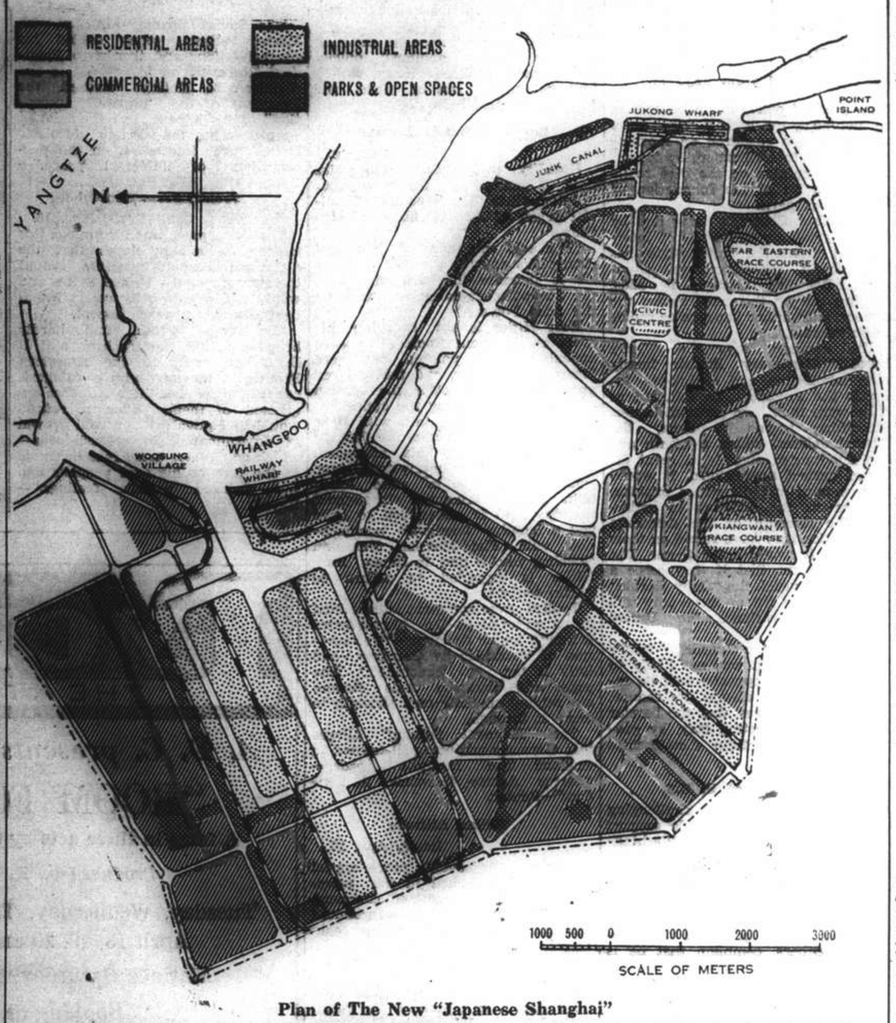
THE Union Church Tuesday Evening Club is bringing its 1938-9 session to a close this evening, marking the event by making it Ladies' Night. Supper will be served at 8, and this will be followed at 9 by an entertainment for which Mr. E. A. Dearn will be responsible. Members who have not yet made their reservations for the supper are asked to advise the honorary secretary, Mr. O. G. B. Beynon, by telephoning 90166 early this morning.

THREE more American 'planes have been orded by the China National Aviation Corporation from the United States, was a Kunming Chinese message to the "Sin Wan Pao." One of the 'planes is now en route to China, the other two are expected to be delivered by June, the report adds. The "Kweilin," which was shot down over Kwangtung by the Japanese some time ago, has now been repaired and will be commissioned into service shortly, the report states.

FOR the purpose of issuing personal instructions to the various Chinese commanders, General Chiang Kai-shek recently made a tour of inspection of the various war fronts by air, says a Chungking Chinese report to the "Sin Wan Pao." General Chiang visited Sian in Shensi, Changsha, in Hunan, and Shaokwan, in Northern Kwangtung, during the tour of inspection, which has served to promote a general enthusiasm among the various Chinese fighting units, the report states.

THE Countess of Seafield, who is expecting a happy event, is free from one of the anxieties that beset titled people at such times. She is a peeress in her own right, so that either a son or a daughter can inherit the title. One of the conditions of her succession, however, was that she should not come fully into her estates until she was 40, that is, until 1946. She married Mr. Derek Studley-Herbert, an ex-Guards officer, in 1930, and they have two beautiful Scottish country homes at Cullen and Grantown-on-Spey.

SIR William Larke, the official leader of the British industrial deputation to Germaay, has for many years been a dominant figure in the steel trade. He did invaluable work in organizing the Ministry of Munitions during the war, especially in the immensely difficult field of labour supply. He established a cordial relationship with the trade union leaders of those days that has survived all the industrial troubles of the post-war years. Another of his big jobs of 20 years ago was the disposal of many different kinds of surplus war stores. In 1919 he acted as chairman of a commission appointed to examine the German factories in the occupied



Plan of The New "Japanese Shanghai"

The above map, showing various building zones and approximate location of street and park areas, has been issued by Japanese authorities to illustrate plans for a "New Shanghai" destined, if all proceeds as expected, to rise on the banks of the Whangpoo River in the vicinity of the Civic Centre and Woosung.

Japanese Plan "New Shanghai"

City Intended to Occupy Territory Surrounding Civic Centre and Hongkew Creek

A "NEW Shanghai" to rival the old is being planned by Japanese interests. Continuing the development which was being made by the Chinese around the Civic Centre and the Far Eastern and Kiangwan race courses before the hostilities, roads are being widened and all survey work has been finished for the building of a new industrial and shipping centre. It has been proposed to widen Hongkew Creek sufficiently to make it navigable for steamers up to 10,000 tons, and land adjoining the creek has been reserved for factories and railway yards.

The territory intended to be occupied by industrial concerns will be divided into three sections, according to desirability of location and a special section has been set aside for "dangerous" industries such as match factories and warehouses for the storing of oil.

The tracts allocated to business firms have also been zoned according to desirability and the prices adjusted accordingly. If the development proceeds as planned, residential districts will cover a greater part of the city and will be offered to the public under three classifications. The first class sections are intended to occupy land in the vicinity of the Civic Centre, and numerous large parks are contemplated in this section. Second class lots would be available near the railroad and industrial sections along the creek. A third series of sections has been set aside for the use of foreigners. Authorities do not wish to state as yet whether foreigners would be permitted to live outside the areas assigned to them.

New Railway Pier

Should the new metropolis grow as its builders hope, a large railway pier will be built for the use of ships too large to pass up the Creek. Although Hongkew Creek shows little sign of change at present, it should present a scene of business and bustle comparing favourably in every respect to that of Soochow Creek if company officials find conditions such that they will be able to carry their plans to completion.

These plans, which the engineers of the scheme hope will be fulfilled in about six years, also make provision for a central railway station which will serve as the main terminal of a railway line which the builders intend to construct from their new city to a point on the Shanghai-Nanking railway. A spur line will connect with the North Station, but officials made it clear that the main line will not serve those sections composing present-day Shanghai. If the new settlement should attain the prosperity which seems to be expected, future circumstances permitting, the International Settlement and French Concession will be relegated ignominiously to mere suburbs of the new Utopia.

Construction Not Yet Started

However, no building operations have been started, and the only buildings now actually standing on the proposed site of the future city are those which were built before the hostilities. Some of the roads near the Civic Centre and the race courses have been repaired and widened as the first efforts of the builders will be expended upon the residential districts in these localities.

Officials did not reveal the names of any companies interested in the potentialities of the sites along Hongkew Creek, as actual improvements upon the winding stream are reserved for a somewhat indefinite future, but they did state that they had received some applications which are now undergoing consideration.

The development plan has been capitalized by the Heng Chan Co., Ltd. at Y.20,000,000, one half of which will be supplied by the Chinese Provisional Government in the form of land holdings within the boundaries of the future city. Shareholders, mainly Japanese, have contributed the rest. Further expansion of the plan is not being contemplated until conditions should make it necessary.

Shanghai Rickshaw War Starts Again

Owners Want Higher Rents, Pullers Want Lower; S.M.C. Approached

The Shanghai rickshaw war is on again. While rickshaw owners have been asking for an increase of the rickshaw rental by 20 per cent. for which they have petitioned the Shanghai Municipal Council, rickshaw pullers do not wish to be left behind in presenting their arguments supporting their request for a decrease of the rental by 30 per cent. giving several reasons. The official reaction towards the movement is being keenly watched by both parties to the dispute.

Recently rickshaw owners held several meetings to discuss the rental increase proposal and sent representatives to petition the Council but so far their request has not been officially accepted. Many rickshaw pullers have organized themselves into a group and petitioned the Shanghai Rickshaw Pullers Mutual Aid Association for help in securing a reduction in rentals.

According to a printed press communique from pullers, the Association refrained from sending a written petition prepared by the pullers to the Council but promised to support them. The pullers' petition was therefore sent to the Council by the petitioning coolies themselves.

It is mentioned in the pullers' petition that since the hostilities have limited their field of operations in foreign settlements and since the curfew regulations have further reduced their working period they can hardly earn a living after paying the high rental which is alleged to have already been secretly increased.

The owners' argument that their running expenses have been increased because prices of the various metal parts of their vehicles have been increased is repudiated by the pullers, who state in their communique that broken parts have been repaired at the expense of pullers and not owners. Pullers have been required by owners to compensate by paying cash when a broken part of a rickshaw needs repair, it is stated.

Shah of Iran Receives Happy Couple

21-Gun Salute as Royal Lovers Arrive in Teheran

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Teheran, Apr. 16.

With glittering magnificence, the Shah of Iran today gave a great State welcome to Mohammed Reza Pahlavi, nineteen-year-old heir to the throne, and his pretty bride, Princess Fawzieh, seventeen-year-old sister of King Farouk.

As the Crown Prince, the bride, her mother and three sisters stepped from the train, 21 guns boomed out a salute.

The decorated streets were thronged with cheering crowds as the royal procession passed.

The royal party will rest until April 22, when the official wedding festivities will begin.—Reuter.

German Planes Violate Polish Territory

Warsaw Protests to Berlin And Orders Precautions

London, Apr. 16.

German planes violated Polish territory and the Polish Government lodged a protest with the Reich's Government, reports from a reliable source claimed today.

Polish border guards were said to have reported that during the past few days, German craft flew at a very high altitude over Polish districts close to the frontier, especially in the Pomeranian region. No incident was reported today, but it was stated that the Polish military authorities had instructed anti-aircraft units on the frontier to open fire in the event that further flights over the border are made by German planes.—Havas.

Esthonia Now Rearming At Full Speed

Warsaw, Apr. 16.

Esthonia is rearming with all possible speed, General Laidoner, Chief-of-Staff of the Esthonian Army, told press representatives at Tallinn today prior to his departure for Warsaw on an official visit.

General Laidoner revealed that a special tax of ten per cent. of all existing levies has been decided upon to finance the rearmament programm, while the period of military service has been extended from twelve to eighteen months.

Esthonia, he concluded, is carrying through her military preparations calmly, as she does not fear any attacks by her neighbours.—Trans-Ocean.

LYCEUM
Russian A.D.M.C.
presents once only on
Sunday, April 23, 1939
at 9 p.m.
"SVENGALI"
(Trilby)
Moscow Art Theatre's artist
M. SPERANSKY
in the title role
Booking (75 cts. to $3) at Lyceum and Moutrie's.
-4163

For
BETTER FOOD
'S
815 Avenue Joffre
Telephone 71609
870 Bubbling Well Road
Telephone 38092
TIFFINS $1.50

King Zog Expected to Live in America

Banished Monarch of Albania Leaving Larrisa

Athens, Apr. 17.

King Zog, banished monarch of Albania, is planning to leave Larrisa for the United States via England as soon as possible, it was reported today.

He is expected either to leave Istanbul by train or go directly to England from Volos aboard a British ship. He will take with him a small retinue including Queen Geraldine, their infant son, the King's four sisters and one attendant.

No announcement was forthcoming whether the Albanian Royal couple had accepted the offer of the Queen's aunt, Mrs. Duncan B. Harding of Los Angeles, of the use of a residence which she owns in Pass Christian, Mississippi.

The Queen, daughter of the former Gladys Virginia Stewart of New York and formerly Countess Apponyi, was reported to be recovering rapidly today from the ordeal of having to flee from Albania on a stretcher two days after giving birth to a son. The Italian invasion of Albania forced her to flee to Greece while still in a weakened condition.—United Press.

Their Majesties See Balloon Barrage

Secret Equipment Shown At Depot in Surrey

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Apr. 16.

Driving from Windsor Castle, Their Majesties, accompanied by Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, Mrs. Chamberlain, Mr. Joseph Kennedy, the American Ambassador in London, Mrs. Kennedy, and other guests, visited the balloon barrage depot at Hook, Surrey.

During the inspection and demonstration, which lasted for two hours, certain secret equipment was shown only to Their Majesties, the Prime Minister and the American Ambassador.—Reuter.

Japanese Drown in Ferry Boat Disaster

Tokyo, Apr. 17.

Twenty persons were drowned yesterday when a ferry boat on the Mogami River overturned in a storm. All passengers were thrown into the water, but all except twenty were rescued by boats or succeeded in swimming to shore.—United Press.

Danzig Requisitions Foreign Exchange

Foreign Currencies Said To Be Hoarded in City

Danzig, Apr. 16.

By a decree issued today by order of the Senate, all foreign enterprises here are required tomorrow to turn in their foreign exchange holdings in Danzig and abroad to the Danzig Bank for conversion into Danzig gulden. All accounts in foreign currencies held by Danzig banks will tomorrow automatically be converted into gulden, exception being made only in the case of Reichmarks and Polish zloti.

Tre decree applies only to present holdings and will not apply to future deposits made in foreign currencies to accounts of Danzig firms or private persons. It differs in this respect from the foreign exchange law of the Reich, which requires that all foreign exchange be offered to the Reichsbank for conversion into Reichsmarks.

Official explanation for the decree is that Danzig firms and individuals have been hoarding foreign exchange for years. The present measure is designed to bring about an equal distribution of risk and thus to strengthen the Danzig gulden. Danzig's trade and commerce will not be affected by the decree, because the foreign exchange situation of the Free City is entirely favourable and all demands for foreign exchange can be satisfied from current holdings.

Consular representatives are exempt from the provisions of the decree.—Trans-Ocean.

Tornado Sweeps Texas And Louisiana

Dallas, Texas, Apr. 16.

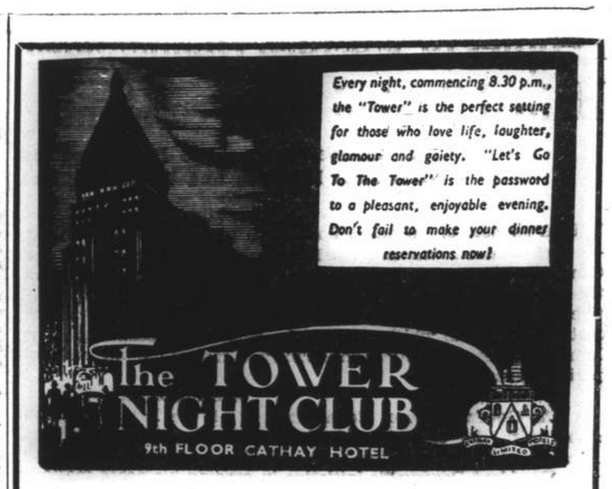
At least five persons were killed and some 60 others were injured today when a violent tornado swept the States of Texas and Louisiana. Specially hard hit were the districts round Haynesville, Louisiana, and Athens and Richland, Texas. In Haynesville, four people were killed while twenty were injured and about 50 houses were destroyed. One person was killed and several were wounded in Athens, and several were injured in Richland, where some 40 houses were damaged. Texascana also suffered severely as 20 houses were destroyed and some 30 people injured.—Havas.

Shooting Outrages in Haifa Main Street

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Haifa, Apr. 16.

Three shooting outrages occurred today in the main street here. One Jew was shot dead, while two were seriously, and two slightly wounded.—Reuter.

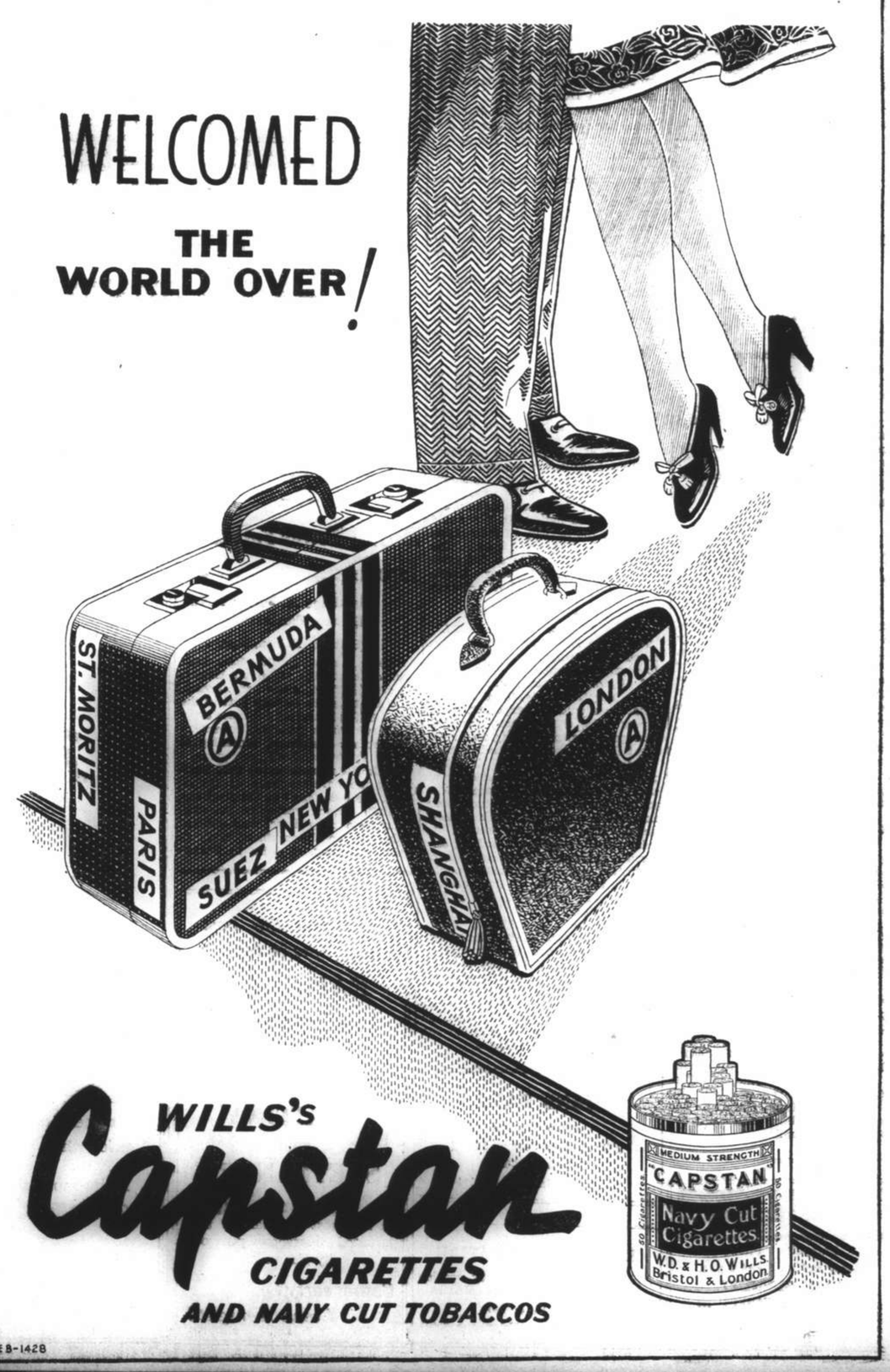


TO-NIGHT

First Appearance in Shanghai
of
Miss ELEANOR LEA
Impersonator

Agents : EGAL & CIE

WELCOMED
THE WORLD OVER!



WILLS's
Capstan
CIGARETTES
AND NAVY CUT TOBACCOS
EB-1428

Peoples of Western Hemisphere United Behind U.S. President

Mr. Roosevelt's Appeal to Dictators Wins Immediate Response and Fullest Support

Montreal, Apr. 11.

FULL support of President Roosevelt's telegram to the Fuehrer and Il Duce was expressed here yesterday evening by the Canadian Minister of Justice, Mr. Ernest Lapointe, who termed the message "a magnificent appeal." President Roosevelt's initiative, he said, is worthy of the backing of all strongly-armed nations including Canada, which should take defensive precautions. The Minister advocated unity in the country in face of the international peril.—Havas.

Washington, Apr. 17.

The Governments of Canada and of all the Latin American states with the exception of Haiti, Honduras, Guatemala, and Paraguay, have telegraphed to Washington associating themselves with President Roosevelt's initiative in sending his peace message to Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini.

Sr. Getulio Vargas, President of Brazil cabled warm congratulations to President Roosevelt "for an attitude which places you in the position of leader of our continent ....Your Excellency's words will result in a deep repercussion in Brazil and be complimented by the Government."

Senhor Oswaldo Aranha, Brazilian Foreign Minister, in a statement to Mr. Robert Scoten, the United States Chargé d'Affaires, said: "President Roosevelt's message coincides with the aims and aspirations of the Brazilian Government and people. These are the reasons why it will be approved unanimously in this country."

Sr. Frederico Laredo Bru, President of Cuba, sent President Roosevelt the following telegram: "Your document deserves the sincere admiration of the Government which I represent. The Cuban people, tied by historical bonds to the American nation, feel associated to the noble attitude of an illustrious statesman, and I therefore publicly announce our solidarity with such a noble message."

Mexican Appreciation

The Mexican Foreign Minister, Sr. Eduardo Hay, in an interview with the United States Ambassador, Mr. Josephus Daniels, termed the telegram "a noble message from a great man." "It fills me with admiration," he added. "I know the feelings of our President and I can say, on his behalf, that we are in full sympathy with President Roosevelt's noble statement."

General Oscar Benavides, President of Peru, wired his congratulations "for the noble effort on behalf of world peace." "Peru sincerely shares Your Excellency's desires," President Benavides added.

Sr. Jose Espalter, Foreign Minister of Uruguay telegraphed to Washington that, "I will communicate to you later a message from President Gabriel Terra, and I can say that you will doubtless receive universal sympathy in these times of grave international crisis."

Sr. Abram Ortega, Foreign Minister of Chile, stated on behalf of President Cerda Aguirre, who is absent from Santiago, that "President Roosevelt's noble message has caused a deep impression among the people of Chile and their Government."

Dr. Eduardo Santos, President of Colombia sent a long telegram to President Roosevelt, in which he declared that "Your Excellency may rest assured that you have exactly interpreted the sentiments and the uneasiness of the American continent ....Your Excellency's supreme effort to avert a catastrophe for humanity responds not only to the unanimous desire of all American nations but also of all the nations in the world who value the security of their rights and wish to live in peace....The Government and people of Colombia approve and support Your Excellency's generous initiative."—Havas.

U.S. Press Approves

New York, Apr. 17.

The press here this morning continued to voice approval of President Roosevelt's message to Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini, but stressed that a negative reply from the two dictators should be expected. The papers consider, however, that the message is a strengthening factor for Great Britain's policy of resistance.

"President Roosevelt's initiative cannot, therefore, be considered as having failed simply because it did not achieve what could not have been expected," the "New York Times" stated. "The President sought to point out the aggressors without any possible error before the outbreak of hostilities, and to rally world public opinion to the side of the eventual victims. The President killed two birds with one stone."

"It was not a coincidence," states the "Herald-Tribune," "that the President's message was drafted in such terms that if it were rejected by the heads of the Governments to which it was addressed it will appear as an accusation of their policy, as a support for the Franco-British coalition, and as a warning to the Powers of the axis."—Havas.

Crown of Albania Delivered

King of Italy Greets New Subjects

Rome, Apr. 16.

"As from today, Albania's destiny is indissolubly linked to that of Italy," King Victor Emanuel III stated today in his reply to the address of homage with which the new Albanian Premier, M. Shefket Verlaci, offered him the crown of Albania.

"We are happy to welcome the wish formulated by your courageous and noble people and to accept the crown of Albania, which they offer us and to which is attached the glorious memory of Scanderbeg," the King asserted, referring to the Albanian hero of the 15th century who defeated invading Turkish armies.

"We receive yours and the Albanian people's oath of loyalty with the renewed engagement that our Government has taken to guarantee our Kingdom of Albania the maintenance of order, respect of all religious faiths, progress, social justice, the defence of common frontiers and the safeguarding of the peace."

King Victor Emmanuel offered a banquet here this evening in honour of the Albanian delegation. Signor Mussolini, the members of the Royal Family and of the Grand Fascist Council, and several other high personalities were present.—Havas.

Serious German-Swiss Frontier Incident

Swiss Soldier Saved by Crowd from Arrest

Basle, Apr. 17.

A serious incident took place along the frontier near Basle today when a group of German customs inspectors attempted to arrest a Swiss soldier in uniform who, they alleged, was on German territory.

A large crowd, which had gathered for a demonstration in favour of civil aviation, prevented the arrest. The newspapers state that one of the German inspectors then fired a shot, but nobody was hit.

The authorities here are to make a report of the incident to the Federal Council.—Havas.

Germany and China Sign Trade Pact

German Industrial Goods For Chinese Minerals

Berlin, Apr. 17.

It is reliably understood that the Chinese and German Governments have signed a trade agreement which provides for exchanges of goods amounting to CN$10,000,000 monthly.

Germany will supply China with finished industrial products while China will export minerals to the Reich.

German economic quarters warmly welcomed the agreement since it will permit a considerable increase in trade exchanges between the two countries.—Havas.

Big Naval Manoeuvres For Australia

Sydney, Apr. 17.

Australia's biggest naval manœuvres since the Great War began here today and will continue until Wednesday.

The New Zealand flaship Leander and eight air force squadrons are co-operating with the Australian squadron. The exercises are planned as realistically as possible and include the stopping and questioning of liners.—Reuter.

Italian Battalions For Albania

Rome, Apr. 17.

It is announced that six battalions of militiamen will leave for Albania shortly to man the local garrisons there.—Havas.

Empress Boat Arrives

A total of 216 passengers disembarked at Shanghai from R.M.S. Empress of Russia which arrived in port yesterday. Among those leaving the ship were Mr. H. Jasper Cox of Kobe who is connected with Lloyds of London, Mrs. Charles A. Curley and son of Cleveland Ohio, and Miss D. G. Foster who is connected with the Chinese Maritime Customs. The Canadian Pacific liner sails today for Hongkong and Manila.

Wang Ching-wei Said To Be in Shanghai

Chungking, Apr. 17.

It is persistently rumoured here that Mr. Wang Ching-wei, deposed President of the Executive Committee of the Kuomintang, arrived in Shanghai on April 9, and that he is now staying in Hongkew.

Mr. Wang's staff, it is stated here, has its headquarters in a house in Seymour Road.—Reuter.

British C.M.B. for Philippines

A picture taken at Tilbury during the trials of the new motor torpedo boat which was built in England for the defence of the Philippines. It will be used for patrol work and can do 41 knots, has two torpedo tubes, and light anti-aircraft guns.

Chinese Aeroplanes Bomb Chekiang Capital

Chungking Asserts That Aerodrome Twice Raided; Strategic Points Near Canton Reported Recaptured

Chungking, Apr. 17.

INCREASING activity by the Chinese Air Force is claimed by Chinese military circles here, which state that Chinese bombers have twice recently raided the aerodrome at Hangchow.

The Chinese military spokesman today declared that two strategic points in Kwangtung, to the east and north of Canton, were again in Chinese hands, stating that the Chinese had recaptured Tsengchen and Huahsien.

Various reports from the front indicate that the Chinese Air Force is giving active support to the present attacks which are being launched by the Chinese ground forces. Chinese aircraft are stated to have staged a night raid on the Hangchow aerodrome at the beginning of last month; and it is now claimed that Chinese 'planes again raided the aerodrome, situated in the vicinity of Chienchiao, at noon on April 13.

After dropping bombs on the aerodrome, it is stated, the Chinese bombers reconnoitred above the city of Hangchow. There was heavy anti-aircraft fire, reports reaching here declared but no Japanese 'planes went up to engage the raiders.

Chinese aircraft are also said to have been bombing Japanese positions in south Shansi south of the Chuntiaoshan mountains.

Referring to the reported recapture of Tsengshen, the Chinese military spokesman declared today that the city was of "especial importance from the military point of view. He added that the city controlled Shek-lung, situated on the Canton-Kowloon Railway to the south of Tsengshen.

To the west, he added, the city controlled the southern section of the Canton-Hankow Railway, thereby exerting pressure on Canton.—Reuter.

Chinese Generals Wounded

Canton, Apr. 17.

Gen. Chang Ying-kueh, commanding Chinese forces at Sunkai, 25 miles north-east of Canton, and Gen. Li Chen, deputy commander of the 151st Division, were seriously wounded during a Japanese attack on Sunkai on April 13, it was learned in reports reaching here today.

Sustaining heavy losses, several Chinese divisions entrenched in a sector north of Canton abandoned more than 1,000 dead following a Japanese counter-offensive launched on April 10 against a Chinese "April offensive" wing commanded by Gen. Yu Han-mou, former Pacification Commissioner of Kwangtung, according to field reports.—Domei.

Advance in Kiangsi

Nanchang, Apr. 17.

Extending their zone of occupation to consolidate their gains following the capture of Nanchang, Japanese forces at midnight successfully crossed the Fu River in the face of Chinese fire, a field dispatch reaching here this morning said. The Japanese, consisting of four detachments, were said to be continuing their advance.

The Fu River flows into Lake Poyang from the south, passing east of Nanchang.—Domei.

Hainan Towns Fall to Japanese

Landings Made By Naval, Military Parties

Hoihow, Hainan, Apr. 17.

Known for being the first port opened to foreign trade on Hainan Island, the strategic town of Sunyingkang in the south-western part of the island fell to combined Japanese army and navy forces yesterday afternoon without any resistance, according to a field report reaching here today.

While a Japanese naval unit landed on the northern bank of Tanpukang, the outer port to Sunyingkang, at 10.30 o'clock yesterday morning, a Japanese army detachment effected a landing on the southern bank of Paimachingkang, opposite to Tanpukang, at 12.20 o'clock noon. Capture of Sunyingkang followed almost immediately afterward, the reports stated.

The attack complemented the capture of Lokwei, in eastern Hainan, by Japanese naval forces last Saturday, the reports said.

Prior to the fall of Sunyingkang, the port of Poaokang, in eastern Hainan Island, was taken by a Japanese naval landing party, assisted by naval aircraft, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, having effected the landing in the face of fire from the Chinese defenders.

Part of the naval unit which captured Poaokang are pushing further westward, another field report stated. Retreating Chinese fired the city of Kachek, 20 kilometres north-west of Lokwei in eastern Hainan, following the capture of the city by Japanese forces at 5.30 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, other field reports revealed.

One third of Kachek has been reduced to ashes by the fire, a pilot of a Japanese scouting plane reported.—Domei.

Japanese on Spratley Islands Since 1917

Toyko, Apr. 17.

Japanese nationals have been mining rock phosphate on the Spratley Islands since 1917, the Foreign Office declared today in a statement announcing that the Government will promulgate in the Official Gazette tomorrow its decision to place the South China Sea territory under the jurisdiction of the Government-General of Formosa.

The Foreign Office statement said the Spratleys consist of a group of small, low-lying sand islands 4.5 to 14 ft. above high water level, each having an area of about ten acres, between French Indo-China and the Philippines. Most of the islands are in a region hazardous for navigation.—Domei.

Reichstag Called for Reply to U.S. Plea

(Continued from page 7)

from a catastrophe, which he sees to be imminent, the journal declares he will still have rendered an inestimable service to civilization, by focussing world opinion on the dire realities which lie at the foundation of the present peril.

The "News-Chronicle" says that by again playing a rightful role in international affairs, the United States has immediately transformed the situation. After this message, it adds, nothing can be the same again; the outlook must either improve or rapidly deteriorate.

The message, says the "Daily Herald," fills every British family with admiration and gratitude towards the President, as intimate as if he were their own national leader. Something begins to exist, the journal delares, which a month ago had not existed, namely, a great alliance against aggressions. It would be a woeful and disastrous mistake, it goes on, for dictators to underrate the strength of the defensive combination they have raised on their path, for it would crush them. The message means that if they force a war on the world, the "Daily Herald" adds, the long list of those who will resist them includes the United States.

The "Manchester Guardian" thinks that the President was not likely to suppose that the appeal would be accepted. There is always the chance, he journal declares, that the barrier Britain is constructing may, by general strength, restrain dictatorships from war.

Well Received in U.S.

President Roosevelt's challenging action met with nation-wide support in America, according to the Washington Correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph." A small group of American writers, who have always asserted that negotiations with the dictators are useless, criticize the President for his policy of "appeasement." Others complain that he is meddling in matters which "do not concern the United States."

The general response by the press and by Congress, and the tenor of letters and telegrams received at the White House, the correspondent states, have been "overwhelmingly favourable." The Administration, he goes on, is particularly gratified at the expressions of approval from the Isolationists.

Senator Gerald P. Nye (Republican, North Dakota) who is a part author of the Neutrality Act, declared:—

"It is splendid to see such an effort made at this time."

The Administration, the "Daily Telegraph" Correspondent states, is not downcast by reports from Rome and Berlin. They did not expect, he states, an immediate and enthusiastic response, but hope that, on full reflection, the dictators will not entirely close the door. Even if the gesture proves unsuccessful, the correspondent declares, the Administration believes that it was justified, because "there will be no doubt where the blame will lie if disaster comes."—Reuter.

Washington Opinion

Washington, Apr. 16.

The State Department, it is understood here, does not expect any answer for several days from the German and Italian Governments to the appeal for peace made by President Roosevelt. Well-informed circles state that it "must not be thought that the President was suggesting that the Democracies should entrust themselves to the Totalitarian states, nor that they should again attempt methods of appeasement."

It was pointed out that the President, last September, envisaged a conference of all interested Powers, "but what transpired was a Four Power Conference which carved up a sovereign state without its representatives being present."

President Roosevelt, official circles point out, now proposes discussions between all interested nations, including the United States. Informed circles attach particular importance to the word "discussions."

They declare that this does not necessarily mean a full-dress conference immediately, but first multilateral exchanges of views, and world-wide assurances of non-aggression, solemnly entered into before all nations. Should these assurances be broken, it is stated, other nations could withdraw economic facilities from the nations violating the pledges.

"If the Axis Powers care anything for the world's opinion," official circles here declared today, "they will not reject out of hand the President's plea."—Reuter.

Berlin Definitely Hostile

Berlin, Apr. 16.

Hostility to President Roosevelt's note is marked in the newspaper "Diplomatische Korrespondenz," official organ of the German Foreign Office.

"The sole purpose of President Roosevelt's note," the paper declares, "is to increase the discord among the European states by an attack on the Axis Powers."

Herr Hitler is not hurrying his reply to President Roosevelt's peace appeal, but it is pointed out here that official circles, and the inspired press, have made clear the opinion of Germany regarding the appeal.

Herr Hitler had a talk with Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, the Foreign Minister, at Munich this afternoon. The talk lasted for nearly two hours.

Herr Hitler was in close touch with Signor Mussolini throughout the day. He is understood to have had a lengthy telephone conversation with Field-Marshal Hermann Goering, who is now in Rome. Herr Hitler is expected to return to Berlin tonight.

Typical press comment is contained in an editorial in the "Frankfurter Zeitung," which declares:—"The revision of Versailles by Germany and Italy is not yet concluded." The paper adds that the Axis Powers are relying on their own strength to carry it through.

The "National Zeitung" alleges that Germans are being ill-treated in England. The headline reads:—"Terror Against Germans In London."—Reuter.

Italian Attitude

Rome, Apr. 16.

President Roosevelt's peace appeal was fully published in the newspapers here today without comment. Beneath it, however, were reproduced messages giving unfavourable reaction to the message from Berlin.

Even in moderate political circles, which yesterday inclined to welcome the telegram, there is now but little hope that it will produce the result desired by the President. The document is described here as "clumsy in drafting and argument, and in the manner of presentation to the world."

The conversations between Signor Mussolini and Field-Marshal Hermann Goering will be resumed this evening. They are expected to last for some hours.—Reuter.

Moscow, Apr. 17.

The Soviet Prime Minister, M. Mikhail Kalinin, today cabled his congratulations and thanks to President Roosevelt on his appeal to the dictators. M. Kalinin assured the President of the "warmest reception" of his appeal by the Soviet peoples, who, the Prime Minister stated, "are interested in the preservation of universal peace."—Reuter.

French Press Hopeful

Paris, Apr. 16.

The Paris press was unanimous this evening in voicing hopes that the dictatorships would take into account the strength of the United States and would not categorically reject President Roosevelt's peace appeal.

"Le Temps" wrote, "It is hardly believable that the Fuehrer and Il Duce can reply to the American President's message with a categorical refusal to give the assurances requested of them. Such a refusal would be equivalent to a cold avowal of determination to unleash war—which no dictator could reasonably do in the face of his own people's and the civilized world's feelings."—Havas.

DESTROY Ants!

Kill ants as you do other insect pests—with a regular sprinkle of Keating's Powder—the trusted insecticide for 50 yrs.

Keating's Kills

BEETLES, MOTHS, FLEAS etc., even Bugs

BUT IT MUST BE KEATING'S

Sole Agents
MULLER & PHIPPS (CHINA) LTD.
350 Hamilton House, Shanghai

Telephone 70414—Corner Rue Bourgeat & Route Cardinal Mercier

LYCEUM THEATRE

A. D. C. presents

"ROOM FOR TWO"

A farce in three acts by GILBERT WAKEFIELD

Produced by F. G. GMEHLING

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday
April 18, 19, 20 and 22 at 9.15 p.m.
Matinee Saturday, April 22 at 3 p.m.

Booking at Moutrie's

Uptown

Corner Bubb. Well & Seymour Rds.
Telephone 38484.

Owing To Length of the Picture. Time of Performances are Changed To 2.00, 4.30, 7 and 9.15 p.m.

M-G-M's GREATEST MUSICAL ROMANCE!

Jeanette MacDONALD Nelson EDDY in Maytime with JOHN BARRYMORE

NOW SHOWING	CAPITOL PHONE 17100 142 MUSEUM RD.	GOLDEN GATE PHONE 74456 745 AV. FOCH	RIALTO PHONE 94110 239 KWEICHOW RD.	PARIS PHONE 85205 550 AV. JOFFRE
	2.30, 5.30, 9.15	2.30, 5.30, 9.00	2.30, 5.30, 9.00	2.30, 5, 7, 9.15
WED. THUR.	THAT CERTAIN AGE DEANNA DURBIN MELVYN DOUGLAS FOUR MEN and A PRAYER	SUBMARINE PATROL RICHARD GREENE NANCY KELLY LONE WOLF IN PARIS	FOUR DAUGHTERS LANE SISTERS John GARFIELD The BUCCANEER	DAWN PATROL ERROL FLYNN BASIL RATHBONE SOULS AT SEA
FRI. SAT.	SING YOU SINNERS	HARD TO GET	I AM THE LAW	THANKS FOR EVERYTHING
SUN. 23rd	DAWN PATROL	THAT CERTAIN AGE	SUBMARINE PATROL	FOUR DAUGHTERS
	33c 55c 75c 1.10	33cts. 55cts 85cts.	33cts. 55cts. 85cts.	33c 44c 65c 85c

FREE SH$50.00 OR SH$100.00 WORTH OF VICTOR RECORDS

with the purchase of

RCA Victor

Radio-Phonographs

Make your own selection of records. Get the instrument of supreme performance at an attractive price while this offer lasts.

Many models to suit any purse and purpose. Ask for details at leading radio and department stores.

RCA VICTOR CO. OF CHINA
SHANGHAI

L'EVENTAIL

1238 Yu Yuen Road — Telephone 23110

NIGHT CLUB

TO-NIGHT—SPECIAL FLOOR SHOW

featuring

"Five Gals of the Golden East"

G. NEUMANN'S ORCHESTRA
with "The King of Musicians"

COCKTAIL BAR

With lovely Hostesses behind the Bar

Who has the best floorshow in town?

FARREN'S

of course!

Return Engagement:

NIKITINA and SVETLANOFF

take the spotlight nightly in the most entertaining and talented floorshow put out by Farren's.

Come early! Come to-night!

HANS BAER

Piano Lessons

9 Route Paul Henry, Flat 8
Telephone 76344
for appointment 9-10, 1-4

-4864

FRESH BLACK CAVIAR

Add taste to your meal by serving fresh black caviar, obtainable at
VASSOS & CO.
662 Avenue Joffre Telephone 72512

LAFAYETTE CINEMA

323 R. Lafayette Phone 81200
To-day at 3, 5, 7 and 9 p.m.
JOAN BENNETT
RANDOLPH SCOTT in
"THE TEXANS"

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

MONDAY, APRIL 17, 1939

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8 7/32 ..... $ 29.20
U.S. $100 @ 16 ..... $625.00

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8 5/16 ..... $ 28.87
U.S. $100 @ 16¼ $615.38
London—demand 8 5/16
4 months' sight credits 8 11/32
4 months' sight docts 8 13/32
6 months' sight credits 8 3/8
6 months' sight docts 8 7/16
New York—demand ..... U.S. $16¼
4 months' sight credits 16¼
4 months' sight docts 16⅜
Paris—4 months' sight docts Fcs. 626

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ..... 8¼ U.S. $16 1/16
Hongkong/London 1/2 29/32

Chartered Bank

Canadian $100 @ 15 15/16 ..... $627.45
Hongkong $55⅝ $100.00

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders ..... Buying 30⅝
Java Guilders ..... " 30⅝
Netherlands Guilders ..... Selling 30¼
Java Guilders ..... " 30⅛

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$615.384 £1=$28.872
Selling U.S.$100=$622.568 £1=$29.201

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.95¼=$1 Belgas 27.72=£1

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 3.01=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.71¼=$1
Tourist Lire 3.32 ..... $1

Official Averages

Berlin/Hamburg T.T. $100=Rm. 40.00
$100=Reg. Mk. 82.00
incl. License fee

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTERBANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest	8¼	Lowest	8¼
U.S. G.$		16 1/16		16 1/16
Yen		—		—

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

April	SELLING		April	BUYING
£ T.T.	8 3/32	4 m/s. l.c.		8 11/32
G.$ T.T.	16 1/16	4 m/s. l.c.		16 1/16
Fcs. T.T.	606	4 m/s.		616
Rs. T.T.	45⅞	15 d/s.		46¼

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	20	19¾
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	—	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	52.13	—

Bombay offtake 30 bars.

London silver was unchanged both ready and forward, being 20 for ready and 19¾ forward. New York was unquoted and Bombay was 1 anna up at 52.13.

It was reported there was small Indian inquiry and American trade demand. Some speculative selling was also in evidence. Market ruled quietly steady.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 8 3/32 sterling and 16 1/16 U.S.$.

The Interbank market was unchanged and quiet. The opening and closing rates were:—

8¼	sterling	16 1/16	U.S.$	Apr.
8 11/32	"	16 3/32	"	May
8 11/32	"	15 31/32	"	June
8 3/32	"	15 15/16	"	July

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

There was a better tone in the market as a result of President Roosevelt's sensational move but there was certainly no tendency to over-enthusiasm as past hopes have so often been unfulfilled.

Ewos were actively traded in up to $20.10, the strength of the yarn market being a contributing factor. Buses changed hands at $27.00, as did New Engines at $6.75. Lands were a weak spot at $8½. A large block of Telephone Debentures were transacted at 95.

The American rubber statistics for March showed a consumption of over 50,000 tons, exceeding the most optimistic expectations, while stocks declined 12,000 tons. Under normal conditions these figures would be reflected quickly in a sharp upward movement both in the raw commodity and in shares. Locally, too much emphasis is placed on poor company earnings for 1938, which is not surprising, and insufficient attention is paid to future prospects. Moreover, the Dutch Export Taxes on rubber which amounted to close on 1d. per lb. during 1938 have been reduced this year to about ¾d.

Official Averages

1939 High	1939 Low		Today's Averages	Changes
155.01	105.32	General	140.93	—0.43
152.40	95.55	Rubbers	141.63	unch.

Total 28,298 shares, 2,505 bonds.

Morning Session

$11,500	S'hai Power 5½% Debs.	$ 90.50
$10,000	S'hai Race Club 6% Debs.	90.00
₩200,000	S'hai Tele. 6% Debs.	₩ 95.00
5,000	Kelantan	$ 0.37
4,600	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.80
1,500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.90
500	Wheelock	35.00
3,000	New Eng. (Ord).	6.75
900	C. G. Omnibus	27.00
15	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.75
50	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.50
3,200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.00
2,200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.10
100	S'hai Cotton	107.00
1,000	China Realty	0.85

ODD LOTS

2	S'hai Power (Pref)	$128.00
2	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.75
5	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.50
4	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.75
190	China Realty	0.82
200	S'hai Land	8.45
200	China Realty	0.84
10	Ewo Mills (Pref)	155.00

Afternoon Session

₩15,000	Asia Realty 6% Debs.	₩ 66.00
₩10,000	S'hai Land 6% Debs.	96.00
₩2,000	China Realty 6% Debs.	55.00
$2,000	S. M. C. 5% Debs. 1934	86.00
2,000	New Eng. (Ord)	$ 6.75
50	S'hai Cotton	107.00
1,000	S'hai Land	8.50
600	Wheelock	34.75
100	Tram (Bearer) £1	39.75
300	Ewo Mills (Ord)	20.00
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.90
200	Kaiping	24.50
200	Wheelock	34.75
500	H. & S. Hotels	Hk$ 5.00
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 20.00
20	S'hai Power (Pref)	127.50

ODD LOTS

100	Metal Ind. of China	$ 5.65
50	Tram (Bearer) £1	39.75
300	Exploration	8.00

Japanese Govt. Bonds

Osaka, Apr. 17.

Kogo 5% Y.103.94

—Reuter.

Bank Meeting's Concern Over China, Japan Conditions

Chartered Bank of I. A. & China Absorbs P. & O. Bank; Charter Prolonged Till 1969

THE eighty-fifth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China was held on March 29, at the Bank's premises, 38, Bishopsgate, London, E.C. Mr. A. d'Anyers Willis (the Chairman) presided. Mr. A. H. Ferguson (Chief Manager) having read the notice convening the meeting and the auditors' report, the Chairman said:

I will now comment briefly upon the more important changes in the balance-sheet before you as compared with that of a year ago. You will first of all notice that the total of the balance-sheet shows a decrease of approximately £3,600,000, and this may give you the impression that the Bank has been losing business. Such, however, I am glad to say, is not the case, and the explanation is a perfectly simple one.

As you are aware, our branches operate in many countries in the East, where their accounts are kept in the local currency, and when the sterling values of these local currencies fluctuate, it is obvious that the sterling equivalent of our branches' accounts as shown in the balance-sheet must fluctuate also. In this year this fluctuation in the sterling value of the Chinese dollar has been severe, for whereas at December, 1937, it was valued at about 1s. 3d., at December, 1938, its value was round about 8d. This decrease accounts for practically all the fall in the sterling total of the balance-sheet, and in the individual decreases in current accounts of £2,691,570, and in fixed deposits of £857,814.

The only other major changes upon the liabilities side are a decrease of £937,081 in bills payable and an increase of £1,182,959 in loans payable, which merely reflect changes due to current business requirements.

Assets

Glancing now at the assets for a few moments, there is a decrease of £918,766 in cash in hand and at bankers, due partially to the reduction in sterling value of the cash held by our Chinese branches. Bullion on hand and in transit shows an increase of £1,369,377—a reflection of the increased operations in gold during last year. Government and other securities have increased by £2,144,699, an increase caused largely by a desire to employ redundant funds in the absence of suitable loans to traders desiring accommodation, to which I will refer in a moment. Bills of exchange show the considerable decrease of £2,213,572, which, to a certain extent, is caused by the drop in overseas trade. Bills discounted and loans at £16,538,710, against £20,795,843 a year ago, when one remembers that this item consists mainly of overdrafts to clients, shows only too plainly the fall in our customers' requirements for finance, and, I would remind you, in the most profitable side of our ordinary banking business.

Profit and Loss Account

Turning now to the profit and loss account, you will find that our net profits for the year amount of £335,309, against £491,065 a year ago, a decrease of approximately £156,000, and I would also point out, although possibly it is quite unnecessary, that the figure of £335,309 includes a transfer from contingences account to meet depreciation on Government securities. I shall now endeavour to explain to you the adverse factors that have brought about this reduction in profits.

There has been a decreased volume of trade in various spheres where we operate, but it is the deteriorating business conditions in China and Japan that have been our chief concern. Most of you have followed events there closely, and I need not elaborate on these at the moment. I need only say that ordinary commercial trading, which it has been our business to finance, has in the past 18 months been seriously disturbed. If this seemed to be a passing phase, or if we could visualize a return to more normal conditions in the near future, we would be happier. I refer later on to the introduction of a new currency into North China, and the endeavour to force unwilling traders to confine their finance dealings to Japanese banks in the new currency. This is a portent of interference with normal trading which we cannot ignore in relation to the future success of our business in China, and particularly North China.

Further, during the last two years there has been a very substantial fall in the price of Government securities, of which our holdings, as I have mentioned in previous years, consist largely of short-dated stocks. Here again it is not possible to be optimistic about the future.

With these considerations in view your directors, after making the necessary provision for bad and doubtful accounts out of current profits, decided that the current profits for the year should be charged with the amount required to write down securities to market value and to transfer from contingencies account the balance required to provide for the proposals submitted to you.

I need hardly say how much my fellow directors, the management and I regret this proposal of a reduced dividend, but I am sure that our conservative policy will in the circumstances receive your full approval.

I sounded a note of warning in my speech last year regarding the difficulty of working profitably in China and Japan, and the reduction of our interim dividend from 7 per cent. to 5 per cent. in September was therefore probably not altogether a surprise to you.

P. & O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.

You will observe in the balance-sheet against our holding of P. & O. Banking Corporation, Ltd., shares a note stating that "A contract has been entered into for the purchase of the undertaking of the P. & O. Banking Corporation, Ltd., with effect from February 1."

You are aware that in 1927 we acquired by private agreement a controlling interest in the P. & O. Bank by a purchase of 75 per cent. of the share capital. Since then we have bought further sundry shares that have been offering in the open market, with the result that on December 31, last we held about 82 per cent. of the capital. Meantime the P. & O. Bank continued to be carried on as a separate entity with its own directors and management, but, as I mentioned a year ago, the policies and joint interests of the Chartered and P. & O. Banks have gradually been co-ordinated and harmonized.

The P. & O. Bank, with their head office in London and with branches in India, Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, and China, covered a field already served by branches of the Chartered Bank. Under conditions of expanding trade between Great Britain and these territories, and between these territories themselves, there would probably have been ample room for the two institutions. With adverse economic conditions, however, such as we have had since 1931, and, as far as we can judge, without prospects of substantial betterment in the near future, your directors have naturally had under serious consideration for some time the desirability of the actual merging of the business of the P. & O. Bank into the business of the Chartered Bank, thus reducing overhead expenses and also eliminating a certain amount of inevitable competition between the two institutions. A decision to do so was finally taken in Novemeber last. As a preliminary step to this end the contract above referred to was entered into. The Chartered Bank offered to buy the undertaking and assets of the P. & O. Bank for £2,594,160, which was the amount of the paid-up capital of the P. & O. Bank. Stripped of legal phraseology, this meant that the Chartered Bank offered to buy the 18 per cent. of shares held by the other shareholders at their face value, viz., £10 per share net. The offer carried with it the obligation of the Chartered Bank to take over the commitments of the P. & O. Bank, and was subject to the condition that the P. & O. Bank should be wound up voluntarily.

At the meeting subsequently held this offer was unanimously accepted by the shareholders of the P. & O. Bank present, without the votes of this bank being used in any way whatsoever.

You will, I feel sure, be glad to learn that practically the whole of the business hitherto conducted by the P. & O. Bank has been transferred to the Chartered Bank, and this accretion to the volume of our business will I hope, prove of considerable value to this Bank in the future.

In view of our offer of £10 per share to other shareholders, some of you may consider that our own holding of P. & O. Bank shares at December 31, is overvalued to the extent of £179,728, because it appears in our balance-sheet at cost. I would remind you, however, that liquidation of the bank was only taken in hand last month, and will take some time. The actual value of the assets is, therefore, not yet determined, and any shortage in our valuation will naturally fall to be dealt with in our 1939 accounts.

I should perhaps particularly refer now to one of the assets of the P. & O. Bank which we have taken over, and which will hereafter appear in our own future balance-sheets as a separate item. The P. & O. Bank acquired in 1921, 23,403 (93½ per cent.) of the ordinary shares in the Allahabad Bank, Ltd., and these are now being transferred into the name of the Chartered Bank.

The Allahabad Bank, Ltd., is an Indian institution which has its head office in Calcutta (formerly in Allahabad) and 36 branches and agencies in India mostly north of a line Calcutta-Bombay. It was founded in 1865, and has a most excellent record for conservative and efficient management. The called-up capital is rupees 35½ lakhs, of which.

Rs.16,000,000 is in ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid.
4,50,000 is in ordinary shares of Rs. 100, Rs. 50 paid.
15,00,000 is in preference shares of Rs.100 each fully paid.

The reserve fund is rupees 50 lakhs. The very close relationship that existed between the P. & O. Bank and the Allahabad Bank is, I am very pleased to say, being continued with ourselves.

I should perhaps add that the Allahabad Bank has its own Board in India, and is managed as an entirely separate institution.

India

Money conditions in India during the year were easy. Call money rates, for instance, in the slack season were quoted as low as ¼ per cent. to ½ per cent., with very little demand even at that low level. The Government's usual borrowings by means of Treasury Bills sold to the money market were obtained at an average rate for the years of 1 5/16 per cent. p.a. In May the Government of India successfully floated a large Rupee loan, the terms being 3 per cent. at 98, repayable at par 1963-65. This reflects the excellent state of the Government of India's credit.

As regards the external trade of India, the recession begun in 1937 continued last year. In June, however, business seemed to take a turn for the better, but the international political situation later on prevented material progress. The total value of the exports of India and Burmah during 1938 was Rs.180 crores, which compares unfavourably with Rs.220 crores in 1937. Imports were valued at Rs.140 crores in 1938, against Rs.154 crores in 1937. This decrease in the surplus of exports over imports naturally tended to weaken the external value of the rupee, and unfortunately provoked rumours of its impending devaluation. The Government of India wisely reaffirmed by public announcement their decision to maintain the rate at 1s. 6d. Since then, with more active exports, the exchange position has righted itself.

The largest factor in the decline in exports was a big decrease in raw cotton exports to Japan.

I may add that this adversely effected our own turnover, as the finance of raw cotton from India to Japan has been one of our interests for many years.

Another item of India's external trade in the finance of which we have been keenly interested for many years is the import of Lancashire cotton piece goods. The value of this continues to decline, and reached the paltry total of £4,570,000 only in 1938. Decreased imports of cotton goods from Japan and Britain have been offset by increased production of the mills in India. The Indian mills have, therefore, been able to absorb a good deal of the raw cotton which in the normal course would have gone to Japan. The total mill consumption of Indian cotton, in fact, during 1937-38 reached a record high figure. Production of cloth and yarn by the local mills has since proceeded at a high rate, and a position has been reached where consumption has not kept pace with production. Stocks of cloth and yarn are, therefore, increasing, and prices are depressed.

The unhappy position of the Indian jute mills, to which I referred last year, continued until quite recently, when a new agreement was arranged under which adequate provision has been made for regulating supply, and for safeguarding the interests of those concerned in the industry. Large stocks of manufactured goods had accumulated at the mills which should now rapidly pass into consumption, and the future of this important business can be looked on more hopefully than for a long time past.

Tea has not experienced a particularly good year, the increase in the export quota from 87½ per cent. to 92½ per cent. decided on a year ago having resulted in an appreciable rise in the stock position. The International Tea Committee has now decided to reduce the export quota to 90 per cent. for the coming twelve months, which would appear to be justified and to meet the position fairly as between producers and consumers.

Last year I was able to report an improvement in the Indian coal trade, which had largely come about through a shortage of labour leading to demand being in excess of supply. To-day labour is once again plentiful, and, with prices tending downwards, prospects are not too satisfactory for the coming year.

The British and Indian Governments for some time past have been in negotiation for a trade agreement which will replace the Ottawa treaties, and this was signed in London last week. I sincerely trust it will help to stimulate trade between the two countries.

Malaya

Quotas under the International Restriction schemes for rubber and tin had to be drastically cut for 1938 owing to decreasing demand.

Rubber quotas operative last year were:—
70 per cent. for January-March,
60 per cent. for April-June,
45 per cent. for July-December,
and for Tin:—
70 per cent. for January-March,
55 per cent. for April-June,
35 per cent. for July-December, plus 10 per cent. for Buffer Pool.

The average price of tin was some £50 lower than in 1937, and rubber 7¼d. compared with 9½d.

It is not surprising, therefore, to find that the total value of all exports from Malaya decreased from $903,600,000 to $581,500,000. This, expressed in sterling, is a drop of over £37,000,000.

You will realize from these figures what a heavy curtailment there has been in the Bank's exchange business in that important sphere of operations.

China

Since I addressed you a year ago the situation in the Far East has deteriorated considerably from the standpoint of British trade and finance in China. The struggle between China and Japan has continued along an ever-widening front, and after a year and a half of pitiless combat, widespread destruction and economic dislocation, an enduring settlement seems to be as far off as ever. The Central Provinces remain devastated and depopulated, and the whole of that once prosperous area has ceased to be an outlet for constructive international trade. The Yangtze is no longer an artery of commerce, and the produce markets of Hankow and other river ports have been closed; the Chinese Government have lost control of Canton; and for all practical purposes the whole of the Chinese seaboard has come under Japanese surveillance, while in North China Japan is attempting to obtain a position of political and economic hegemony very similar to that which she has acquired in Manchuria.

I need not remind you that although this Bank has large interests in other Eastern territories, the volume of business transacted in normal times through our system of branches in China formed a substantial proportion of our aggregate operations.

It is not for us as proprietors of a banking institution engaged in the financing of international trade to take sides in the present tragic quarrel between two great Oriental nations, but we should be lacking in humanity if we failed on this occation to express our deep sympathy with the Chinese people—among whom this Bank numbers many friends—in the terrible ordeal through which they are now passing.

The Situation

Although the situation in China presents so many distressing and disturbing features, a development is taking place which is full of hope for China and for the world. I refer to the courageous efforts that are being made to build up a new economic system in the Western provinces of China and to rehabilitate in that potentially rich but hitherto undeveloped region the shattered livelihoods of refugees from the Yangtze valley. It is estimated that many millions of Chinese, among them many merchants, artisans and craftsmen, have migrated Westwards. The task of setting these people to work would appear at first glance to be an impossible one, but it is being tackled with energy and enthusiasm by responsible officials of the Administration, and I have little doubt that the characteristic adaptability and industry of the Chinese people will prove equal to surmounting the consequences of one of the great tragedies of history.

Since the beginning of the present century, friends of China have repeatedly urged upon the Chinese authorities the desirability of opening up to international commerce the rich provinces of the West by the establishment of a trade route through Yunnan and Burma, but without success. Now, through "force majeure," the Chinese are themselves seeking an outlet for primary products across the Burmese frontier, and much progress has already been made in constructing a system of roads to connect the more important cities of Nationalist China with Burma and the navigation headways of the Irrawaddy.

The situation in Shanghai has not greatly altered from that which I described a year ago, but, as is generally known, foreign trade has suffered there more severely than elsewhere in China in 1938. Figures in times such as the present, when accurate statistics are practically unobtainable, may convey a wrong impression, but according to information available the total trade expressed in sterling values passing through Shanghai in 1938 declined by more than 55 per cent. compared with 1937. The total trade of the rest of China, on the other hand, increased by about 10 per cent. For reasons military, political and economic, the port of Shanghai remains largely insulated from commercial intercourse with its hinterland and the Yangze basin. The northern and eastern districts of the International Settlement, in which most of the industrial enterprises of the port are concentrated, remain detached from the administration of the Shanghai Municipal Council. Outside the boundaries of the Settlement and the French Concession there is much lawlessness, and even within those districts the restoration of normal human activity is hindered by sporadic outbreaks of terrorism.

Chinese Currency

Confidence in the Chinese currency, when I referred to the matter a year ago, had already been undermined by the restrictions placed upon the sale of sterling and other foreign currencies by the Chinese authorities consequent upon the establishment of the Federal Reserve Bank of China in Peiping and Tientsin, and the issue by that bank of a new currency in North China. In spite of generous allotments of foreign exchange for some months, the Shanghai-London rate rapidly declined from 1s. 2¼d. to around 8d., at which it has been maintained with moderate fluctuations since June last year until the present.

Although receiving no direct support from the Chinese Government, the Chinese national currency in North China, after an initial uncertain period, maintained its external value close to the Shanghai equivalent. Successive decrees by the provisional Government of Peiping that the national currency would circulate at increasingly heavy discounts as compared with the notes of the Federal Reserve Bank were ineffective, and the national currency remains at a premium. Considerable uncertainty has been caused, however, by a further decree prohibiting, as from March 11, the export of certain goods, which together constitute a large proportion of the total shipments from North China, unless financed through the Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd. on the basis of 1s. 2d. against Federal Reserve Bank notes. Exporters have been allowed up to April 10 to complete existing contracts on the old basis, but there can be little doubt that the strict enforcement of the decree will bring about a complete stoppage of foreign trade in North China, which, if long continued, could only result in the closing down of many foreign concerns in Tientsin and other northern ports.

The maintenance of a stable currency in China is of the utmost importance to British trade, and the announcement made in Parliament on March 8 by the Chancellor of the Exchequer regarding the formation of a Currency Stabilization Fund of £10,000,000, in which this Bank will participate under the guarantee of H.M. Treasury, will doubtless be welcomed as a means toward this end. Unfortunately, this fund will not influence, except indirectly, the position in North China which, I understand, forms the subject of vigorous protests addressed to Japan by the Governments of this country and of the United States of America and France. The fact that, as already stated, the rate of exchange in the Shanghai market has been maintained on a relatively stable basis since June last, with only moderate and intermittent support, gives reason to hope that, in spite of the many uncertainties of the position, the Stabilization Fund will prove successful.

(Continued on page 12)

Shanghai's Foreign Trade for March

According to the monthly returns issued by the Chinese Maritime Customs covering the foreign trade of Shanghai, net Imports during March, 1939, totalled $53,115,053. Net Exports totalled $21,184,301. January-March figures were $126,424,543 and $80,652,551 respectively.

Who Owns Mexican Oil?

Amid Flurry of Rumours it is Difficult to Get Clear Idea of Chances of Settling Dispute

AMID all the flurry of rumour and counter-rumour it is difficult to get any clear idea of the chances of a settlement of the year-old Mexican oil dispute. Some people, apparently, have been willing to back their hopes of a successful outcome to the present negotiations, for the price of Mexican Eagle shares have doubled in little more than a month. But though speculators have not been slow to take advantage of the Richberg conversations, the prospect of a settlement—dependent as it is upon compromise by parties that have for a whole year shown no indication of compromising—do not appear to be as bright as reports suggest, states the "Financial News."

The political reputation—and probably the existence—of the Cardenas régime is staked upon expropriation. From the political stand-point alone the present nation-wide preparations for March 18 celebration of the first anniversary of the expropriation would seem to preclude any possibility of a joint ownership arrangement. The Mexicans would not stomach any attempt at even partial restitution after having made sacrifices in the form of personal gifts to set up a fund for the cancellation of the petroleum debt. Moreover, the Government has already given a clear indication of its intention to retain both the properties and its control over them, by its reorganization of the Mexican oil industry into a single unit to avoid duplication and by its refinery programme.

Mexico's Rights

Presumably, therefore, if a settlement is to be reached it is the oil companies that have to give way. And it is doubtful whether the British interests are yet in a mood to concede Mexico's demands for recognition of her ownership of the wells. It would perhaps have been better if the Mexican Eagle Company had adopted the more realist attitude of the Americans from the outset. In all justice the right of the Mexican Government to expropriate the properties of a Mexican company, provided compensation is really adequate, cannot be doubted. The American Government recognized this right and as far as the American interests were concerned it was only a question of indemnity.

The British Government, however, refused to admit that President Cardenas was justified in taking such action. The firm line taken last April, and the belief that time was on their side, has encouraged the British interests in their attitude. There is no doubt that the companies, especially Mexican Eagle, have had a raw deal—not so much in the actual expropriation as in the events which led up to that action. But the dispute involves not only national, but international politics.

Conditions not Normal

The world-wide network of the American and British oil interests is such that under normal circumstances the boycott of Mexican oil would have been sufficient to bring the Cardenas Government to heel. But world conditions are not normal and the Mexicans, though under a professedly democratic régime, have found their market in the three totalitarian States. It is true that they have encountered difficulties both in marketing and in distribution, for the normal trading and tanker facilities have not been available. As a result, shipments during 1938 fell from 25 million barrels to 14.8 million barrels, and part even of this greatly reduced total is attributable to the pre-expropriation period.

But these difficulties are probably not as insuperable as the oil companies would like to believe. It is true that the totalitarian market does not yield ready cash—a fact which has so far made indemnification impossible—but so long as Mexico needs machinery and other equipment supplied by these countries she will be able to ship a growing volume of oil. The difficulty of tankers will in time be circumvented—already three are building in Italian yards under a barter agreement—and the difficulty regarding technicians—a factor upon which the oil companies are believed to have put much faith—can presumably be obviated if Mexico is willing to link herself closely with the Fascist Powers.

Efforts to Compromise

If the oil companies are wise, therefore, they will make every effort to compromise, and this should not be impossible if a wide interpretation is given to the various terms likely to be publicised. Time is not likely to help the British interests any more than the American, so long as the totalitarian States afford a market over which the oil industry has no control. The Mexican Government wants recognition of its ownership and complete control of administration and production. It desires that the domestic sale and distribution remain in its own hands, but is willing that the whole of the surplus be exported and the proceeds used to pay for the properties. If the Mexican Eagle Company cannot make terms on this basis (provided that the Government offers reasonable compensation with reasonable safeguards for the continuance of payments), shareholders may suffer. It is clear what the attitude of the U. S. Government must be in the matter—the negotiations for the supply of planes by Germany in exchange for oil have shown that.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Apr. 17	Closing a.m. Opening	Prices p.m. Closing
Antamok	.33	.31
Atok	.31	.295
Balatoc	8.00	8.00
Batong Buhay	.015	.015
Benguet Consolidated	11.00	10.70
Big Wedge	.27	.25
Coco Grove	.325	.31
Demonstration	.12	.125
I X L	—	.50
Masbate	.13	.12
North Camarines	—	.44
San Mauricio	1.74	1.70
Surigao Con., Com.	—	—
Surigao Con. Vot. Trust	—	.17
Suyoc	.155	.15
United Paracale	—	.58

Turnover: Unavailable Pesos.—Reuter.

Your Body needs Spring-Cleaning!

Rid your system of poisons and wastes accumulated during the winter months by means of a healthy and invigorating

"SWEAT"

in The Electric-Light Cabinet Bath. It is an excellent Spring Tonic.

See or call

W. BRODERICK

Graduate Masseur

83 Route Delastre, Tel. 75663

Scientific Massage and Sun-lamp radiations also given.

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

(Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij, N.V. Amsterdam)

BANKERS
ESTABLISHED BY ROYAL CHARTER
1824

Head-Office: AMSTERDAM
Head-Office for the East: BATAVIA
SHANGHAI OFFICE: Sassoon House, 20 The Bund

98 Branches in The Netherlands, the Netherlands East Indies, the Straits Settlements, India, Burma, China, Japan, Arabia and Netherlands Guyana. Correspondents in all principal towns of the world.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED

C. J. SCHAAP, *Manager*

Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Investment Bankers and Brokers

Members of New York Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
Winnipeg Grain Exchange
Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York
Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc., Montreal
New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange
Manila Stock Exchange
Hongkong Sharebrokers Association

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA AND SINGAPORE

Cable Address: SWANSTOCK

S. E. Levy & Co.

Shanghai...Hongkong...Manila...Singapore

Members:

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE
CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE
COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC., N.Y.
NEW YORK COFFEE AND SUGAR EXCHANGE
CANADIAN COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC.
MANILA STOCK EXCHANGE
HONGKONG SHAREBROKERS ASSOCIATION
MALAYAN SHAREBROKERS ASSOCIATION

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

(Incorporated in the Colony of Hongkong. The liability of members is limited to the extent and in manner prescribed by Ordinance No. 6 of 1929 of the Colony.)

Authorised Capital $50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid-up $20,000,000
Reserve Funds { Sterling £6,500,000
Reserve Funds { Hongkong Currency $10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors $20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Board of Directors: HON. MR. A. L. SHIELDS, Chairman
W. H. LOCK, Deputy Chairman
J. K. BOUSFIELD, A. H. COMPTON, Hon. Mr. S. H. DODWELL, D. F. LANDALE, G. MISKIN, K. S. MORRISON, Hon. Mr. T. E. PEARCE, H. V. WILKINSON,
Chief Manager: SIR VANDELEUR M. GRAYBURN.

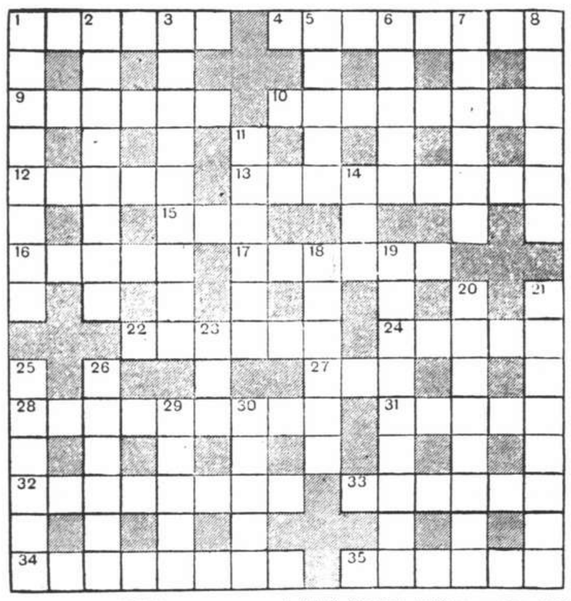
Branches: Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Chefoo, Colombo, Dairen (Dalny), Foochow, Haiphong, Hamburg, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkew (Shanghai), Ipoh, Johore, Kobe, Kowloon, Kuala Lumpur, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manila, Moukden, Muar, New York, Peiping (Peking), Penang, Rangoon, Saigon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sungei Patani, Swatow, Tientsin, Tokyo, Tsingtao, Yloilo, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking & Exchange Business transacted.
Savings Bank Department. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.
Office Hours 10 to 3, Saturdays 10 to noon. A. S. HENCHMAN, *Manager.*

70050
TAYLOR TAXIS

LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1789

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 A warder can be made to look suggestive of uncooked meat
4 Remote, or proving to be the champion liar?
9 A tune from 2 down perhaps
10 A stanza, of Omar for example
12 Unnecessary advice to the U.S.
13 A bit of harness, not of a theatre
15 Foreign coin
16 Alice in Wonderland found this was the end of the Duchess
17 This time if it lacks length implies importance
22 Ship
24 The spirit of the underground
27 Tree
28 Anchorage
31 Kind of saw
32 Tottering perhaps
33 U.S. territory in the Pacific
34 One from of idolatry
35 One insect whose head is another

DOWN

1 Beverage that might be observed among boxing novices (two words)
2 "A" 26 down "with a ——in a vision once I saw, it was an Abyssinian maid and on her —— she played" (Coleridge)
3 The proper person to get a letter
5 This is seen when you look down in the mouth
6 Flower
7 Book of the O.T.
8 "Her voice was ever soft, ——, and low—an excellent thing in woman" ("King Lear")
11 This crew used to torture people
14 Perhaps a stamp, perhaps a cube
18 Illness
19 The margin can be made out of this
20 Sad from the cow-stand
21 In spite of its appearance this interval may be a generous one
23 What is left when he leaves 29 down
25 About a game of golf perhaps
26 See 2 down
29 No, in a sailing boat this rope is not made of linen or cotton probably
30 Home of a witch

THE SUN

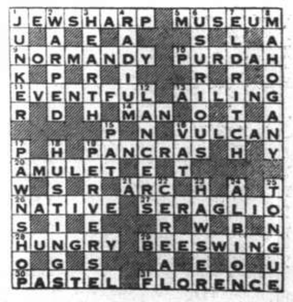
Oldest Insurance Office in the World

Head Office:
63 Threadneedle Street, London

Far Eastern Branch: **1 The Bund**

Telephone 15075

SOLUTION OF LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1788



BANK MEETING'S CONCERN OVER CHINA, JAPAN CONDITIONS

(Continued from page 11)

Having given you an outline of the principal features affecting trade in the major zones where we have branches, I would like to make brief reference to one matter which seems to me to have a bearing on the future of international trade. This is the new Anglo-American Trade Agreement. I might perhaps refer to it as a British Empire-American Trade Agreement, as its terms are not confined to trade between the United States and Great Britain. Now here is an endeavour by two great communities to improve and simplify the conditions that govern the interchange of commodities in order that trade may be encouraged and developed, and so bring material advantages to all concerned.

There is, I think, a rapidly growing recognition of the fact that international trade cannot be one-way traffic; its benefits must be reciprocal, and if the world could only settle down I am sure that we should see an extension of these trade agreements in other spheres.

The United States, whose influence on prices and trade is so unique, has not improved her internal trading position to any extent recently; relations between Government, capital and labour are still strained and confidence lacking. But the history of the country is assurance enough that in normal conditions the next movement will be an upward swing. We can only hope that it will not be long delayed.

I also welcome the decision of our Government to secure for the Exports Credit Guarantee Department wider powers to provide a fuller measure of assistance to the export trades of this country.

If only we could get free of international tension and strife it would indeed not be difficult to visualize a welcome improvement in world trade, with better prices for primary commodities and a consequent rise in the standard of living in the Eastern countries in which we are so much interested.

Tribute to the Staff

While I have unfortunately not been able to lay before you such satisfactory results as formerly, I am sure you who are present here today none the less appreciate the loyal service of the members of the staff, both at home and abroad.

You will, therefore, I am sure, wish me to make it known to them that they have your sympathy in regard to the difficulties of the past year and your confidence in their maintaining to the best of their abilities the high traditions of the Bank in the uncertain times that lie ahead.

Eastern banking during the last few years has not been an easy business, and your Directors and the managers have had great responsibilities to carry. On the broad shoulders of your chief manager the biggest burden has fallen, and I should like to take this opportunity of thanking him, also the other managers—as well as all the other officers in particularly responsible positions—for their services during the past year. All have given of their best.

The Bank's Charter

You will notice that we have to deal with an amended Charter, and in regard to that matter I shall postpone my remarks until the extraordinary meeting, which follows this one.

The Chairman: I have now to propose the first resolution, which I will put to the meeting, and after I have asked Mr. Campbell to second it, if anybody has any questions to ask, I will do my best to answer them. The first resolution is: "That the report now presented, together with the balance-sheet and Profit and Loss account, be approved and adopted, and that a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, less income tax, for the half-year ended December 31 last, be now declared payable on and after the April 3."

Mr. Colin Frederick Campbell: I have much pleasure in seconding the resolution.

The Chairman: Now if anyone has any questions to ask, I will do my best to answer them.

A Shareholder: Might I ask, sir, about this purchase of the extra 45,000 shares in the P. and O. Company at a price of £100,000 above the market value of the day. I was present at the last P. and O. Company meeting when you said, sir, that in view of the uncertain position in the East, shareholders were well advised to sell to us. If they were well advised to sell, how is it we were well advised to buy?

The Chairman: You mean the shares we have now bought, the 18 per cent.?

The Shareholder: Yes, at a high percentage above market price.

The Chairman: The reason is that £10 was a fair value for the shares, and £7 was not.

The Shareholder: You told the shareholders they were well advised to get rid of them.

The Chairman: They were well advised to get rid of them at £10 per share.

The Shareholder: But are we well advised to buy them?

The Chairman: It was a fair deal, and that was considered to be a fair price.

The Chairman: Mr. Jones and Mr. Ramsey Short, I am very grateful for the kind words that you have said. It is consoling to feel that people on the other side of the table—the shareholders—do sympathize with the difficulties which we are up against. These are not easy times. We do everything possible, but one trouble after another does come about and must come about as things are, and it is a comfort and a help to feel that you have passed this resolution unanimously. Thank you very much. (Applause).

The Extraordinary General Meeting

An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders was then held. Mr. A. d'Anyers Willis (the Chairman) presided.

Mr. A. H. Ferguson (Chief Manager) having read the notice convening the meeting the Chairman said:

Ladies and Gentlemen, the resolution that I have the honour to submit is:—"That the Court of Directors be authorized to apply for and accept a renewal of the Bank's Charter with certain amendments, alterations and additions enlarging the powers of the Company in the conduct of its banking business in accordance with the terms of the draft Supplemental Charter, which will be submitted to the meeting subject to such modifications thereof in detail, if any, as the Court of Directors may approve."

At the outset I should like to take this opportunity of expressing on behalf of the Court the Directors' thanks to Mr. N. E. Young, of His Majesty's Treasury, for the careful and courteous consideration which he has afforded us in the preparation of the new Charter. I would also express my appreciation of valuable services rendered in connection with this matter by Mr. Gerald Addison, of Messrs. Linklaters and Paines, the Bank's legal advisers.

Ladies and Gentlemen, the draft Charter has, as you are aware, been open to inspection at our office, and it is now on the table for any shareholder who may care to look at it.

As its terms are somewhat formal it would probably be more convenient to you—instead of the paragraphs being read—that I should state to you what effect the amendments and alterations will have. They are designed:—(1) to prolong the incorporation of the Bank for a further thirty years until July 12, 1969, and (2) to amend the provisions in our existing Charter relating to the issue of notes by the Bank to conform to recent legislation in Hong Kong, and to widen the powers of the Bank to issue notes there, subject to legislation which many be passed there at some future date."

Charter for 30 Years

Now that I have given you this brief but complete statement of the amendments to the new Charter—which will carry us on for the next thirty years—I do not think it necessary to repeat the resolution, the terms of which I read at the beginning of the meeting. I will therefore now call on Mr. Campbell to second it.

Mr. Colin F. Campbell: I have great pleasure in seconding the resolution.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

The Chairman: The draft Charter, which is at present going the final rounds of the various Government departments interested, has been drawn up in close collaboration with His Majesty's Treasury, and I do not think there will be any need for further material modifications.

Now, Ladies and Gentlemen, we shall have a further extraordinary general meeting on April 19, at 12.30 p.m. to confirm the resolution now passed. It will be merely a formal meeting, and the customary notice with regard to it will, of course, be sent to you in due course. We shall ask some of you gentlemen to come and make a quorum on that occasion, and as it will only take a few minutes I trust that it will not inconvenience them to be present. I now declare the business of the meeting at an end.

Mr. J. A. F. Watson: Can you tell us how much you have written off your Government securities, and how much you have transferred from the contingencies account—the relationship between the two sums?

The Chairman: That is a question which I expecter would be asked, but really it is ·t in the interests of the Bank to d ulge that sort of information. The contingencies account was formed for a certain purpose, and used for a certain purpose. It would not be in the interests of the Bank, or in your interests, to say more.

If there are no further questions to be asked, I will put that first resolution to the vote.

The resolution was put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

The Chairman: I will now ask Mr. Rose to propose the second resolution, and Mr. Mackay to second it.

Mr. Archibald Rose: I have pleasure in proposing that Mr. Moses Mordecai Simeon Gubbay, C.S.I., C.I.E., Sir Henry Pelham Wentworth Macnaghten, and Mr. Jasper Bertram Young, who now retire by rotation, be re-elected directors.

Mr. Edward Fairbairn Mackay: I have much pleasure in seconding that.

The resolution was put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

The Chairman: I will ask the other side of the table to propose the resolution regarding the auditors. Will you propose that, Mr. Pinckney?

Mr. W. Percy Pinckney: I beg to propose: That Mr. David Charles Wilson and Mr. Henry Croughton Knight Stileman be re-elected auditors for the ensuing year.

Mr. A. I. D. Stewart: I have much pleasure in seconding that.

The resolution was put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

Vote of Thanks

Mr. Arnold Jones: Mr. Chairman, I wish to move a resolution that the best thanks of the shareholders be given to the directors and the staff for their successful management of the Bank. Ladies and Gentlemen, you have all heard many formal votes of thanks moved, but today I wish to go beyond mere formality, and to ask you to join with me in giving the directors and staff of the Bank an assurance that they have earned our sincere thanks for their management of the Bank's affairs during the past year. I feel that it is in difficult and abnormal times that the organization and personnel of any Bank is most tested. I think you will agree with me that the Chartered Bank has met this test once again with resolution and skill. When I first knew the East, thirty years ago, business was very plentiful, and profits were not too hard to make. Now all that is changed. In addition to the ordinary risks of banking which exist at any time, we now find that the directors and staff of the Bank are facing formidable barriers raised against, and unfair restrictions placed upon, many forms of their business. In fact, in China the staff going about its lawful occasions, has been in considerable physical danger, and this has been borne bravely. I am optimistic enough, however, to think that the future of those banking and trading possibilities in the East are just as great as in the past. In the meantime, therefore, we shareholders can rest assured that the Chartered Bank is well fitted and very eager to take a leading part in the activities of those better days. The Bank, we feel, at all times, good and bad, has behind it a very loyal body of shareholders and clients. I have much pleasure in moving the resolution.

Mr. G. Ramsey Short: I have much pleasure in seconding that resolution. As one who has been associated with the East for over forty-five years, and as a depositor in this Bank for over forty years, I have much pleasure in associating myself with those remarks.

The resolution was put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

Admiral of the Fleet the Earl of Cork and Orrery, who is to relinquish the post of Commander-in-Chief, Portsmouth—the principal port command of the Navy—in June, has been employed on the active list till a later age than any other naval officer in modern times. He was 65 in November last, and has spent 52 years in the Navy, but he is not due to retire until 1943—five years from his promotion to the senior admirals' list. The Earl has another claim to distinction. Home port commands are generally held by Admirals who fly the white flag with red St. George's cross often seen on church flagstaffs. As an Admiral of the Fleet, he flies the Union Jack at the masthead of H.M.S. Victory—Nelson's old flagship—and he will have flown this flag for a longer term than any of his predecessors.

PRINTING

Everything bearing the imprint of the North-China Daily News Printing Office is well printed. Equipped with modern machinery and type faces, we produce printing which will appeal to you.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China.
Telephone 11055. Extension 5

Cleansborn Cleaning Co.
Dry-Cleaners and Dyers
1601 B'Well Rd. Tel. 34062
Carpets cleaned and stored
Collection and Delivery

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Haidah	Hongkong	Melchers
Promise	Foochow	Tai Ping
Carthage	Hongkong	Mackenzie
Ariadne Moller	Tientsin	C.F.S.S.
Atlas M.	Hongkong	O.S.K.
Fooksing	Tungchow	Wha Ying
G. Padula	Keelung	C.I.N.
Hokwang	Wenchow	A.P.C.
F. Consolini	Foochow	C.I.N.
Hangsang	Dairen	Jardine
Don Jose	Hongkong	Wallem
Talleyrand	Japan	Dodwell
Hakozaki M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
E. of Russia	Japan	C.P.R.
Yusang	Tientsin	Jardine
Tantalus	Japan	B.&S.
Whangpu	Hsinkong	B.&S.
Nagasaki M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Regensburg	Hongkong	Melchers
Wokiang	Hsinkong	A.P.C.
Wusueh	Hsinkong	B.&S.
Daichu M.	River Ports.	N.K.K.
Patti	Chitung	Chang Yuen
Kiangting	Tungchow	Foo Hwa
Hertha	C'yingsha	G.F.E.
Tungwo	Tungchow	Jardine
Luise	Hsinkong	Keh Lee
Menestheus	Hongkong	B.&S.
Hengshan M.	Habour	N.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Hansi	Ger	G.F.E.
Haikong	Ger.	Keh Lee
Karsten	Ger.	Chin Dah
Beaconsfield	Br.	Dodwell
Suiwo	Br.	Jardine
Heini	Ger.	G.F.E.
Liesel	Ger.	Ta Lung
Emp. of Canada	Br.	C.P.R.
Wilford	Nor.	K.M.A.
Taiseunhong	Fr.	Jardine
Hengshan M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Mikage M. 5	Jap.	Y.K.K.
Nellore	Br.	Mackenzie
Tejo	Ital.	I.C.R.N.
Norah Moller	Br.	Mollers'
Yuki M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Taityu M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Etizen M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Jean Laborde	Fr.	M.M.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Cardiff	Br.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Scarab	Br.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
Tern	Br.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
Marblehead	Am.	Cr.	U.S.N.B.
S. de Brazza	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

Sections of the Harbour

1 North Chinese Bund to Kinleeyuen.
2 Kinleeyuen Wharf to Signal Station.
3 Signal Station to Custom House.
4 Customs Shed to Peking Road Jetty.
5 Peking Road Jetty to Old Dock.
6 Old Dock to S. & H. Wharf Flagstaff.
7 S. & H. Flagstaff to Old Ningpo.
8 Old Ningpo to Chinwangtao Jetty.
9 Chingwangtao to Waterworks Intake
10 Waterworks to Yanking Creek.
11 Yangking to Cosmopolitan Dock.
Lower Section Cosmopolitan Dock to Woosung.

Wharves and Docks

S=Shanghai side. P=Pootung side.

APCGIW	A.P.C. Gough Is. Wharf	P LS.
APCLW	A.P.C. Lower Wharf	P 11
APCUW	A.P.C. Upper Wharf	P 10
BJ	Boyd's Jetty	P 6
CMCW	China Merchants' Central	S 5
CMEW	China Merchants' Eastern	P 10
CMLW	China Merchants' Lower	S 7
CNCBs	China Nav. Co. Buoys	S 2
CNCW	China Nav. Co. Wharf	S 2
CNPW	C.N. Co. Pootung Wharf	S 2
COCW	China Oil Co. Wharf	P LS.
CosD	Cosmopolitan Dock	P 11
CosDW	Cosmo. Dock Wharf	P 11
GJ	Garden Jetty	S 5
HSW	Hoong Shin Wharf Co.	P 1
HtsW	Hunt's Wharf	S 6
HWYK	Holt's Yang King	P 10
IntD	International Dock	P 11
IntDW	Int. Dock Wharf	P 11
JNJ	Japanese Naval Jetty	P 8
KLYBs	Kinleeyuen Buoys	S 1 & 2
KLYW	Kinleeyuen Wharf	S 1 & 2
KMAW	Kailan Wharf	P 10
KPW	Kaiyosha Pootung	P 10
KSD	Kiousin Dock	S1
KW	Kwanghua Oil Co.	P LS.
MBKUW	M.B.K. Upper Wharf	P 8
MBKW	M.B.K. Wharf	P 11
McKW	Mackenzie's Wharf	P 2
MW	Mollers' Wharves	S6
NKKW	Nisshin Kisen Whf.	P US
NSCW	Ningshao Co. Wharf	S 1
NYKMW	N.Y.K. Mail Wharf	S 5
NYKPW	N.Y.K. Pootung Wharf	P 10
OD	Old Dock	S 6
ONW	Old Ningpo Wharf	S 7 & 8
OSKYW	O.S.K. Yangtszepoo	S 8
OW	Outside Woosung	
PWE	Pootung Wharf East, Ewo	P 9
PWW	Pootung Wharf West, Ewo	P 9
QA	Quarantine Anchorage	
SHW	S'hai & H'kew Whf.	S 6 & 7
SOCW	Standard Oil Wharf	P LS.
TDW	Tai Dong Wharf	S 8
VOCW	Vacuum Oil Co. Wharf	P LS.
WIA	Woosung Inner Anchorage	
WSW	Wayside Wharf	S 8
WTW	Watung Wharf	S 1
WW	Whangpoo Wharf	S 9
YPD	Yangtszepoo Dock	S 9
YPDW	Yangtszepoo Dock Whf.	S 9
YW	Yangtszepoo Wharf	P 10

Post Office Notices

Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the below-mentioned closing times.
(Last connecting time from Sub-Offices to Head Office is 19.35 on week days and 19.05 on Sunday).

Date and Destination	Per		Reg.	Ord.
TUESDAY, April 18.				
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.		*20.00	7.15
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Shuntien		8.30	10.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	Shuntien		9.30	10.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	Taisang		10.00	10.30
Tinghai	Hanna		12.30	13.00
Aust. N.Z. and Indo-China	Talleyrand		12.00	13.00
Hongkong and Canton . .	Talleyrand		12.30	13.00
H'kow Wuchang Hanyang	Fengyang M.		13.30	14.00
Japan H'lulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	Asama M.		14.00	16.00
Kiangpei Offices east of Jukao	Tejo		16.30	17.00
Wenchow	Mohlenhof		19.30	20.00
WEDNESDAY, April 19.				
Tientsin	St. V. de Paul		*20.00	7.30
Tsingtao and Dairen	Dairen M.		8.00	8.30
Amoy H'kong Java Ports	Tjisaroea	A	11.30	12.00
Aust. N.Z. and Manila ..	Ivaran		15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton ..	Ivaran		15.30	16.00
THURSDAY, April 20.				
Formosa via Keelung	Tyosa M.		*20.00	7.30
Swatow and Hongkong ..	Taiyuan		7.30	8.00
Kwangtung	Taiyuan		7.30	8.00
Tsingtao Wei. C'foo T'tsin	Hoihow		8.00	8.30
Swatow H'kong Haiphong	Yusang		8.30	9.00
Tsingtao Chefoo Tientsin	Hangsang		9.30	10.00
Japan via Kobe	Taiyo M.	Y	16.00	16.30

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 18th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Y Superscribed correspondence.
Z Parcel mail only.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin or Chinwangtao for transmission.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows :—

ss. Asama Maru, via Pacific, April 18, due London May 24.

ss. Jean Laborde, via Suez, April 24, due London May 25.

ss. Canton, via Suez, April 25, due London May 27.

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per Nellore, April 16, from **Sydney:** Mr. D. G. Hum, Miss A. H. MacLean, Mr. & Mrs. F. S. Hatton, Miss M. Hatton, from **Manila:** Mr. F. O. Causey, Mrs. M. MacKenzie, Mrs. H. Greenup, Mrs. G. Smith, Mrs. R. Smylie, Miss Smylie, from **Hongkong:** Mr. R. A. Joscelyne.

Per Taisang, April 16, from **Hongkong and Ports:** Mr. & Mrs. W. D. Allen, Major G. Rawstone, Capt. F. Webster, Mr. Aust, Mr. H. Danish, Miss G. Weage, Miss A. Martin, Mrs. Travers, Mr. V. Guileff, Mr. Fleming, Mr. H. Barker, Mr. H. S. Lim, Mr. C. H. Ozorio, Mr. Maguire, Mr. N. Cemio, Mrs. H. Strangwick.

Per Yusang, April 17, from **Tientsin and Ports:** Mr. G. A. Haley, Mr. W. J. Young, Mr. A. J. Wilson, Mr. E. G. Hagen, Dr. Chen Te Lin, Mr. & Mrs. P. W. Gugel and Child, Mr. & Mrs. S. Perlmuter, Mr. & Mrs. A. A. Baikovsky, & Child, Mr. & Mrs. W. Wilson, Mrs. R. F. McMullan and Child, Mrs. A. P. Borodin, Mr. A. W. Borodin, Mrs. S. Kitzis, Mr. A. Sachs, Mr. Liu Si-San, Mr. Yang Ting Kang, Mr. Chang Moong Wan.

Per Glenapp, April 17, from **London:** Mrs. M. Griffin, from **Hongkong:** Mr. Y. Hirato, Mr. J. A. Victor.

Per Empress of Russia, April 17, from **Pacific Ports:** Mr. C. Appelboom, Mrs. L. K. & Miss Fleming, Miss F. G. Foster, Dr. Hsi Wei, Mr. J. L. Blum, Mr. R. M. Carlson, Mrs. G. L. Holland, Mr. J. Leo, Mrs. S. Leo, Mrs. H. Melin, Mrs. A. M. La Paine, Mrs. A. M. Beaumont, Mr. H. J. Cox, Mr. H. Ohki, Mr. S. Nakayama, Mr. & Mrs. W. J. Herzog, Mr. J. Kima, Mr. L. Biron, Mr. A. Lataste, Mr. M. Seki, Mr. & Mrs. E. E. Doherty, Dr. J. C. Maguite, Mr. C. Avison, Mrs. C. C. and Master Chambers, Miss L. Chambers, Mr. C. W. Hall, Mr. B. P. C. Schneider, Rev. & Mrs. G. R. Womeldorf, Mr. G. R. Womeldorf, Miss Womeldorf, Miss H. MacMillan, Mrs. F. Ayers, Mr. & Mrs. V. J. Barbashoff, Mrs. V. Black, Mr. & Mrs. Chan Yoon Ki, Mrs. R. H. Dick, Mr. W. Helm, Miss M. Helm and Master W. Helm, Mrs. T. P. Pottinger, Miss M. Russell, Mr. & Mrs. R. Simmel, Miss H. Simmel, Mr. A. H. Abdulla, Mr. K. T. Daswani, Mrs. E. W. Esdale, Mr. & Mrs. W. M. Jack, Miss D. M. Jack, Mr. A. Katemopoulos, Mrs. E. Kavalsky, Mrs. E. F. Lane, Mrs. M. Mildner, Mr. H. A. Motiwala, Miss G. Rosario, Mrs. P. Schenlkoff, Miss O. Woodberry, Miss E. Woodberry, Mr. W. Awlasonok, Mr. C. B. Skinner.

Per Carthage, April 17 from **London:** Mr. & Mrs. J. Barr and two children, Mr. & Mrs. W. Broderick and child, Mr. L. Brieger, Dr. Doo, Mr. F. Jackson, Dr. & Mrs. Seaman and infant, from **Marseilles:** Mr. M. Crofton, Mr. C. Tite, from **Bombay:** Miss E. Elives, from **Colombo:** Mr. & Mrs. J. Cowie, from **Penang:** Mr. J. Rea, from **Singapore:** Mr. Pilbeam, Mr. Gertsenstein, Miss M. Hsu, from **Hongkong:** Mr. B. Lalcaca, Mr. & Mrs. H. Orr, Mr. & Mrs. G. Sung, Mr. & Mrs. Adler, Mr. W. Bown and two children, Mr. & Mrs. G. Bier and infant, Mrs. S. Castle, Mrs. E. Collin, Mr. W. Carl, Mr. A. Carriere, Mr. W. Carpenter, Mrs. Denison, Dr., Mrs. and Miss Cater and infant, Mr. J. Granes, Mrs. H. Guteras, Mr. J. Hennessy, Mr. & Mrs. W. Jeavous and two children, Mr. & Mrs. B. Morrison, Mr. & Mrs. and Master Marshall, Mr. O. Marques, Mr. Y. Mori, Mr. M. O'Halloran, Miss I. Pereira, Mr. & Mrs. H. Schwartz.

Per Shuntien, April 16, from **Tientsin:** Mr. Chan, Miss Dunber, Mrs. Kempster, Mr. J. N. Sipser, Mr. H. E. Morriss, Mr. P. Kristoferson, Mr. & Mrs. Flaes, Mrs. P. C. Lu, Mr. Chandler and Inf. Misses Huo, Mr. C. Johnson, Mr. G. E. Taylor, Mr. & Mrs. Huo and Inf. Mr. Yuen Chang, Mr. Huo, Mr. H. W. Yao, Mr. S. Y. Yuen, Mr. Ho, from **Chefoo:** Mr. W. Balthaser, Mr. & Mrs. M. A. W. Busse, from **Weihaiwei:** Mr. E. S. Wilkinson.

DEPARTURES

Per Empress of Canada, April 17, for **Japan:** Mr. Y. Matory, Mrs. M. Schroeter, Mr. E. C. Meisler, Mr. Le Roy, Mr. & Mrs. Brauer, Mr. H. Figueriado, Mr. K. Umbhau, Mr. E. J. R. F. Cousturier, Mr. & Mrs. F. Ward Smith, Mr. H. Schreck, Mr. A. Danz, Mr. A. G. Hannawi, Mr. E. Lira, Lieut. & Mrs. H. B. Cain, Mr. & Mrs. F. Bretschneider, Miss S. W. Russell, Mr. S. Chulman, Mr. S. Harriz, Mr. & Mrs. D. Gluck, Baron J. G. H. M. Baeyens, Mr. R. Picciotto, Mr. & Mrs. J. Kengelbacher, Mr. S. Stewart, Mrs. M. Down, Miss E. Obata, Mr. & Mrs. F. Hillion, Mr. J. L. Vonogradoff, Miss S. F. Shon, Miss E. A. Read, Miss E. V. McNeely, Mrs. V. Essoyam, Mrs. A. Poriadkina, Mr. G. Smitavey, for **Pacific Ports:** Mr. & Mrs. B. Jorgenson, Mr. W. A. Kearton, Mrs. Hopkyn Rees, Mr. & Mrs. C. W. Porter, Mrs. M. Borgardus, Mrs. A. L. Shields, Mr. & Mrs. C. E. Harber, Mr. R. H. Cholomondeley, Mr. & Mrs. A. Kendal, Ward, Masters C. & M. Kendal Ward, Mr. L. J. Davies, Mr. & Mrs. A. J. Percival, Mrs. J. H. Liddell, Miss E. M. Reynell, Mr. H. C. Pond, Mr. A. T. M. Pearse, Mr. & Mrs. H. M. Swann, Mr. & Mrs. J. H. Stericker, Mr. & Mrs. R. M. Boothroyd, Miss K. Lemp, Mr. J. Carr, Mr. & Mrs. F. Por, Mr. C. M. Poulsen, Lieut. R. G. C. Haines, Dr. A. R. Kepler, Mr. & Mrs. A. L. Roberst, Mr. G. Stewart, Mr. & Mrs. A. D. Denton, Miss A. Champion, Mr. A. J. Payne, Mrs. F. Little, Mr. M. T. Allan, Miss E. R. Elliott, Mr. V. L. Crossett, Miss R. Grant, Mr. J. L. Grant, Miss A. Irling, Miss E. Akins, Mr. & Mrs. M. Gotfried, Mr. F. R. Smith, Mr. J. Ballard, Mr. Glen C. Slater, Mr. & Mrs. P. D. Hastings, Miss I. Owing, Miss M. Carleson, Mr. & Mrs. Wesche, Masters D. & P. Wesche, Miss Wesche, Master E. Wesche, Miss A. Erling, Miss E. Aikins, Mr. & Mrs. J. W. Orr.

Per Shuntien, April 18, for **Weihaiwei:** Mrs. Travers, for **Chefoo:** Mrs. T. Jauregui, for **Tientsin:** Mme. Defranchi and child, Mr. R. T. Moyer, Mr. Bin Kong Wah, Mrs. K. Allison, Mrs. M. W. Grazebrook, Lt. & Mme Quelennec, Mrs. & Miss Ling, Capt. Vidal, Mr. Chen, Mr. Carlson, Mr. K. Y. Sung, Mr. F. C. Chien, Mr. W. L. Ling, Mr. C. I. Lee, Mr. Y. H. Lee, Dr. G. Vamos, Mr. D. A. Morozoff, Mrs. Morozoff and child, Mrs. Chang, Mrs. Nan and two children, Mr. Guerenneur, Mr. Wong, Mr. Y. C. Yu, Mr. & Mrs. I Barr and two children, Set. E. J. McDade, Mr. Y. G. Yandell.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From **BREMEN:** Kulmerland, due 7 a.m. Old Ningpo Wharf. Passengers expected at Customs Jetty 9 a.m.

From **ANTWERP:** Franken, with mail due 7-8 a.m. Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf. Passengers and baggage by bus to Customs Jetty.

From **DAIREN:** Dairen Maru, with mail due 2-3 p.m. Whangpoo Wharf.

From **KEELUNG:** Tyosa Maru, with mail, due 6 p.m. O. S. K. Wharf.

From **TIENTSIN:** St. Vincent de Paul, due a.m. B. & S. Pootung.

From **FOOCHOW:** Leesang, due 4 p.m. Roosevelt Terminal.

From **HONGKONG:** Asama Maru, with mail, due 2 p.m. Wayside Wharf.
Haihow, p.m. French Bund.
Taiyuan, due p.m. French Bund.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GDYNIA		
Bellerophon	7/3	28/4
Antilochus	4/4	26/5
From COPENHAGEN		
Danmark	1/3	11/5
Africa	1/4	1/6
From OSLO		
Trianon	17/3	20/5
Nanking	28/3	22/5
Triton	17/4	15/6
From HAMBURG		
Gneisenau	18/3	24/4
Africa	15/4	1/6
From BREMEN		
Nordmark	7/3	22/4
Duisburg	21/3	15/5
Sauerland	4/4	25/5
Preussen	18/4	7/6
From ROTTERDAM		
Tamara	9/3	25/4
Sauerland	13/4	25/5
Antilochus	12/4	26/5
From ANTWERP		
Gleniffer	4/3	29/4
Serooskerk	20/3	10/5
Lippe	23/3	11/5
Glenshiel	18/3	14/5
Glenfinlas	1/4	27/5
Zuiderkerk	17/4	10/6
Glengarry	15/4	11/6
From GLASGOW		
Agamemnon	25/3	14/5
Sarpedon	8/4	25/5
From LIVERPOOL		
Diomed	11/3	21/4
Aeneas	18/3	1/5
Pyrrhus	25/3	9/5
Agamemnon	1/4	14/5
Achilles	8/4	21/5
Sarpedon	15/4	25/5
From LONDON		
Bangalore	4/3	19/4
Hakusan M.	17/3	24/4
Rajputana	24/3	30/4
Haruna M.	31/3	8/5
Ranchi	6/4	14/5
Bhutan	1/4	15/5
Katori M.	14/4	23/5
Behar	15/4	24/5
Glenfinlas	15/4	27/5

From MARSEILLES		
P. Doumer	14/4	12/5
Ranchi	15/4	14/5
From GENOA		
C. B'camano	29/3	25/4
From TRIESTE		
Arabia	20/2	20/4
C. Rosso	12/4	7/5
Himalaya	20/3	9/5
From PORT SAID		
C. Rosso	15/4	7/5
Serooskerk	11/4	10/5
Lippe	9/4	11/5
Danmark	2/4	11/5
Pres. Doumer	18/4	12/5
Trianon	14/4	20/5
Nanking	15/4	22/5
From SUEZ		
Haruna M.	14/4	8/5
Glenshiel	13/4	14/5
Duisburg	13/4	15/5
From ADEN		
Bhutan	17/4	15/5
From BOMBAY		
Melbourne M.	3/4	30/4
From KARACHI		
Mansei M.	10/4	8/5
From COLOMBO		
Gneisenau	10/4	24/4
Rajputana	15/4	30/4
From PENANG		
Gleniffer	14/4	29/4
Aeneas	16/4	1/5
From SINGAPORE		
Arabia	3/4	20/4
Tegelberg	15/4	22/4
Hakusan M.	16/4	24/4
C. B'camano	17/4	25/4
Bellerophon	17/4	28/4
From SOERABAIA		
Tjibadak	3/4	20/4
Tjinegara	7/4	24/4
From MANILA		
Pres. Taft	17/4	23/4
Agapenor	18/4	28/4
From HONGKONG		
See "China Ports" below.		

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK		
Ivaran	25/2	19/4
C. Athens	18/2	21/4
Foylebank	6/3	27/4
Niel Maersk	10/3	27/4
Agapenor	27/2	28/4
Malay Prince	9/3	29/4
Silversandal	23/3	7/5
Laura Maersk	25/3	10/5
C. Pittsburg	16/3	13/5
Dardanus	27/3	19/5
S. Scientist	3/4	23/5
P. Maersk	8/4	25/5
Chi. Prince	11/4	27/5
From SAVANNAH		
Dardanus	1/4	19/5
P. Maersk	13/4	25/5
Chi. Prince	14/4	27/5
From VANCOUVER		
Talthybius	10/4	2/5
Emp. Japan	14/4	2/5

From SEATTLE		
Talthybius	2/4	2/5
From LOS ANGELES		
Niel Maersk	1/4	27/4
Tatuta M.	27/3	29/4
Laura Maersk	15/4	10/5
From SAN FRANCISCO		
Malay Prince	28/3	29/4
Silversandal	11/4	7/5
From HONGKONG		
See "China Ports" below.		
From YOKOHAMA		
Ivaran	16/4	19/4
Tatuta M.	14/4	29/4
From KOBE		
Taiyo M.	—	19-4
From NAGASAKI		
Shanghai M.	19/4	20/4
From KEELUNG (Formosa)		
Hukuken M.	23/4	25/4

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN		
Tegelberg	15/3	22/4
From MELBOURNE		
Tanda	1/4	11/5
From BRISBANE		
Tanda	17/4	11/5

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN		
Hoten M.	19/4	21/4
Liangchow	18/4	22/4
Ramses	16/4	26/4
Kina	13/4	27/4
From TIENTSIN		
Shengking	16/4	19/4
Wosang	16/4	20/4
Hsin Peking	17/4	21/4
Kwaisang	16/4	21/4
Hunan	16/4	23/4
Yatshing	23/4	26/4

From AMOY		
Tjibadak	17/4	20/4
From HONGKONG		
Bangalore	13/4	19/4
Kiungchow	17/4	21/4
C. Athens	15/4	21/4
Diomed	15/4	21/4
Nordmark	18/4	22/4
Mingsang	19/4	23/4
Esang	19/4	23/4
Szechuen	20/4	24/4
Tsinan	19/4	24/4
Tjinegara	19/4	24/4
Fausang	20/4	25/4

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

SHUNTIEN Apr. 18. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Tuesday, April 18, at noon. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 18-4

TAISANG Apr. 18. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Buoys on Tuesday, April 18, at 5 p.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. Tenders from Customs Jetty noon and 4 p.m. Tuesday. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 18-4

St. VINCENT de PAUL Apr. 19. TIENTSIN.—Leaves on Wednesday, April 19, at 10.30 a.m. For freight apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund) 19-4

HANGSANG Apr. 20. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from S. V. O. C. Installation on Thursday, April 20, at p.m. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 20-4

HOIHOW Apr. 20. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Thursday, April 20, at 10.30 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 20-4

FOOSHING Apr. 21. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Buoys 19-20 on Friday, April 21, at 11 a.m. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 21-4

SHENGKING Apr. 22. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Saturday, April 22, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 22-4

MINGSANG Apr. 25. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, April 25. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 25-4

SOUTH CHINA COAST

TJISAROEA Apr. 19. AMOY, HONGKONG and JAVA PORTS.—The J.C.J.L. s.s. Tjisaroea sails from Shanghai (Customs Lower Buoys No. 31-32) on Wednesday, April 19, at 2 p.m. Passengers tender leaves Customs Jetty at 12.30 p.m. taking cargo to Hongkong and Java Ports. Excellent passengers accommodation. Through tickets issued to European and Australian Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4) Lines. 19-4

TAIYUAN Apr. 20. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Thursday, April 20, at 10.30 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 20-4

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

YUSANG Apr. 20. SWATOW, HONGKONG and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, April 20, at 11 a.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 20-4

LEESANG Apr. 21. FOOCHOW, HSINGWHA and WENCHOW.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Friday, April 21, at noon. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 21-4

KIUNGCHOW Apr. 23. SWATOW, HONGKONG KWONGCHOWWAN, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Sunday, April 23, at noon. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 23-4

KWAISANG Apr. 23. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Sunday, April 23, at 1 p.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 23-4

WOSANG Apr. 23. SWATOW, HONGKONG and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Sunday, April 23, at 1 p.m. "A" and "B" Saloon Accommodation. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 23-4

SZECHUEN Apr. 25. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—French Bund on Sunday, April 25, at noon. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 25-4

TSINAN Apr. 26. AMOY and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Wednesday, April 26, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 25-4

JAPAN

CARTHAGE Apr. 18. KOBE and YOKOHAMA. — Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co., No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 18-4

FRANKEN Apr. 18. YOKOHAMA via TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TAKU.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., general agents, N.D.L., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 18-4

MENESTHEUS Apr. 18. KOBE, OSAKA, YOKOHAMA and OTARU.—For freight and passage apply Agent, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 18-4

REGENSBURG Apr. 19. MOJI, KOBE, NAGOYA and YOKOHAMA via WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TAKU.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., general agents, N.D.L., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 19-4

GNEISENAU Apr. 25. YOKOHAMA and KOBE.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., general agents, N.D.L., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 25-4

STRAITS AND EUROPE

SOMALI Apr. 18. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, LONDON, HULL, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM and ANTWERP via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, PORT SUDAN, SUEZ, PORT SAID and MALTA.—For Freight Apply to :—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 18-4

TALLEYRAND Apr. 18. CASABLANCA, DUNKIRK, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and OSLO via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE and PORT SAID.—Motor vessel Talleyrand of the Wilhelmsen lines will be despatched from Shanghai on or about April 18, for the above-mentioned ports. Through Bills of Lading issued for all Scandinavian and Baltic ports. For freight or passage please apply to Dodwell and Company, Ltd., 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 18-4

TANTALUS Apr. 18. HAVRE, LIVERPOOL and BROMBOROUGH.—For freight and passage apply Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 18-4

CANTON Apr. 25. MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, COCHIN, ADEN, PORT SUDAN, SUEZ, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Hand packages only accepted by the Tender. Heavy Baggage received into Lighter at Customs Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. on Monday, April 24, Customs Permit required for any nailed cases. For Freight and Passage Apply to :—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 25-4

JEAN LABORDE Apr. 25. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Messageries Maritimes, 9 French Bund. Tel. 82034. 25-4

RAMSES Apr. 26. GENOA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG via PORTS.—(Captain J. Falke), on or about April 26, 1939. For freight and passage please applly to Hamburg-Amerika Linie, Filiale Shanghai, 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 26-4

SONTAY Apr. 28. ORAN, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, ANTWERP, DUNKIRK via ADEN and PORT SAID.—For particulars apply to Messageries Maritimes, 9 Quai de France. Tel. 82034. 28-4

HECTOR Apr. 29. MARSEILLES, LONDON, ROTTERDAM and GLASGOW.—For freight and passage apply Agents, Messrs. Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 29-4

GNEISENAU May 4. GENOA, SOUTHAMPTON, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN and HAMBURG via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, BELAWAN, COLOMBO and PORT SAID.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., general agents, N.D.L., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 4-5

SHANTUNG May 4. ALGIERS, ORAN, CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, OSLO, and GOTHENBURG via HONGKONG.—The Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.'s m.s. "Shantung" will leave Shanghai on or about May 4, for the above mentioned ports. Through Bills of Lading to all Scandinavian and Baltic ports. Cargo for U.K. ports accepted on Optional Bs/L. For freight and passage please apply to The Ekman Foreign Agencies Ltd., Hamilton House, Foochow Road Entrance. Tel. 11330. 4-5

REGENSBURG May 5. ADEN, PORT SUDAN, PORT SAID, MALTA, MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and BREMEN via SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BELAWAN and COLOMBO.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., general agents, N.D.L., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 5-5

AMERICA

ANNA MAERSK May 1. Via JAPAN for LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to Melchers & Co., Agents, Maersk Line, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 1-5

SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA

TEGELBERG Apr. 21. MAURITIUS, REUNION, TAMATAVE, LOURENCO MARQUES, DURBAN, CAPETOWN, MOSSEL BAY, PORT ELIZABETH, EAST LONDON, ZANZIBAR and MOMBASA via HONGKONG, MANILA, SAIGON, BANGKOK, (Kok-Si-Chang) SINGAPORE and BATAVIA.—The K.P.M. Line ms. Tegelberg sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung on Friday, April 21. Cargo accepted for all ports in South, East and West Africa, also East Coast of South America. For passage and freight apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Agents, K.P.M. Line, Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 21-4

Weather, Time and Tide

Tuesday, April 18, 1939 (29th day of 2nd moon)

SICCAWEI	April 16 16.00	April 16 21.00	April 17 4.00	April 17 9.00
Barometer inches	29.97	30.05	30.02	30.04
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.12	+0.12	+0.09	+0.06
at 32 F. (,, ,, 12 hrs.)	+0.04	+0.07	+0.05	—0.01
Wind (direction)	NNE	NNE	NNE	NE
,, (miles per hour)	13.1	11.8	9.9	14.3
Temperature (Fahr.)	59.7°	54.3°	53.2°	57.0°
Humidity %	80	90	98	91
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	10	10	10
Rainfall inches	—	—	0.04	0.00

Siccawei Abridged Report April 16	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.98	+0.11	30.00
Temp. Min. 53.°6 Max. 62.°4	58.°0	+1.°3	56.°1
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	10.96	0.17	9.53

Time and Tide	18/4	19/4	20/4	21/4	22/4
Sun rises at Shanghai ..	5.24	5.23	5.22	5.21	5.20
Sun sets at Shanghai....	18.24	18.25	18.26	18.26	18.27
Moon rises at Shanghai ..	4.18	4.54	5.32	6.14	7.02
Moon sets at Shanghai ..	17.09	18.05	19.04	20.05	21.04
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	9.55	10.20	10.43	11.26	12.15
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	14.35	15.20	16.02	16.40	17.15
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	11.20	11.54	12.33	13.01	13.37
Ht. above LLW. (feet)..	—	9.75	10.55	10.48	10.20

CAFE-RESTAURANT
EUROPE
15 Love Lane, Tel. 34314
Corner Bubbling Well Road
Try Our
Business Men's Tiffins at $1 to $1.50
Excellent Dinners
Best Drinks
Classical afternoon and Dinner Music

NANKING
Opens
THURSDAY !

The pulse-racing story of a boy and a girl... snatched from an uneventful life into breathless, terrifying adventure...into a nightmare of horror at the hands of a cold killer!

CAUGHT in a trap set by the woman he loves!

Drama so real it might have happened to you!

"AMBUSH"

with

GLADYS SWARTHOUT · LLOYD NOLAN
WILLIAM FRAWLEY · WILLIAM HENRY · ERNEST TRUEX
A Paramount Picture · Directed by Kurt Neumann

Vessels Discharging

CARTHAGE. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Carthage, from London and Ports, bringing Cargo ex steamer Amstelstroom, from Amsterdam, steamer Margrethe, from Copenhagen and steamer Chitral, from London and Ports. —This steamer is discharging Cargo at the Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Hongkew Wharf on Saturday, April 22, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognised. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 18-4

Vessels Discharging

SANTHIA. The British-India S. N. Co.'s s.s. Santhia, from Calcutta and Ports. —This steamer is discharging Cargo at the Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Pootung Wharf on Thursday, April 20, at 9 a.m., by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognised. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 18-4

Vessels Discharging

REGENSBURG. The Norddeutscher Lloyd m.s. Regensburg, from Bremen, Hamburg and Antwerp via Ports is now discharging her cargo at the Hunt's Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. Consignees are further notified that the steamer Regensburg has taken at Bremen through cargo for Shanghai ex steamer Strauss, Lumme, Follux and Orlanda from Kotka, Danzig and Mantyluoto. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within (15) fifteen days after the vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo to be examined at the Hunt's Wharf by Messrs. Tesdorpf, Hannig & Co. on next Wednesday morning, April 26, 1939, at 9 a.m. Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen, General Agents: Melchers & Co., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 20-4

Vessels Discharging

JEAN LABORDE. From Marseilles via Ports with Cargo ex ss. "Marechal Joffre," "Chateau Pavie" and "Sidamo" arrived on April 16, and is discharging her cargo at Old Ningpo Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for exchange of Delivery Orders and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by consignees and claims against this steamer must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival or they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Friday, April 21, 1959, at 9 a.m. at the wharf by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. No Insurance effected. Cie des Messageries Maritimes. 19-4

GLENAPP. From London arrived on April 16, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on April 25, 1939. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Friday, April 21, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Inward Agents. 20-4

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
*ASAMA MARU ..... Apr. 19
TATUTA MARU .... May 6
(*6 a.m. N.Y.K. Wayside Wharf)

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HEIAN MARU ..... May 3

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
NOZIMA MARU .... Apr. 27

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Hongkong
KITANO MARU .... Apr. 29

European Mail Line
London, Hamburg and Marseilles via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon and Aden
HAKOZAKI MARU .. Apr. 18
SUWA MARU ..... May 2

Kobe Express Service
TAIYO MARU ..... Apr. 21
TAIYO MARU ..... May 10

Nagasaki Express Service
*NAGASAKI MARU .. Apr. 18
SHANGHAI MARU .. Apr. 21
NAGASAKI MARU .. Apr. 23
SHANGHAI MARU .. Apr. 26
*D. K. K. Wharf.

Shanghai-Yokohama.
HAKUSAN MARU .... Apr. 25
HARUNA MARU .... May 9

81 The Bund **NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA** Telephone 12843
General Passenger Agents, Cunard-White Star Line

PASSAGE FARES
Shanghai to London

Class	Single	Return
A	£88	£154
B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

Sailings to EUROPE and UNITED KINGDOM Ports

A HECTOR Apr. 29 M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow
C AGAPENOR May 4 Liverpool, Bromborough and Glasgow
B MENESTHEUS May 13 M'lles, Casablanca, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow
A AENEAS May 27 M'lles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow.
C AGAMEMNON June 10 M'lles, London, R'dam, H'burg and Glasgow.
C LAOMEDON June 4 Liverpool, Bromborough and Glasgow.

A monthly service is also maintained from Hongkong and Japan to Pacific Coast

Vessels due and Sailings to Japan, North China, etc.

	From	Due	Sails	For
B MENESTHEUS	Liverpool	Apr. 17	Apr. 18	Japan
B DIOMED	Liverpool	Apr. 22	Apr. 23	Japan Ports
C AGAPENOR	New York	Apr. 28	Apr. 29	Japan.
BELLEROPHON	Gdynia	Apr. 28	Apr. 29	Taku, Dairen and Japan
A AENEAS	Liverpool	May 1	May 2	Tsingtao Taku and Dairen
C TALTHYBIUS	Pacific Coast	May 2	May 5	Hongkong
C PYRRHUS	Liverpool	May 9	May 10	Japan Ports
B AGAMEMNON	Liverpool.	May 14	May 15	Japan

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE

To AUSTRALIA from HONGKONG. Calling at Manila, Thursday Is., Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
British Steamers: CHANGTE—TAIPING (Oil Burners).
Fastest and Most Up-to-date Steamers in the Service. Open-air Swimming Pool, Electric laundry, barber shop, surgeon and stewardess carried.
Enjoy Your Leave in Australia and New Zealand, Hongkong-Sydney—19 Days
FIRST CLASS FARE from SHANGHAI to SYDNEY £53 Single; £84 15s. Return
FIRST CLASS FARE from SHANGHAI to LONDON (Via Australia) from £125 14s. Single.
(Australian Newspapers on File).

Steamers	Leaves Hongkong	Leaves Manila	Due Sydney
CHANGTE	Apr. 18	Apr. 21	May 7
TAIPING	May 19	May 22	June 7
CHANGTE	June 16	June 19	July 5
TAIPING	July 18	July 21	Aug. 6

AGENTS
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
21-23 French Bund Telephone 82020

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
ss DAIREN MARU	Apr. 18	Apr. 19 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Apr. 21	Apr. 22 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Apr. 25	Apr. 26 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Apr. 28	Apr. 29 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	May 2	May 3 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	May 5	May 6 at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN LINE
(Freight only)
ss. KOGA MARU ..... Apr. 26
ss. HAKKA MARU ..... Apr. 29

For Passage and Freights apply to
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

BARBER-WILHELMSEN

Express Service
Shanghai—37 DAYS—New York
To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal
mv. TAI PING YANG sailing April 22
Special Accommodation for Silk, Refrigerated Cargo and Oil in Bulk
For Freight and Passage Rates apply to
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

B. I. P&O E.&A.

(Incorporated in England—by Royal Charter)
Direct Fortnightly Mail Steamers (under contract with H.M. Government)

To BOMBAY, MARSEILLES and LONDON
Via HONGKONG, STRAITS and CEYLON

		From Shanghai	Tonnage
Apr.	18	‡*SOMALI	7,000
	25	†CANTON	16,000
May	9	CARTHAGE	15,000
	16	‡*BANGALORE	6,100
	23	RAJPUTANA	17,000
June	6	RANCHI	17,000
	13	‡*BHUTAN	6,100
	20	RANPURA	17,000

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.
†Omits Bombay, Calls Cochin and Port Sudan.
‡Calls at Port Sudan

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
TO CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai for Japan	Leave Hongkong
TILAWA	—	Apr. 22
SANTHIA	—	May 6

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.
Direct Fast Mail Service
SHANGHAI TO AUSTRALIA
Via JAPAN, HONGKONG and RABAUL
Visit Australia and New Zealand for a healthy and cheap holiday. Your money is worth 25% more. Variations of climate to suit all, with surfing and shooting second to none.

Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leaves Hongkong	Arrives Sydney
NELLORE	H. C. Stratford	Apr. 16	May 5	May 24
TANDA	M. B. Skinner	May 12	June 3	June 22
NANKIN	E. T. Pilcher	June 9	June 30	July 19

Taking Passengers and Cargo Direct from Shanghai or Transhipping via Hongkong

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route. The route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice

Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.
27 The Bund (Ewo Building) Telephone 11428

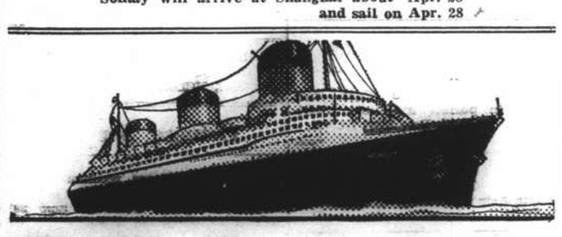
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
Telephone 82034
9 Quai de France

FRENCH MAIL SERVICE KOBE, MARSEILLES
via Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti and Port Said.

SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave	Arrive Kobe	STEAMERS	Leave Kobe	SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave for Marseilles
Apr. 16	Apr. 17	Apr. 19	Felix Roussel* Jean Laborde Marechal Joffre	Apr. 22	Apr. 24	Apr. 25
					May 8	May 9
May 12	May 15	May 17	Pres. Doumer	May 20	May 22	May 23
May 26	May 29	May 31	Aramis	June 3	June 5	June 6

*N.B.—The m.v. FELIX ROUSSEL, previously scheduled to arrive at Shanghai on April 28 and sail on May 9, will stop her outward voyage at Saigon and return to Europe from the said port without calling at Hongkong, Shanghai and Kobe

FREIGHT SERVICE
Sontay will arrive at Shanghai about Apr. 28 and sail on Apr. 28



EUROPE
VIA NEW YORK
ANY transpacific line to America, then to New York by rail or plane, and then to England, France and all Europe.
VIA FRENCH LINE
NORMANDIE (World's Largest Ship)
ILE DE FRANCE—PARIS—CHAMPLAIN—DE GRASSE
By air, and the NORMANDIE, it's only 5½ days from the Pacific Coast to Europe.
Advantageous Through Rates—Ask Any Travel Office
French Line
COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
General Agents — MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE
Far Eastern Mail / Passenger and Freight Service
Sailings from Shanghai to Europe:
mv. RAMSES Apr. 28 1939. Genoa, A'werp, R'dam, H'burg.
mv. KULMERLAND May 10 1939. Genoa, R'dam, Hamburg.

Outward vessels latest movements:

			Due Shanghai
ss. NORDMARK	Passed Suez	Mar. 27	Apr. 22
mv. DUISBURG	Passed Suez	Apr. 15	May 15
mv. SAUERLAND	Left Rotterdam	Apr. 13	May 25

Through-tickets Far East/America/Europe issued
Subject to Alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight apply to
HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE
20 Canton Road Filiale Shanghai Tel. 18709

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

LLOYD TRIESTINO

ss. CONTE BIANCAMANO
will leave Shanghai on April 27 at 11.30 a.m.
from Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf for
NAPLES AND GENOA
via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay and Port Said
Tenders conveying passengers on board will leave Customs Jetty on April 27, at 9.30 a.m.
Hand packages only will be accepted by tender.
Heavy luggage must be sent to Messrs. Marden & Co., Ltd., Race Course Market Godown, Corner of Myburgh and Burkill Roads, where it will be accepted during office hours, from April 25 to 26 at noon the latest.
No nailed cases will be accepted unless escorted by a Customs Permit, obtainable through Messrs. Marden against payment of a small fee.
For Further Particulars Apply to:
LLOYD TRIESTINO
26 The Bund Telephone 16885

THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

from EUROPE:		TO EUROPE:	
ms. TAMARA	Arr. Apr. 20	ms. SHANTUNG	Sailing May 3
ms. NANKING	Arr. May 19	ms. TAMARA	Sailing May 25

HOMEWARD BOUND VESSELS CALL AT
Algiers, Oran, Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Copenhagen, Oslo and Gothenburg, via Hongkong.
***Agents;* The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.**
HAMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE

Joint Round-the-World Express Service

DUE TO ARRIVE FROM NEW YORK:
ms. MALAYAN PRINCE .. .. .. April 29
Fortnightly sailings for Hongkong, Philippine Islands, Java, Straits, Colombo and Atlantic Coast ports via Cape of Good Hope
All vessels have accommodation for limited number of first-class passengers.
Silver Line vessels have refrigerated space.
For further particulars regarding

PRINCE LINE
Apply to Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited

SILVER LINE
Apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.

East Asiatic Co. Ld.
of Copenhagen
Outwards from European Continental Ports

	Due	Sails	For
ms. DANMARK	May 11	May 12	Japan Ports
ms. AFRIKA	June 1	June 2	Japan Ports

Homewards
for Jaffa, Haifa, Beyrouth, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Copenhagen
ms. KINA loading Hongkong May 7
The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers
Fare from Shanghai to Rotterdam/Hamburg, £65
Agency of
THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road

NDL FAR EAST EXPRESS

Homewards:
ss. GNEISENAU for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. .. May 4
ms. REGENSBURG for Aden, Port Sudan, Malta, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. May 5
ms. ELBE for Aden, Port Sudan, Malta, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. May 28
ss. SCHARNHORST for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. May 30

Outwards:

ms. REGENSBURG	Left Hongkong	Apr. 15	Due S'hai	Apr. 17
ss. FRANKEN	Left Hongkong	Apr. 15	„ „	Apr. 18
ss. GNEISENAU	Left Colombo	Apr. 10	„ „	Apr. 24
ss. LIPPE	Left Port Said	Apr. 9	„ „	May 11

For Passage and Freights apply to
MELCHERS & CO.
General Agents:
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN
210 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

... AND BY ALL MEANS
EMPRESS
to these **2** Great Exhibitions

The New York World's Fair
and
San Francisco's Golden Gate International Exposition
Greatly Reduced Round-trip Fares
.....So much to see, so many thrills—and the convenience of Canadian Pacific Ships and train connections to take you there safely, speedily, comfortably, economically.

TO EUROPE CONNECTIONS

	Leave S'hai	Arrive Vanc.	Connecting ship.	Leave Atlantic Port	Arrive U.K.
Empress of Russia	Apr. 30	May 19	Duchess of Atholl	May 26	June 2
Empress of Japan	May 14	May 30	Duchess of Richmond	June 3	June 10
Empress of Asia	May 28	June 16	Duchess of Atholl	June 23	June 29
Empress of Canada	June 11	June 28	Duchess of Bedford	July 7	July 14
Empress of Russia	June 25	July 10	Duchess of York	July 14	July 20
Empress of Japan	July 9	July 25	Empress of Britain	July 29	Aug. 1

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Hongkong	Arrive Manila
Empress of Japan	May 3	May 5	May 7
Empress of Asia	May 16	May 18	May 20

Canadian Pacific
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM
The Bund and Peking Road Telephone 19490

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

	Lv. Shanghai		Lv. Shanghai
PRESIDENT TAFT	Apr. 24	PRESIDENT CLEVELAND	July 3
PRESIDENT CLEVELAND	May 8	PRESIDENT PIERCE	July 17
PRESIDENT PIERCE	May 22	PRESIDENT COOLIDGE	Aug. 1
PRESIDENT COOLIDGE	June 6	PRESIDENT TAFT	Aug. 15
PRESIDENT TAFT	June 19	PRESIDENT CLEVELAND	Aug. 29

HONGKONG AND MANILA:

Leave Shanghai		Leave Shanghai	
PRESIDENT COOLIDGE	May 24	PRESIDENT TAFT	Aug. 3
PRESIDENT COOLIDGE	July 19	PRESIDENT CLEVELAND	Aug. 17

ROUND-THE-WORLD: Fortnightly service from Japan and Hongkong via Manila, Straits, Ceylon, India, Egypt, Italy, France to New York and Boston.
For passage and freight accommodations, apply
★ ★ AMERICAN ★ ★ PRESIDENT LINES
51 Canton Road Round-the-World Services Telephone 15369

K.P.M.-LINE
ORIENT-JAVA-AFRICA LINE
Modern, fast vessels with up-to-date passenger accommodation, spacious promenade and sports decks, swimming pool, etc.
To Manila, Saigon, Bangkok (Koh-Si-Chang), Singapore, Batavia, Mauritius, Réunion, Tamatave, Lourenço Marques, **DURBAN, CAPETOWN**, Mossel Bay, Port Elizabeth, East London, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Mahé (Seychelles.)

ms. TEGELBERG	From Shanghai	April	21, 1939
	From Hongkong	May	5, 1939
ms. RUYS	From Shanghai	May	29, 1939
	From Hongkong	June	8, 1939

SPACE FOR REFRIGERATOR CARGO AND VEGETABLE OIL IN BULK AVAILABLE
Cargo accepted on through B/L to Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro and other South American East Coast Ports.
Through Tickets issued to United Kingdom and Continent. For passage fares and further particulars apply to the Agents:
Java-China-Japan Lijn, Agentschap Shanghai, N.V.
133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

Glen and Shire Lines
Joint Services to and from the United Kingdom, Continent, etc.

INWARDS:
GLENIFFER, May 4
Sails May 5 for Tsingtao and Chefoo
HOMEWARDS: Due to sail from Shanghai
GLENAPP, May 2
Casablanca, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Antwerp, via Hongkong and Straits
Loading dates approximate and subject to alteration without notice
JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD. *Passenger and Loading Agents* Telephone 15290
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE *Discharging Agents* Telephone 82020

O.S.K.

Shanghai Sailings
For Keelung and Amoy
HUKUKEN MARU .... Apr. 27
HUKUKEN MARU .... May 27
For Keelung and Takao
TYOSA MARU ..... Apr. 20
TYOSA MARU ..... May 4

Hongkong Sailings
For South America via S. Africa
MONTEVIDEO MARU .. Apr. 27
LA PLATA MARU ..... May 21
For South America via E. & S. Africa
ARABIA MARU ..... May 5
For Bombay
*ARGUN MARU ..... May 4
For Calcutta
*SUMATRA MARU .... Apr. 20

Keelung Sailings
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
BANGKOK MARU ..... Apr. 17
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
GANGES MARU ..... Apr. 21

Kobe Sailings
For New York via Panama Canal
KANSAI MARU ..... May 13
For European Ports via New York
*HOKUKAI MARU ..... Apr. 24
*TOKAI MARU ..... May 22
For Australia
CANBERRA MARU ..... Apr. 28
For New Zealand
SYDNEY MARU ..... May 30
For West Africa
*ATLAS MARU ..... May —
*Cargo only

OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road (OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA) Telephone 15324

Need for More Recruits Stressed By S.V.C. Commandant

Col. Hornby Appeals for Able-Bodied Men Under 60 To Enlist in S.V.C. at Annual Dinner

AN appeal for more recruits for the Shanghai Volunteer Corps was made by Col. J. W. Hornby, Commandant, at the annual dinner of the Officers and Reserve Officers of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps, which was held in the S.V.C. Club last night.

During his speech Col. Hornby stressed the fact that the Corps needed all the help it could get from the "big men" in the community and added that in these days every able-bodied man of 60 and under who did not put in a bit of training was a menace to himself and everyone else in the community.

At the dinner the guests of honour were Mr. C. S. Franklin, Chairman of the S.M.C. and Civil Commandant of the Corps, and Major K. M. Bourne, Commissioner of Police. The first toast was that of "Our Respective Rulers," and this was followed by "Our Guests," proposed by the Commandant.

The Commandant's Address

In his speech Col. Hornby said: It is my happy duty to propose the health of our guests of honour. Mr. Franklin and Major Bourne who need no introduction from me. Even if we had not known them so well before, the last twelve months would have made them our fast friends.

Our Civil Commandant amidst all his public and private duties has maintained close touch with us and has supported all our efforts with his interest and sympathy. He even found time a few Sundays ago to turn up as an officer on the reserve of his old unit, and fire his classification. This is a lead that others might well follow. I understand that his eye was not quite so good as in previous years, which caused him some dismay. I am sure he has no cause for worry. A year of incessant conferences, protests and negotiations is no preparation for the annual T.M.C. In any case if Mr. Franklin will go on leading the Settlement in the way he has done in the past, we on our side can undertake to do for him all the shooting he may consider necessary.

The word "co-operation" has come to have a complicated meaning these days. Nevertheless the good old-fashioned co-operation exists today. I am thinking particularly of the really close-co-operation between the Police and ourselves. I know it has been so for many years, but I am sure all the same that this co-operation has never been more close and more cordial than during the past year. Hardly a day passes now without the S.M.P. and the S.V.C. working in together over some matter or other, and everything seems to go like clockwork. In welcoming Maj. Bourne to our dinner this evening we thank him, and through him all members of the Police, for the cordial relationships which exist between us. We wish them all the best of luck for the coming year and hope that the good fellowship between us will be strengthened and developed.

Two-day Mobilization

One year ago I started this part of my speech by asking your indulgence as a new Commandant who had to speak about the events of the previous year from hearsay. Since then we have had a very busy and I hope I can say, a very happy year together, so that I am equipped to speak about the things which interest us from first-hand experience.

The last year has not produced any major emergency for the S.V.C. I daresay our two-day mobilization was the shortest on record, nevertheless it seems to have been an exceptionally busy year. Our efforts have been directed towards co-operating with the Police and regular forces in the maintenance of security within the Settlement. Since the whole year has been marked by abnormal conditions, it is not surprising that in order to keep the peace, the calls upon the S.V.C. have been many and varied.

At the beginning of the year it was quite evident that the Russian Regimen was not going to be able to cope with all the work required from the S.V.C. On the other hand, I knew very well that on top of the efforts of 1937 most members of the Corps had to face business conditions which made it absolutely essential that they should be distracted from them as little as possible. Again, the ratepayer had to be thought of: economy in time and money had to be the order of the day.

Voluntary Patrols

As you know, the situation was met by calling on Units for "voluntary" patrols. This meant producing odd sections at odd times of the day and night. I know full well that it made a tremendous amount of detail work for unit commanders and their officers and N.C.O's. When you are mobilized, it is easy enough to turn out a couple of sections for any duty that arises; but when you have to collect a dozen volunteers who are scattered about all over Shanghai, it is a different story. Particularly when the duty comes round again every second or third day, as it did earlier and you have to ring the changes on the personnel available.

It is to the great credit of the unit commanders and all concerned that they rose to every occasion. Without such a complete response the system would have broken down. Perhaps that would have lead to more mobilizations or partial mobilizations, with all the expense and loss of time that that would have involved.

It gives an idea of what was achieved when I point out that, apart from August 13 and 14, one or more Volunteer Units of the S.V.C. found internal security patrols of various sorts on 31 days during the year.

Work of Russian Regiment

I would like to say a word about the Russian Detachment. As the professional soldiers of the Corps, we expect from them a very high standard. Very rightly so. You will all agree, they have never disappointed us. The standard they have set in the past has been very high. Nevertheless I venture to think that during the past year they have had to work harder than ever before. The round of duties has been incessant, and on several occasions for a matter of days on end, the problem has been to get the individuals enough sleep. I know it will be a great encouragement to Major Ivanoff and his battalion to know that his comrades of the Volunteer Units greatly admire the good work put in by his men during a very strenuous period.

About the mobilization of August 13 and 14, I don't propose to talk very much. It is enough to say that the mobilization was swift and complete. The demobilization was just as efficiently carried out. Units handed in their stores in good order and good condition. In a way it was a more searching test of the machinery than a mobilization for a longer period, giving time for formations and units to settle down.

Three units mobilized 100 per cent. of their strength and the percentage for the whole Corps was 90.7: that was very creditable. We received cordial expressions of appreciation from the Council, our friend the Commissioner of Police and the commanders of the regular forces. That was a reward indeed for any effort you were able to make. At one time I wondered whether the exertions I have just spoken about, plus the claims of abnormal business pressure, would exhaust the ardour of our Volunteers. I should have had no qualms.

All units have carried out their training with enthusiasm. Shooting has been keen and the standard good. Week-end camps, although a makeshift, have been well attended by all but the incorrigible stay-at-homes.

Annual Review

Yesterday's parade, the culmination of the training year, was a fine advertisement for the excellent spirit which pervades the Corps. As in previous years, the stands held a good number of regular soldiers from a number of different armies. The S.V.C. in full array undoubtedly made them sit up and take notice. They have said so themselves in the most flattering terms. The general turnout, marching and arms drill does you great credit. There is, of course, the usual criticism of numbers, but it is something to know that there were 82 more Volunteers out this year than last year.

I have harped so much on the subject of recruiting that I am afraid you may be sick to death of my views on the subject. Nevertheless I am unrepentant and simply have to have my say. At the last Corps dinner I asked you all to put your backs into recruiting. I know you have, because despite many old hands retiring and no new ones coming out from home, the strength of the Corps has gone up by 78. That of itself is not a lot to talk about. What pleases me is the knowledge that the officers have been getting together in the true family spirit and starting to get public opinion into the right channels. I am sure that that is the only way. We need all the help we can get from the big men in the community, but in the end no recruiting drive can produce any results unless each Officer persuades each Volunteer to get the notion circulating amongst his friends.

Even if friends argue against joining the S.V.C. it does not matter provided they are kept arguing so long and so often that the question becomes one of great public importance. It follows that results take a long time to show themselves. That is one reason why I am looking forward to the next year with confidence.

I ask you all to keep up the good work with, if it be possible, increased pressure during the coming year. You will find that last year's good work will have made the way easier.

Need for Recruits

Some of our keenest Volunteers are very senior men with positions of great responsibility in civil life. They cheerfully give a part of their leisure to supporting the good cause. I often think they must have either a great sense of humour, or the patience of Job, probably both, when they hear some young fellow, junior to them in age and responsibilities, state that he is too much of a "key-man" to join the S.V.C.

My appeal to press on with recruiting is addressed to you all, including officers on reserve. There are too many young and hearty men in Shanghai, of 60 and under who are not in the Corps. In these days every able-bodied man who doesn't put in a bit of training, is a menace to himself and everybody else in the community. We must get at them, make them join and make training so interesting that they will cheerfully put in their drills.

Paralleled Social Activities

Activity on military duties and in training for them has been paralleled by a lot of social activities. During the year units have been kind enough to ask myself and my staff to their breakfasts, lunches, dinners and dances. I would like to say again in this speech that we greatly appreciate the generous way in which you have made us so welcome at these different gatherings.

Quite apart from the personal satisfaction one gets from being received with such kindness, it is always a great délight to see units getting together in a true family spirit. When you see a cheery party sitting down together, and see too that all the arrangements go off like clockwork, you know that that unit is a "happy" unit and that when the time for work comes, they will carry out their duties in a thorough and hearty manner.

Reply to Our Guests"

Mr. Franklin replied to the toast of "Our Guests." During his speech he referred to his lengthy association with the Shanghai Volunteer Corps and congratulated them upon their exceptionally fine turn-out at the annual review held on Sunday.

Rickshaw Licence Taken

In connection with the present campaign against unjust practices on the part of rickshaw owners and contractors in dealing with their pullers, Settlement police withdrew the licence of one contractor who was guilty of a particularly glaring offence. In two other cases rickshaw licences were withdrawn for a period of one month. A total of 498 new licences were issued to private pullers during March bringing the total of private pullers to 8,224.

Belgian Cabinet Sworn In

Three-Party Coalition Ministry Formed Under M. Hubert Pierlot

Brussels, Apr. 17.

The new Belgian Cabinet, headed by the Premier, N. Hubert Pierlot, took its oath of allegiance to King Leopold today. The members of the Ministry are:—

M. Hubert Pierlot—Premier and Minister without Portfolio.
M. Charles D'Aspremont—Agriculture.
M. Gustave Sap—Economics.
M. Henri Marck—Communications and Postmaster-General.
M. Albert de Vleschauwer—Colonies.
M. Engene Soudan—Justice (temporarily Minister of Foreign Affairs).
M. Arthur Wauters—Labour and of Social Welfare.
M. Guillaume Evelers—Minister of Health.
M. Albert Deveze—Home Affairs.
M. Pieters Vanderpostverten—Public Works.
M. Paul-Emile Janson—State Minister.
Lt.-Gen. Denis—War Minister.
M. Jean Duskern—Education.
M. Camille Gutt—Finance.

The first five are members of the Catholic Party, the next three are Socialists, the following three Catholics, and the last three non-parliamentarian technicians.

M. Paul-Henri Spaak, former Premier, was offered the Foreign Ministry, but reserved his reply until he defends his position freely at the Congress of the Socialist Party now in session to discuss the participation of the Socialists in the new Cabinet.

M. Louis Pierard is expected to be appointed Unemployment Minister. If both M. Spaak and M. Pierard are in the Cabinet, the number of Socialists participating will be brought to five.—Havas.

Polish-Rumanian Talks On Russia Held

Soviet Troops Unwelcome But Aerial Aid Possible

Cracow, Apr. 17.

Colonel Joseph Beck, the Polish Foreign Minister, was at the railway platform here at 11 a.m. today to welcome M. Gregor Gafencu, the Rumanian Foreign Minister who is passing through Poland on his way to Berlin. Colonel Beck boarded the train and will accompany M. Gafencu till the train reaches Katowice. During this journey, which will last 1½ hours, the two statesmen will exchange views regarding the latest decisions taken by their respective Governments on the eve of M. Gafencu's visits to Berlin, London, Paris, and Rome.

Well-informed circles believe the two Foreign Ministers will discuss chiefly the attitude of their countries towards Soviet Russia if a mutual assistance pact is signed linking London, Paris, and Moscow.

Polish authoritative quarters have so far been opposed to allowing Soviet troops to cross Polish territory but now admit that the Polish Government would not refuse permission for Soviet planes to fly over Polish territory in a general conflict in which Poland and Soviet Russia would both be fighting against Germany, and in which the Soviet Government would assist the Western Powers in accordance with previously-concluded agreements.—Havas.

Hungarian Statesmen Leave for Rome

Budapest, Apr. 17.

The Hungarian Premier, Count Paul Teleki, and the Foreign Minister, Count Stephen Csaky, left by train this morning for Trieste on their way to Rome where they are to pay an official four-day visit.

The Italian Minister to Hungary, Count Vinci-Gigliucci, and several high officials of the Hungarian Foreign Ministry, are also going to Rome. Many Hungarian and Italian delegations were present at the station platform to see the statesmen off.—Havas.

"Ta Tao" Tax-Collector Murdered

Just about the time the cinema performance was beginning in the night show at the Nanking Theatre, the body of a Chinese, reported to be a junior official of the "Ta Tao Government," was found in an alleyway near the building.

The victim had been knifed in the head and chest and, it is reported that a note pinned to his clothing appeared to have come from a local patriotic organization.

Finnish Delegation Arrives in London

London, Apr. 17.

A delegation composed of forty Finnish industrialists and businessmen arrived here at 1 p.m. today. The delegation will hold important conversations with British industrial and trade quarters.—Havas.

More Italians to Be Sent to Libya

Florence, Apr. 17.

Twenty thousand Italians will be sent to Libya as colonists this year, Air Marshal Italo Balbo, Governor of Libya, confirmed in a speech here last night.—Havas.

Big Train Disaster In Bengal

Calcutta, Apr. 17.

Twenty-seven people were killed and 31 injured today when a passenger train from Dacca collided with another train at Najdia, 66 miles from Calcutta. Among the dead was Mr. B. N. Majundar, member of the Bengal Assembly.—Reuter.

Women to Aid Defence Scheme in S. Africa

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Cape Town, Apr. 17.

Women, as well as men, will take part in the defence scheme, according to a communique issued today by the Defence Department, which invites members of both sexes to offer their services.—Reuter.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

OFFICE assistant, steno-typist, required. Perfect English, Italian essential. State age, experience, salary expected. Box 2890, NCDN. -4910

WANTED by American family, experienced governess to live with family. Native language German who speaks French fluently. English not necessary. In replying state age, where born, education, experience and expected salary. Address Box 2912, NCDN. 12193

ENERGETIC salesman and saleslady for well-known radio firm required. Good prospects for right people. Apply Box 2897, NCDN. -4919

SALESGIRLS to sell attractive easy-selling writing sets. Good commission. Address Box 2893, NCDN. 12166

EXPERIENCED salesmen for electrical refrigerators, household appliances and radios. Address Box 2894, NCDN. 12166

IMPROVE your earning power by taking a correspondence course of study in bookkeeping or other commercial subjects (elementary or advanced). British School of Accountancy, 264, Kiangse Road. Telephone 14967. J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant), Principal. -3686

ENTER business fully trained, not as a beginner, in stenography, bookkeeping/elementary accountancy, typewriting, coding, filing, office routine. Rodda's Commercial College, Flat 211, 314 Hardoon Road, telephone 33164. 11758

WANTED German or Austrian, qualified pharmaceutical chemist with experience, for manufacturing. Address Box 2835, NCDN. -4820

TAKE a single or complete course at The Shanghai Business College. Quickest and easiest method to guide you to success. Past records unparalleled. Principal, S. C. Potter, F.R. Econ.S. 320 Szechuen Road. Telephone 17733. 11574

TUTOR or governess required to give lessons to British boy aged eight. Box 2777, NCDN. 12107

POSITION open for Chinese college graduate, with excellent knowledge of English, for translating Chinese into English. Address Box 2864, NCDN. -4867

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of four dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.65.

YOUNG, married stenographer, British, Cambridge Matriculation at fifteen, fluent French, experienced coding, etc. Box 2895, NCDN. -4917

INDEPENDENT, first-class ladies' dressmaker and cutter, with own model designs, desires position in ladies' dressmaking salon. Box 2887, NCDN. -4904

AUSTRIAN couple, wife secretary-stenographer, English, French, German; husband experienced assistant in gentlemen's and boys' ready-made clothes-business, seek position. Box 2889, NCDN. -4908

MECHANICAL and electrical engineer, speciality cars, tools, fuses; experienced organiser; English, French, German; wants position. Address Box 2903 NCDN. -4933

EXPERIENCED expert male stenographer, Eurasian, desires position. Perfect English, filing, etc. Salary $225. Box 2891, NCDN. -4913

STENOGRAPHER desires position. Three years office experience, good reference. Temporary engagements welcome. Address Box 2900, NCDN. -4927

CHINESE lady seeks immediate position as steno-typist. Hardworking and attentive. Reply to Box 2839, NCDN. -4824

YOUNG Viennese, babies' nurse, with certificate, seeks position; also as children's nurse, between 1-6. Address Box 2838, NCDN. -4823

CHINESE, speaking and writing English, French and German, good accountant, seeks position. Box 2539, NCDN. -4749

Educational

GERMAN lessons by experienced lady-teacher, university graduate. Teacher at local University. Thorough method for beginners and advanced. Telephone 71551 or Box 2904, NCDN. 12176

ENGLISH lessons (class) by experienced British Government qualified lady teacher, with knowledge of German. $15 monthly, 4 lessons weekly. 370/15 Rue Bourgeat. -4896

LESSONS in Gregg shorthand. In reply please state terms to Box 2898, NCDN. -4921

LEÇONS de français privées et en groupe par institutrice diplômée. Progrès garanti. Téléphoner 72928 entre 1-3 -4742

CHINESE language lessons (Shanghai, Mandarin, Cantonese) given by experienced tutor at his/pupil's home. Reasonable rates. Replies to 6 Rue Bourgeat, Passage 466. -4526

GERMAN lessons given by experienced German lady teacher. Twice weekly, $10 per month. Telephone 74393. -4222

FRENCH lessons given by young qualified lady-teacher. Shanghai references. Post Office Box 746, Telephone 18480. -4932

RUSSIAN lessons by experienced lady-teacher, at pupil's home. Any nationalities. Small remuneration. Box 2761, NCDN. -4685

GERMAN, English, Spanish, French. Grammar, conversation, English and German Gabelsberger shorthand, typewriting. Mr. Hermann Schlittner, 129 Avenue Haig, House 6, Telephone 73403. -4190

LEARN to play the Hawaiian steel guitar by ear. Twice weekly, $12 monthly, at pupil's home. Box 2873, NCDN. -4879

Personal

ATTRACTIVE lady, quiet habits, wishes to meet a good, intelligent, sympathetic man with good position, age does not matter. Serious reply. For friendship. Address Box 2911, NCDN. -4939

RUSSIAN woman, 33 years old, very lonesome, wants to meet a gentleman for friendship. Telephone 76347, Room 2. -4929

For Sale—Miscellaneous

STEEL filing cabinet $85. Two large imported fire extinguishers at $15. Pingpong table $13. Motorcar radio $50. Vecto heater $160. Box 2888, NCDN. -4907

ASSORTED cut glassware at half price. For sale at 257 Honan Road. The China Chemical Works, Ltd. -4906

LIGHT wool dresses for Spring. Exclusive models from best manufacturers in Vienna. Sports suits, dresses, all sizes. Telephone 76265. Apartment E2, 3/1248 Lafayette. -4915

FOR SALE, National H.R.O. JR. communication type receiver, complete with coils and power pack. $450 or nearest offer. Address Box 2899, NCDN. -4925

REMARKABLE economy in postage by using our special airmail paper. Five sheets with envelope weigh five grams; twelve sheets with envelope, ten grams. K. G. Nair, 131 Museum Road, telephone 12164. -4924

NICK'S second-hand furniture store. Buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects, 146A Route des Sœurs (inside). Telephone 73937. -4121

STAMPS. For the connoisseur we have rare sets and singles, hard-to-get philatelic material. Complete satisfaction guaranteed. Mercury Stamp Co., 1237 Avenue Road. -3907

FOR SALE, several electric motors, second-hand, 0,5-25 h.p., 350 voltage, a.c. Box 2760, NCDN. -4681

STOCKINGS. McCallum's, Kayser, Misionknit, 9½-10, $4.75. Van Raalte, $5.50. Service weight, $2.60. Lisle, $1.85. Razon's, Central Road. 11854

ICE plant for sale or rent, daily output 18 tons, particulars refer to Box 2707, NCDN. 12088

FOR SALE, one electric motor, 15 h.p. 350/605 voltage, 950 r.p.m. Best condition. Tested by General Electric, newly overhauled, $380. Box 2850, NCDN. -4845

TRY American beer at greatly reduced prices, Pabst, Schlitz, Budweiser, 24 tins or 24 bottles per carton c.o.d. $10. 97 Yuen Ming Yuen, Room 105, Telephone 15584, 9-12 and 2-5 p.m. -4505

X-STITCH 54-in. tea-sets, $2.25; 72 x 90-in. dinner-sets, $6.70; 17 pcs. luncheon sets, $6.70; guest towels 25 cents. Lace and Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 12134

SHIRTS and pyjamas made to measure. Genuine silk and English materials, from $6.50. Razon's, Central Road. 11811

LADIES', girls' American shoes, new Spring arrivals. Final clearance 1938 from $10. Hollywood Shoe Store in Freedom's, 843 Bubbling Well. 12063

Business Opportunities

PARTNERSHIP and capital available through General Investment Co., 120 Jinkee Road, 2nd floor. -4792

FOR SALE, restaurant Avenue Edward VII proving important monthly profit. Pharmacy, French Concession, reasonable price. Land on Monument Road, 5 mows 251 Tu Di Seng registration, convenient for farming. Apply to Shanghai International Agency, 33 Szechuen Road, Room 402. -4710

PARTNERSHIP and capital available for sound business proposition. Reply giving general outline of proposition to Box 2781, NCDN. -4724

RELIABLE buyer wanted to purchase an apartment of 2-5 rooms and a flat of 5-12 rooms. Telephone 76754. -4894

SAFE Investment at 12% p.a. with responsible possible position if required. Full particulars to serious enquirers only from Box 2882 NCDN. -4892

FOR SALE, complete dental office. International Settlement, with equipment, laboratory, in three-roomed furnished apartment with existing permanent clientele. Owner leaving Shanghai. Telephone 78499. -4605

Miscellaneous

BOUGHT and sold at best prices, furniture, household and office equipment, refrigerators, etc. Gustay Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -4500

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED: modern-style piano and radio in perfect condition. State particulars, price to Box 2886, NCDN. -4901

WANTED one or two Simmons beds, Slumber King, 3-ft. x 6-in., preferably with hair mattresses. Address Box 2905, NCDN. -4937

CASH offered for bedroom suites or other household furniture. No dealers. Address Box 2870, NCDN. -4875

WANTED Leica III-B with F2 or F1.5 Lens and Contax III with F1.5 Lens. Lowest prices please to Box 2883, NCDN. -4890

Radios

FOR reliable, prompt and guaranteed radio service, telephone 37220, Radio City Service, 1249 Bubbling Well Road. All servicing by American and European engineers. -3813

"CONTRACT Service" prevents radio troubles before they develop. For details, call 86964. Radio Corporation of Asia. -4455

WE carry complete line of RCA-Victor Radios in stock, Phone 86964 for free demonstration. Radio Corporation of Asia. -4456

RADIO O.K.? For minor repairs, balancing, cleaning, $2 only. Telephone 85879, Chang's Radio Corporation, 586 Joffre. -4793

RADIOS promptly repaired. Telephone 13750. Ask for Mr. Stewart. Complete service Philco, Zenith, Westinghouse, all leading makes. Oldest, best equipped in Shanghai. American Radio Equipment Co. 11817

Animals

IF your pony should die would you be compensated? For pony insurance apply to Hugh Middleton & Co. 45 Kiukiang Road. 11924

FOR SALE to good foreign home, thoroughbred Sealyham, male, year old. Telephone 78667. 12107

Houses and Land

FOR SALE: apartment building with title deed land, French Concession. $90,000. Excellent investment. No brokers. Box 2896, NCDN. -4918

Unfurnished Houses

FIVE-roomed house with garden, 1770 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 16437. 12177

Offices, Shops, Godowns

GODOWN to let, May 1. Central district between Kiukiang and Nanking Roads. Address Boyes, Bassett, Ltd., 215 Nanking Road. 12178

WANTED 800/1,000 sq. ft. for office and show-room. Box 2863, NCDN. -4861

TO LET, part of office in central district, big airy room. Box 2744, NCDN. -4985

TO LET, large and small modern office space in the Chartered Bank Building, 18 The Bund. Space arranged to suit tenants' requirements. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, Chartered Bank Building. Telephone 15874. 11814

FURNISHED office-room to let. No deposit. Down town. Address Post Office Box 746 or telephone 14060. -4596

Lost

LOST, Customs stamped delivery order No. 3389 covering two cases quinine, ex ss. Temeraire, B/L No. 39 marked C B 19/9 in diamond, Shanghai No. 309/310. Same is hereby declared null and void. Melchers & Co. -4718

LOST delivery order for 2120 tons wheat ex the ms. BIRCHBANK dated March 20, 1939, and stamped by the Customs. Same is hereby declared null and void. Herlofson, Gordon & Reeves. -4709

LOST: One G/order H No. 04010, One B/L 119/3, ex ss. Ramses, marks M. Y. Co./4835 No. 1, for Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf and one of W.F.T.'s Cheque Book are hereby declared null and void. Maiwo Yang & Co. -4865

Motor Cars and Cycles

FORD 1931 convertible coupe, excellent condition, $900 or nearest. Or would exchange for 4-seater small sedan. Address Box 2909, NCDN. 12180

VAUXHALL 25 sedan de luxe, 6-cylinder, late model, little used. Perfect condition. Accept best offer around $4,500. Cash. Owner leaving. Box 2901, NCDN. -4930

FOR SALE: Erskine Light Six, 4-door sedan. Only one owner since new. Excellent condition, reliable and economical. Owner leaving. Address Box 2913, NCDN. -4941

STANDARD Little Nine saloon for sale, $1,500, or exchange for larger car. Telephone 50913. -4927

BUICK coupe, 8-cylinders, 28,000 miles. Good condition. $1,750 or near offer. Telephone 13199. 12167

CHEVROLET 5-seater sedan, model 1936, excellent condition, very little used, bargain; address Box 2688, NCDN. 12163

WILL buy European make closed car, not older than 1936 and up to 14 h.p., in good condition only. Address Box 2674, NCDN. -4829

NASH 1939 (air-conditioned), for full particulars write or telephone Sino-American Syndicate 313 Liza Building, 346 Szechuen Road, Telephone 17141. -4581

BABY Austin 7 touring, in good running order. Most economical. Sacrifice $550 or near offer. Address Box 2780, NCDN. 12112

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford and Lincoln dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 11816

FOR SALE 16/6 Austin drop-head coupe, large dickey 1929. Owner-driven, thoroughly reliable $1,200 cash. Telephone 22543. -4809

1935 MORRIS, 8 h.p., 4 door de luxe sedan, good condition, $2,800. Box 2881, NCDN. -4891

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -4660

FORD V8 luxe coupe, 1937, practically new. US$700. Telephone 72153 or Box 2847, NCDN. -4838

Chinese Servants

CAN any foreigner recommend first-class Ningpo house-boy? Cook-boys need not apply. Address Box 2910, NCDN, or telephone 22792. 12179

COOK-BOY, has been working for English family, clean, honest, seeks position. Address Box 2885, NCDN. -4896

ADVERTISER can recommend very good cook and coolie. Telephone Lambe, Park Hotel, Room 1301. 12168

GOOD cook-boy, plain cook, highly recommended, speaks English very well, hardworking, clean, honest. Box 2825, NCDN. -4797

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). The one and only with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. -4589

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency! Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -4584

Dancing

MISS Lilian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -4589

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, 10-7 p.m., 153 Nanking Road, Flat A2, fourth floor, Room 401. Telephone 12160. -4688

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30. Second Floor. 11818

Furnished Apartments

FURNISHED one-roomed apartment, no heating, cheap rent, best residential/business centre, including china and linen. 1074/2 Bubbling Well Road. -4897

TO LET from about middle June (to responsible party) for three months, four-roomed apartment in French Concession, nice garden and verandah. Address Box 2908, NCDN. 12194

THREE-roomed furnished apartment, all conveniences, Ferguson/Joffre. Rent $150, available immediately. To be taken over $1,650. Telephone 76592 tiffin hours or Box 2853, NCDN. -4851

TO LET, rooms, flats, houses, furnished/unfurnished, shops. General Investment Co., 120 Jinkee Road, 2nd floor. -4792

TO LET, Bijou Apartments, 278 Hardoon Road, steamheated one and two roomed apartments, furnished or unfurnished with bath and kitchenette. Independent entrances. Apply Caretaker or Telephone 34477. 11898

CENTRE Bubbling Well, 8th floor, bright, large, four-roomed apartment, two bathrooms, open balcony. Rent $340. Furniture $3,000. Responsible people only. Box 2826, NCDN. -4798

Unfurnished Apartments

BUSINESS centre, 6th floor, modern building, two bright, airy rooms, kitchenette and separate verandah, $175. Telephone 18938. -4935

TO LET: one-roomed apartment, with kitchen, bathroom, boxroom. Cheap rent. 542 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 65. See from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. -4920

TWO-roomed flat, large south verandah to let, unfurnished/furnished; part furnishings, $500. Bubbling Well district. Address Box 2778, NCDN. -4717

CAPITOL Building to let single-room apartment with kitchenette and bathroom. Apply S. E. Shahmoon & Co., 83 Peking Road, Telephone 16722. 12141

Furnished Houses

HOUSE in western district, eight rooms, well-furnished, two bathrooms, servants' quarters, garage, garden with green-house, from June 1 for five months. Address Box 2753, NCDN. -4658

Wanted to Rent

BRITISH couple require fully-furnished 2½/3-roomed apartment, in modern building. Rent limit $200. Address Box 2906, NCDN. -4936

BRITISH couple require two/three-roomed flat with board in private home. Must be modern house or apartment building. Address Box 2907, NCDN. -4938

QUIET bachelor seeks a little room, furnished, near Szechuen Road, from April 25. Address Post Office Bor 1131. -4905

WANTED to rent, two rooms with use of kitchen. French Concession. Box 2902, NCDN. -4932

THE British military authorities require a fully-furnished house in the western district of the International Settlement (within the Defence Perimeter) for three years or lesser period from June 1, 1939. Requirements (minimum):—3 double bedrooms, 2 single bedrooms, 3 sitting rooms, servants' quarters, kitchen and usual offices, etc., garden and garage. Replies to O.C., R.A.S.C., Ash Camp, 61, Great Western Road, stating rent required. 12172

WANTED: from end October, furnished house or apartment, situated preferably in French Concession, with 5-7 rooms, garage and servants' quarters. Address Box 2892, NCDN, details including price. 12165

RESPONSIBLE, well-known, young married couple require a furnished three-roomed flat, from the middle of July or beginning of August, for five to six months. Undoubted references. Box 2814, NCDN. 12135

UNFURNISHED house, five or more rooms with garage and servants' quarters. Not in French Concession. Address Box 2851, NCDN. -4846

WANTED furnished apartment or house, willing pay best price for furniture and key-money. Telephone 74850. -4066

Shirts and Pyjamas

Made to Order

Garments of expert cut and workmanship in Tootal, Wemco, Tricoline, Silk, and Crêpe fabrics.

Variety of shades and patterns for choice.

EAGLESON

1037 Bubbling Well Road

Rooms Without Board

FLAT and rooms to let. Apply Route des Soeurs, 118 Passage, House 2, Apartment 3. -4940

TO LET, two rooms with private bathroom, steamheating, garden. Quiet and cool residence, French Concession. Telephone 78056, from 9-12. -4934

WELL-furnished room in modern apartment, French Concession. For appointment telephone 85264, during office hours. -4902

SINGLE room, furnished, to let. Also 3-roomed flat with bathroom. Yu Yuen Road. Telephone 23367, tiffin time. -4899

FURNISHED room in private apartment, all modern conveniences. Vacant May 1. Avenue Road. Telephone 38658. -4914

LARGE airy room, comfortably furnished in modern apartment house, Race Course district, with modern conveniences, preferably with board. Reply telephone 32562 before noon. -4843

COMFORTABLY furnished rooms for men. Club facilities. Navy Y.M.C.A. 11895

Rooms with Board

CHELSEA House, 830 Bubbling Well Road. Available May 1, one well-furnished double-room/one single room with private bathroom attached. Garden and tennis court. Reasonable rates. Telephone 37231. -4909

IN private British family, for paying guest, nicely furnished single room, private bathroom, steam heating, full board. Vicinity French Club. Telephone 71001. -4923

FLAT, suitable for family. Also rooms. Full board. 388 Frelupt. Bus 22. Quiet locality. Foreigners only. -4884

KINGSCLERE, 30 Weihaiwei Road, available May 1, small bungalow, also double room. -4814

Summer Resorts

EASTCLIFF Hotel, Weihaiwei. A few rooms still available. Ideal situation. Tennis, private beach. Foreign supervision. Special catering invalids and children. Resident foreign doctor. Telegraphic address: Eastcliff, Weihaiwei. -4916

TSINGTAO, Whitehouse, 20 Huei Chuen Road, British guest house, ideal location, close to German and Strand beaches. Good food and attendance. Proprietress (Mrs.) C.M. Marks. 12169

TTO LET: Temple Bay, Peitaiho. Hartsease: double-storey, two single, two double bedrooms, dining-room, sitting-room, excellent kitchen, garden, one minute British Embassy. Pengarth: one single, two double bedrooms, large dining-room, big verandah. Both houses: fully-screened, well-furnished, one well, four minutes sea. Rent Tientsin $550. Apply Cullen, Tientsin Anglo-Chinese College. 12164

WANT a beach bungalow at lovely Peitaiho? All particulars from "Eastham", "The Peitaiho Agency", States Hotel, Tientsin. 11999

BEL-AIR Hostelry, French pension, Iltis Huk, Tsingtao. Lovely surroundings, one minute to beach. Mme Desroches, Telephone 72398 during noon, or write 373 Avenue Roi Albert. -4934

STRAND Hotel, Peitaiho-Beach. Opens June. For accommodation apply Mrs. M. Lisske, 10 Canal Road, Tientsin. 11482

Old Floors Made To Look Like New

G. H. PARKES & CO.

TELEPHONE 72245

"Deficiency of information in Japanese English-language newspapers is completed very successfully by an English newspaper in Kobe **The Japan Chronicle** . . on its pages can often be found criticisms of the political and economic actions of the Japanese Government and various other information which gives the opportunity to observe and to analyse the Japanese economic situation. In addition to the usual material obtainable from all the Japanese English-language newspapers. The **Japan Chronicle** gives a very detailed and comprehensive review of the foreign trade of Japan. It regularly prints statistics pertaining to Japanese exports and the state of the home market." — *Extracts from U.S.S.R. Chamber of Commerce Journal.*

"The Japan Chronicle"
DAILY AND WEEKLY
Head Office: 65 Naniwa Machi, Kobe

THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

Classified Advertisement Order Form

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Signature and Address .....
(not for publication)
.....

One insertion per word .. .. *8 cts.*
Three insertions, each, per word 6 cts.
Seven or more " " 5 cts.
Front page " " 15 cts.
Minimum of 16 words each
POSITIONS WANTED *4 cents a word for any number of insertions on back page; front page 10 cents a word. Payable strictly in advance.*

No. of insertions .....
Heading .....
Cash enclosed .....